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DAGGETT

AND

ALLIED FAMILIES

GENEALOGICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL



Prepared and Privately Printed for

AMELIA DAGGETT SHEFFIELD

THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL SOCIETY, Inc.
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Dogget
(Daggett)

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DEDICATION

In Memory of Her Parents

John Daggett

and

Nancy McClellan (Boomer) Daggett

Whose Lives, Passed in Usefulness and Honor, Have Served Throughout the Years as Inspiration and Guide,

This Volume is Dedicated by

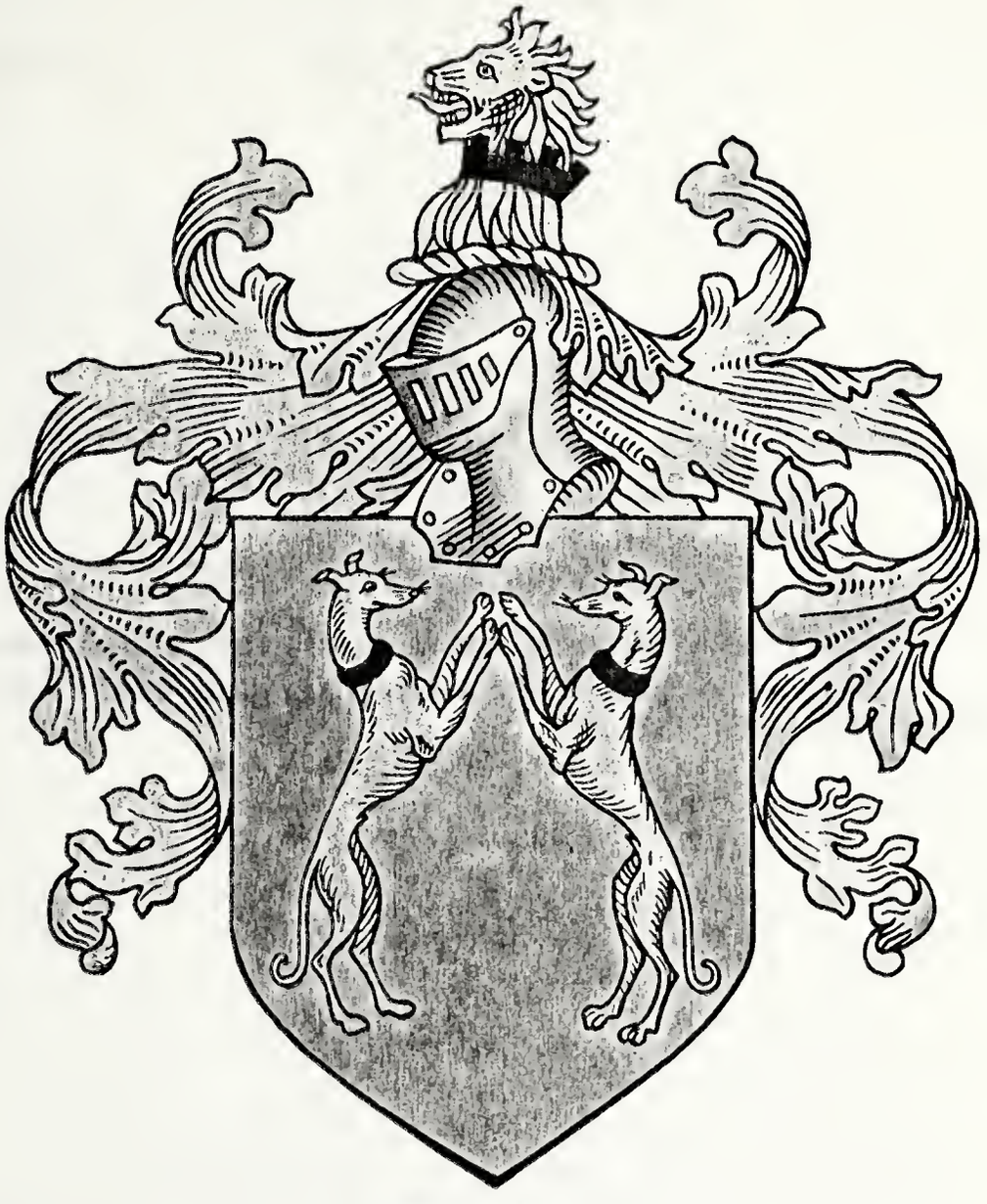
Amelia Daggett Sheffield

Rec'd Sept 11-1978



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Dogget
(Daggett)

DOGGET (DAGGETT) ARMS

Arms—Gules, two greyhounds saliant combatant or, collared sable.
Crest—A lion's head or, gorged with a mural coronet sable.

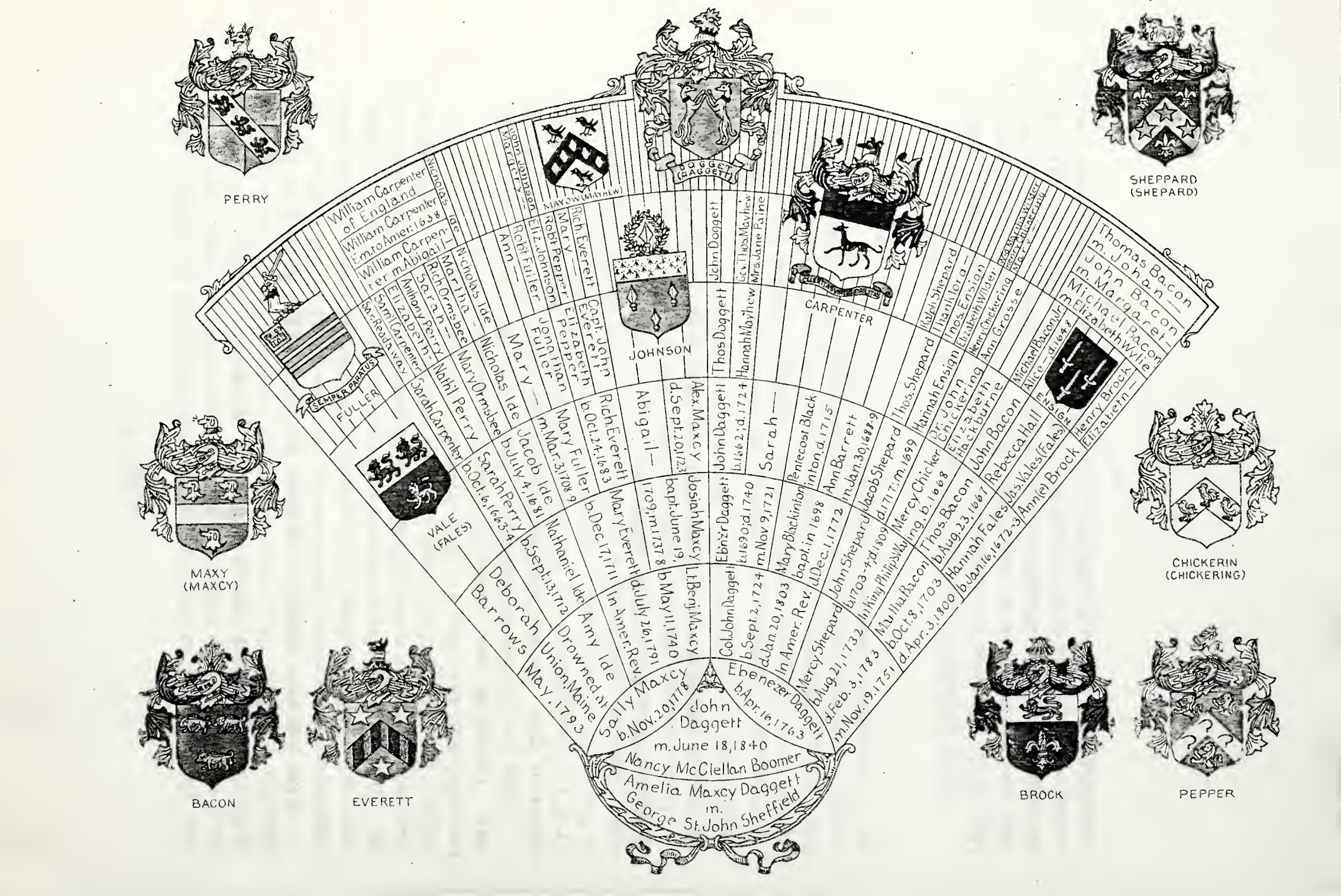
(Burke: "General Armory.")

Daggett

DAGGETT is an old English name, the prevalence of which indicates that it probably had its origin in a personal name. In all probability it is the Thurgod of the Domesday Book, found early as Toged, now Toogood. In the same way Doget became Doggett, Dugget, Dugood, Duguid, Dochet, Dogget, and Dogood. Families of the name were established in the counties of Yorkshire, Cambridge, Oxford, Kent, Somerset, Norfolk and Suffolk. The ancestral branch of the family to which John Doggett, of New England, belonged, was established in Suffolk in 1526, the head of the family at that time being Richard Doggett, a wealthy inhabitant of Groton, County Suffolk. From him the line carried through John, William, to John of Boxford, understood to be the John Doggett who went with John Winthrop to New England in 1630.

Many of the descendants of John Doggett, the immigrant ancestor, settled in Attleborough, Massachusetts, and they have for generations been intimately associated with life in this town. In Connecticut, also, the family has been prominent. Among its distinguished members was Judge David Daggett, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Connecticut.

DAVID DAGGETT was born at Attleborough, Massachusetts, December 31, 1764, and died at New Haven, Connecticut, April 12, 1851. He was the son of Thomas and Sibulah (Stanley) Daggett. He resided in Attleborough until the fall of 1779; graduated from Yale in 1783 with high honor and, when he received his master's degree (M. A.) he gave an oration of such marked excellence that it received the honor—quite unusual in that day—of publication. After college he studied law, was admitted to the bar of New Haven County, Connecticut, at the age of twenty-one, and at once began practice. In 1791 he was chosen as representative in the General Assembly and was reëlected six times,


PERRY
SHEPPARD (SHEPARD)
MAXY (MAXCY)
CHICKERIN (CHICKERING)
BACON
EVERETT
BROCK
PEPPER
DAGGETT
MAYOW (MAYHEW)
JOHNSON
CARPENTER
FULLER
VALE (FALES)
SEMPER PARATUS
ENSIGN
William Carpenter of England
William Carpenter Em. to Amer. 1638
William Carpenter m. Abigail —
Nicholas Ide
John Johnson
Margery —
Elizabeth Johnson
Robt Fuller
Ann —
Robt Pepper
Mary —
Rich. Everett
Capt. John Everett
Elizabeth Pepper
Jonathan Fuller
Mary —
Nicholas Ide
Martha —
Rich. Ormsbee
Mary Ormsbee
Jacob Ide
b. July 4, 1681
Sarah Perry
b. Oct. 6, 1643-4
b. Sept. 13, 1672
Deborah Barrows
Nathaniel Ide
Drowned at Union, Maine
May, 1793
Amy Ide
Sally Maxcy
b. Nov. 20, 1778
Nicholas Ide
Martha —
Rich. Ormsbee
Sarah —
Anthony Perry
Elizabeth —
Sam'l Carpenter
Sar. Readway
Nathl Perry
Sarah Carpenter
Mary Fuller
m. Mar. 31, 1708-9
Rich. Everett
b. Oct. 24, 1683
Mary Everett
b. Dec. 17, 1711
In Amer. Rev.
d. July 26, 1791
Josiah Maxcy
Lt. Benj. Maxcy
b May 11, 1740
Col. John Daggett
b Sept. 2, 1724
d. Jan. 20, 1803
In Amer. Rev.
Ebenezer Daggett
b. Apr. 16, 1763
John Daggett
m. June 18, 1840
Nancy McClellan Boomer
Amelia Maxcy Daggett
m.
George St. John Sheffield
John Daggett
Thos Daggett
Hannah Mayhew
Alex. Maxcy
d. Sept. 20, 1723
Abigail —
bapt. June 19, 1709
m. 1737 8
John Daggett
b. 1662; d. 1724
Ebnizr Daggett
b. 1690; d. 1740
m. Nov. 9, 1721
Mary Blackinton
bapt. in 1698
d. Dec. 1, 1772
John Shepard
b. 1703-4; d. 1809
Mercy Shepard
b. Aug. 21, 1732
d. Feb. 3, 1783
m. Nov. 19, 1751
Gov Thos. Mayhew
Mrs. Jane Paine
Thos Daggett
Hannah Mayhew
Sarah —
Pentecost Black
linton. d. 1715
Ann Barrett
m. Jan. 30, 1688-9
Thos. Shepard
d. 1717; m. 1699
Mercy Chicker
b. 1668
Thos. Bacon
b. Aug. 23, 1667
Hannah Fales
b. Jan. 16, 1672-3
Ralph Shepard
Thankful Ensign
Hannah Ensign
Dr. John Chickering
Elizabeth Hackburne
John Bacon
Rebecca Hall
Jas. Vales (Fales)
Ann(e) Brock
Thos. Ensign
Elizabeth Wilder
Henry Chickering
Ann Grosse
Michael Bacon Jnr.
Alice — d. 1694
Henry Brock
Elizabeth —
Thomas Bacon
m. Johan —
John Bacon
m. Margaret —
Michael Bacon
m. Elizabeth Wylie

after which, in 1797, he was transferred to the Senate, and was chosen a member of the Council. He resigned in 1804, but was elected in 1805 to the House of Representatives and was again chosen a member of the Upper House and held office until May, 1813, when he resigned to become United States Senator.

After this term expired he resumed law practice, and in 1824 he became associate instructor of the Law School in New Haven and in 1826 the Kent professor of law in Yale College. He continued these positions until a very advanced age. In 1826 Yale College conferred the degree of LL. D. upon him. In May, 1826, he was made an associate judge of the Superior Court of Connecticut, and six years later (May, 1832) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. He continued this office until December 31, 1834, when he reached the age limit of seventy years. During the years 1828-29 he also served as mayor of New Haven.

Judge Daggett was married twice; (first) to Wealthy Ann Munson, on September 10, 1786. She was born March 3, 1767, and died July 9, 1839, the daughter of Dr. Eneas Munson, of New Haven, Connecticut. He married (second), on May 4, 1840, Mary Lines, the daughter of Major and Susanna (Mansfield) Lines. She was born March 31, 1788, and died December 26, 1854. He had nineteen children, five of whom died young.

Other Daggetts who have rendered distinguished public service are Naphtali Daggett, president of Yale University, and John Daggett, "The Historian of Attleborough." Further mention of them will be found below.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." Daggett: "A History of the Daggett Family," pp. 4-5. Muskett: "Suffolk Manorial Families," p. 344. Doggett, S. B.: "History of the Doggett-Daggett Family," pp. 153-56. "National Cyclopedia of American Biography," Vol. IV, p. 31. "Appleton: "Cyclopedia of American Biography," p. 53.)

I

JOHN DOGGETT was born in England and died in Massachusetts, in May, 1673. He came to this country with Governor John Winthrop's fleet in 1630, and was a proprietor and original settler of Watertown, Massachusetts. His name is on the list of applicants for admission as freeman, October 19, 1630, and he was one of the first of those who took the oath on May 18, 1631. His homestead in Watertown contained about fifteen acres adjoining Fresh Pond,

and his entire grant of land included eighty acres. He seems to have been actively engaged with Governor Mayhew, who was then a resident of Watertown, in getting up a company to occupy Martha's Vineyard, and about 1648 he removed to that island. He settled at Edgartown, and is said to have been intimately associated with the Mayhews in the government of the colony, as were many of his descendants.

John Doggett's first wife's name is not known, but they had five children, all except the first probably born in Watertown. He married (second), August 29, 1667, at Plymouth, Bathsheba Pratt, a widow, and he apparently spent most of the rest of his life in that town.

Child:

1. *Thomas,* of whom further.

(Daggett: "History of Attleborough," pp. 7-8.)

II

THOMAS DOGGETT or DAGGETT, son of John Doggett and his first wife, died between the middle of March and the middle of September, 1691. It is said that he changed the spelling of the family name to Daggett, but probably not until near the end of his life. He was clerk and later justice of the county courts, his prominence in the affairs of the island being partly due to the fact that he had married the favorite daughter of Governor Mayhew. The latter speaks of him in a letter to Governor Winthrop as "my son Doggett, that hath more *language* than any other Englishman upon the Island, and is a considerable young man." At the time of his marriage Thomas Doggett promised that whatever his wife received from her father should be hers to do with as she liked; and the records of Dukes and Bristol counties contain many references to transfer of land by Thomas and Hannah Doggett.

Thomas Doggett married Hannah Mayhew. (Mayhew II.)

Children:

1. Thomas, born about 1658.
2. Samuel, born about 1660, died February 26, 1717-18.
3. *John,* of whom further.
4. Joshua, born about 1664.

5. Jemima, born in 1666; married, November 27, 1682, Thomas Butler.
6. Mary, born in 1668; married, about 1693, Jeremiah Howe.
7. Patience, born in 1670; married, April 11, 1695, Samuel Annable.
8. Martha, born in 1672; married, May 25, 1695, John Crane.
9. Israel, born in 1674; married, January 31, 1701, Ruth Norton.
10. Ruth, born in 1676; married, November 11, 1696, Nathaniel Bacon.

(*Ibid.* Banks: "History of Martha's Vineyard," Vol. III, pp. 127, 441. Doggett, S. B.: "History of the Doggett-Daggett Family," pp. 83-84.)

III

DEACON JOHN (2) DAGGETT, son of Thomas and Hannah (Mayhew) Doggett or Daggett, was probably born in Edgartown in 1662, and died September 7, 1724. After his marriage he settled in Chilmark (or Prudence, a part of Tisbury), and owned property there, which it is said he sold in 1711 for £300, a considerable sum for that day. In the same year he bought the Woodcock Garrison House and several hundred acres of land in Attleborough, removing to that town in 1711 or 1712. His eldest son, Mayhew Daggett, had preceded him to Attleborough. John Daggett became an innkeeper in the old Garrison House, and soon became interested in town and church affairs. His lands being located on the road from Boston to Rhode Island, and his tavern a convenient stopping place *en route,* he soon became well known, not only to the people of Attleborough, but to all travelers between Boston and Rhode Island. He became a deacon, and was a representative to the General Court. In 1722 he sold his inn property, and two years later, on September 7, 1724, he died. He was buried in the old "Hatch burying ground." He married Sarah.

Among his children were:

1. *Ebenezer,* of whom further.

(Daggett: "History of Attleborough," p. 9.)

IV

EBENEZER DAGGETT, son of Deacon John and Sarah Daggett, was born in Martha's Vineyard, August 29, 1690, and died in Attleborough, August 30, 1740. It was he who bought the farm on the East Bay Road, leading from

Bristol and Providence to Boston, which was long known as "the old Daggett place." He is spoken of as husbandman, tanner, and inn-holder. The sign of the old inn, with its royal crown of England, and date of 1725, was preserved by descendants as a curious memorial of the olden days. It is now owned by the Attleboro Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and is in their Chapter House.

Ebenezer Daggett married, November 9, 1721, Mary Blackinton. (Blackinton II.)

Children:

1. *John,* of whom further.
2. *Reverend Naphtali,* of whom further. (*Ibid.,* pp. 9-10, 454.)

V

REVEREND NAPHTALI DAGGETT, son of Ebenezer and Mary (Blackinton) Daggett, was born at Attleborough, Massachusetts, September 8, 1727, and died at New Haven, Connecticut, November 25, 1780.

His father died while he was young, but his mother gave him excellent training; he soon began studies preparatory to Yale and graduated from that institution in 1748. He settled as minister of Smithtown, Long Island, in 1751, and four years later was elected first Professor of Divinity in Yale. He held this position for life. After resignation of Mr. Clap in 1766, he officiated as president of Yale for eleven years.

Dr. Daggett was very active in the Colonial cause both by his speeches and writings; after the crisis came, he put his principles into action, shouldered his musket and saw active service. He was taken prisoner by the British and very shamefully treated; he bore all this with great dignity but died from wounds received a short time after this.

Dr. Daggett presided over the university about eleven years and held the office of Professor of Divinity, twenty-five years. He was possessed of a strong, clear, and comprehensive mind and applied himself with assiduity and success to various branches of knowledge, especially to the learned languages and divinity.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale and Princeton. Dr. Holmes, in his life of President Stiles, says: "He was a good classical scholar, well versed in moral philosophy, and a learned divine."

Rev. Naphtali Daggett married, at Smithtown, Long Island, New York, December 19, 1753, Mrs. Sarah Smith. He had five sons and three daughters.

(Doggett, S. B.: "A History of the Doggett-Daggett Family," pp. 112-21. Appleton: "Cyclopedia of American Biography," Vol. II, p. 43. "National Cyclopedia of American Biography," Vol. I, pp. 166-67.)

V

COLONEL JOHN (3) DAGGETT, son of Ebenezer and Mary (Blackinton) Daggett, was born September 2, 1724, and died January 20, 1803. He represented Attleborough at the General Court of Massachusetts from 1768 to 1776, and again in 1780. Previous to the Revolution he also served as a justice of the peace. During the events which led up to the Revolution he maintained a firm stand in favor of upholding the liberties of the American Colonists, and throughout the war was a strong supporter of the cause of independence. He and Colonel May were the leading men in Attleborough at this period, and the two upon whom their fellow-citizens placed their reliance in the confusion of the time. John Daggett served on most of the town committees which were appointed at special emergencies in and after the war, and was a member of the convention of 1779, which formed the constitution of the State of Massachusetts.

In 1758 he began his military career as an ensign in the second militia company in Attleborough, and won the rank of captain by promotion in the course of the next ten years. This company then belonged to the Third Regiment of Bristol County; but about the time the Revolution commenced the regiment was divided, and the companies from the northern towns of the county were formed anew and constituted the Fourth Regiment, of which John Daggett was commissioned colonel, in February, 1776. About a year before he had made an expedition to Assonet to break up a Royalist combination which had stored ammunition in that place. Colonel Daggett commanded the Fourth Regiment in Spencer's and Sullivan's expedition on Rhode Island in 1777 and 1779.

In the "Providence Gazette" of February 5, 1803, is the following notice of him:

> He bore a long indisposition with Christian fortitude, and died in the hope of a blessed immortality. He was a very respectable citizen, and highly useful in society; he served his town for many years as a

representative to the General Court; he commanded a regiment of militia during the Revolutionary War, and sustained the office of a justice of the peace for many years to general satisfaction; he supported an unblemished character through life, and has furnished an example worthy of imitation.

(See "A History of the Doggett-Daggett Family," p. 117, Committee on U. S. Constitution.)

Colonel John Daggett married (first), November 19, 1751, Mercy Shepard, of Wrentham, who died in Attleboro, February 3, 1783 (Shepard IV); (second), August 5, 1784, Mary Tucker, of Norton.

Children of first marriage, all born in Attleborough, Massachusetts:

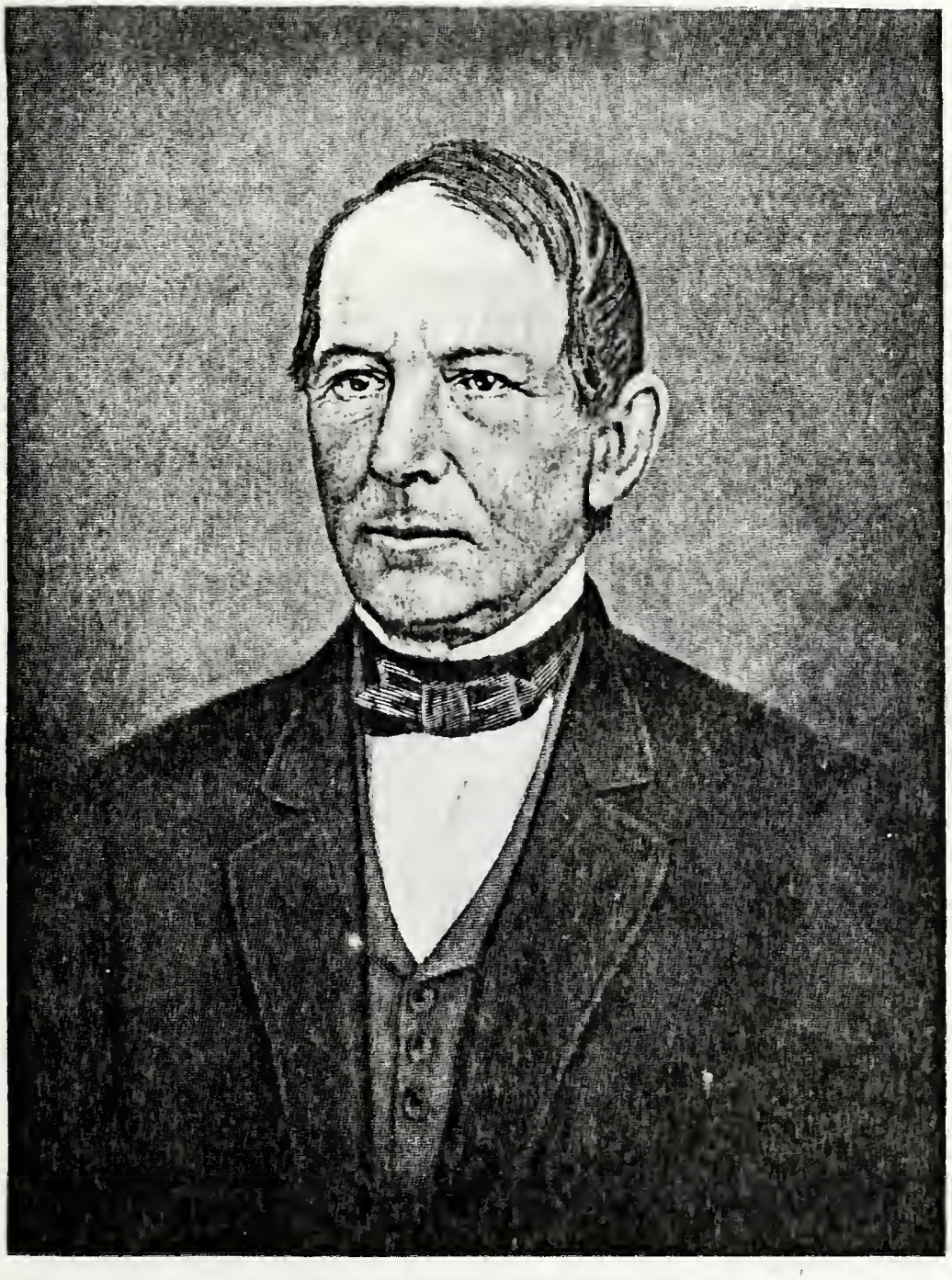
1. John, born October 1, 1752.
2. Joab, born October 19, 1754.
3. Jesse, born March 6, 1757.
4. Bathsheba, born April 28, 1759; married Zenas Cutting.
5. Marcy, born July 2, 1761.
6. *Ebenezer,* of whom further.
7. Levi, born April 4, 1766, died before 1793.
8. Hannah, born December 19, 1768.
9. Huldah, born January 27, 1771. (*Ibid.,* pp. 462-63.)

VI

EBENEZER (2) DAGGETT, son of Colonel John and Mercy (Shepard) Daggett, was born April 16, 1763, and died in Boston, Massachusetts, March 4, 1832. Attleborough has boasted few citizens whose lives were more solidly useful or more genuinely inspiring.

Mr. Daggett possessed an intelligence well above the average, which enabled him to seize upon knowledge wherever it might be found, and an innate sense of his obligations to his community directed him to apply his abilities in ways of usefulness and service. The confidence which he inspired in others made him often the arbitrator in disputes, which position he filled with kindness, tact, and justice. His charity was liberal and unassuming. What he meant to his native town is well expressed in the following tribute by the Rev. Mr. Ferguson:

He was emphatically a public man. Twenty years of his life had been occupied in superintending the interests of the town. Twice he



Yours Truly
John Daggett.



Nancy M. (Boomer) Daggett

was elected to the Senate; and perhaps no man among us had been more called upon to administer upon the estates of the deceased and to act as the guardian of the orphan. The general character which he sustained through life was that of uniformity, uprightness, and moderation. In the hottest strife of parties, although a public and decided man, he never could be regarded as a partisan. He had been an actor and in some respects a public character from the time of the Revolution; but through all the changes of the eventful times in which he lived, he continued to the last to stand forth before his fellow-citizens, in the character of an honest, upright, and consistent man. Happy would it be for our community, were our party divisions always controlled by men of equal mildness and moderation,—happy would it be for our community, did all our public men manifest an equal regard for the maintenance of order, morals, and religion.

Ebenezer Daggett married, September 3, 1797, Sally Maxcy. (Maxcy IV.) Children:

1. John, born September 9, 1800, died July 5, 1803.
2. Lydia Maxcy, born October 16, 1802, died February 2, 1882; married Capron Peck, of Attleborough.
3. *John,* of whom further.
4. Ebenezer, born May 14, 1807, died at sea, November 17, 1831.
5. Harvey Maxcy, born June 10, 1809, died September 28, 1886.
6. Ama Ide, born November 24, 1811; married John McClellan, of Sutton, Massachusetts.
7. Marcy Shepard, born January 14, 1814, died November 23, 1843; married Erastus D. Everett, of Boston.
8. Handel Naphtali (twin), born January 27, 1821, died February 27, 1894.
9. Homer Micajah (twin), born January 27, 1821, died May 16, 1909.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 494-97.)

VII

JOHN (4) DAGGETT, son of Ebenezer and Sally (Maxcy) Daggett, was born in Attleborough, Massachusetts, February 10, 1805, and died there December 13, 1885. He was brought up on the family homestead, and was from child-

hood quiet, serious, and fond of study. The illness which deprived him of a limb at the age of fourteen proved a blessing in disguise, for it settled that he should attend college and devote his life to intellectual pursuits, for which he was naturally fitted by talent and inclination. He entered Brown University in 1822, and was graduated in 1826 with high honors. His student days were among the happiest of his life, and he maintained his devotion to and keen interest in his *alma mater* throughout his career.

He studied law under the Hon. Joseph L. Tillinghast, of Providence, the Hon. J. J. Fiske, of Wrentham, and the Hon. Theron Metcalf, of Dedham. Admitted to the bar in 1829, he practiced his profession in his native town for the remainder of his life, with the exception of the years 1833-34, when he was editor of the "Dedham Patriot." He was a consulting rather than a trial lawyer, lacking the violent and partisan spirit necessary for success in the courts. Mr. Daggett's qualities of genuine worth, however, made him completely trusted by all who sought his aid. He never accepted a case which he did not believe to be in the right; he identified himself completely with the interests of his clients; he always sought to settle by arbitration rather than by litigation, and his well known fairness and integrity made him the arbiter of many disputes. He delighted in giving his services, while the collection of fees was to him a painful duty, and one which now and again his kind and self-forgetful heart induced him to neglect.

Although not ambitious for public honor, Mr. Daggett was four times elected to the State Legislature (1836, 1838, 1839, 1866), his first term being when he was only thirty-one years of age. He was a member of the Judiciary Committee in 1837, and chairman of the Committee on Railways in 1839. In 1850 he was elected to the State Senate and appointed a member of the Valuation Board. Two years later he was appointed Register of Probate and Insolvency for Bristol County, which office he filled for eleven years. No one bearing his name could have failed to take an interest in the local affairs of the town of Attleborough, and Mr. Daggett was especially interested in the question of education. He was a member of the school committee for fifteen years, chairman for much of that time, and labored long and earnestly for the advancement of public education. During the Civil War he took an active part in patriotic work in the town.

It was, however, his literary and historical labors which were the most absorbing pursuit of Mr. Daggett's life, and which furnished him with the title by which he is most often remembered, "The Historian of Attleborough." His occupation with the theme of town history dated from 1830, when, having occasion to deliver a lecture before the Attleborough Lyceum, he chose this for his subject. Finding that there was a prevailing interest in the early history of the town, he published four years later a "Sketch of the History of Attleborough." In later years he devoted much careful and painstaking work to research in his chosen field, with a view to publishing an enlarged edition of the "Sketch." He had the true antiquarian's spirit of persistence, finding no problem too large and no detail too small to engage his attention. His habits of thoroughness and accuracy made his work authoritative, while the traditions and anecdotes which he culled from old inhabitants showed the human side of history's page. He prepared the account of Attleborough in the "History of Bristol County," but was not spared to see a second edition of his own volume. After his death his daughter, Amelia Daggett Sheffield, undertook the imposing task of editing and completing the notes which he left, and in 1894 issued "A Sketch of the History of Attleborough from its Settlement to its Division." This volume, of particular interest to citizens of Attleborough, commands the attention also of all those engaged in research into the history of New England or of the Nation, as well as of those to whom the preservation of ancient traditions and hallowed memories is a sacred duty.

In 1854 the Old Colony Historical Society was formed in Taunton, Massachusetts, and two years later he was chosen its second president, continuing in that office for a period of nearly thirty years. Though during the latter part of his life advancing years and enfeebled health prevented regular attendance at meetings, the society retained him in this office until his death. In addition, for over twenty-five years, Mr. Daggett was a member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society. Though research was ever more congenial to him than authorship, yet when he chose to write he was gifted with a pleasant facility of expression. In his younger days he composed many short poems, and he did considerable editorial writing during his two years with the "Dedham Patriot." Throughout his life he was frequently called on to deliver addresses and orations, preside at meetings, and act as toastmaster at banquets, all of which functions he

performed with admirable readiness and grace. A constant reader and possessed of a remarkable memory, he had a store of information equalled by few men in his generation, and his conversation, whether on history, literature, science, or current events, was a profitable pleasure to all who heard it. He was fond of conversing with his guests, of whom there were many at the hospitable Daggett fireside, and was equally at home with the young and old, the learned and ignorant.

In his personal habits Mr. Daggett was naturally methodical, and he adhered to the principle of temperance, setting a good example himself without attempting to dictate to others. On the subject of religion he was very reserved; but the pure morality of his life was a silent but eloquent witness to the brilliance of the inner light which guided all his movements. Although he never joined the church, he attended regularly and contributed to its support. He lived in accordance with the principle of "moderation in all things," and his quiet and peaceful end, his faculties being unimpaired to the very last, was both the result and the reward of a life devoid of excess.

John Daggett married, in Sutton, Massachusetts, June 18, 1840, Nancy McClellan Boomer. (Boomer VII.)

Children, all born in Attleborough, five who lived but a short time, died in Attleborough:

1. Mary Boomer, born June 17, 1842, died September 9, 1842.
2. Marcia McClellan, born December 26, 1843, died August 19, 1854.
3. *John Mayhew,* of whom further.
4. Charles Shepard, born June 5, 1848, died June 27, 1855.
5. *Amelia Maxcy,* of whom further.
6. Henry Herman, born September 10, 1852, died August 13, 1854.
7. Herman Shepard, born September 6, 1855, died March 9, 1858.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 11-35.)

VIII

JOHN MAYHEW DAGGETT, son of John and Nancy McClellan (Boomer) Daggett, was born in Attleborough, Massachusetts, November 16, 1845, and died in Marianna, Arkansas, March 20, 1908. He fitted for college at the "old Attleborough Academy," and graduated at Brown University in 1868. He resided in Attleborough for several years, engaging in business there, remov-

ing about 1872 to Marianna, Arkansas. In that place, he was engaged as an attorney at law; postmaster for several years; was interested in real estate; acted as loan agent and was deputy clerk of Lee County for some twelve years previous to 1885. Of a special and important piece of work, which he started and continued during his life, a son, himself a leading lawyer of his city and State thus writes:

> Lee County, Arkansas, was formed by an Act of the Legislature in 1873. Father had been in the county but a short time at that date. Shortly after he located here, he went into the adjoining counties of Phillip, St. Francis and Crittenden, out of portions of which Lee was formed, and compiled a set of "abstract-books" of all the lands taken into the new county. These books are naught more than a complete history of the land titles of the county, beginning with the government title and continuing to date. These books have been continuously kept up to date by his descendants and are now in possession of John (a son of the writer and newly made lawyer), for the joint use of himself and William (a nephew), and any other descendants who enter the legal profession. We look upon them as an heirloom and propose to keep them in the family so long as any member of it is capable of handling them efficiently. They now consist, after about a half century, of 118 "take off" books, being a short "abstract" of each deed, mortgage, judgment or other instrument affecting the title to real estate that has been heretofore filed of record in this county; together with seven (7) "index books," which "show the way" to the title to each lot or subdivision of land in the county; and these "court records" which contain a verbatim copy of every judgment or decree affecting the title to real estate and the last will and testament of every person who has heretofore died intestate in the county. In other words our "abstract-books" are simply the history of land titles in this county.
>
> We estimate that in the half century which has elapsed since the books were started twelve to fifteen years of actual labor have been expended on them. It would take one man working steadily at least ten years to duplicate the work that has been done in the preparation of the books. They are "unique" in this respect that they are probably the only set of books in the State which have been handed down from generation to generation in the same family.

John Mayhew Daggett married (first), in Stonington, Connecticut, November 18, 1868, Ernestine Rose Brown, daughter of Thomas Moore and Ann Eliz-

abeth (Chapman) Brown; born in Stonington, Connecticut, March 20, 1849, died in Marianna, Arkansas, December 4, 1876; married (second), in Denton, Texas, October 14, 1879, Olive May Anderson, daughter of Jesse H. and Martha (Motley) Anderson, born in Lebanon, Tennessee, December 14, 1855, died in Marianna, Arkansas, September 25, 1898; married (third) Mrs. Hattie Dancy Bruce, widow of Rev. Dr. H. T. Bruce; she died in Marianna, Arkansas, December 28, 1912.

Children of first marriage:

1. John Mayhew, Jr., born in Attleborough, Massachusetts, December 31, 1869, died in Marianna, Arkansas, October 11, 1891.
2. Ernestine Rose, born in Attleborough, October 14, 1872, died in Attleborough, February 26, 1873.

Children of second marriage:

3. Samuel Anderson, born in Marianna, January 19, 1881, died in Marianna, August 23, 1885.
4. Jesse Boomer, born in Marianna, Arkansas, August 24, 1882; married, at Helena, Arkansas, March 26, 1907, Lyda Jackson, daughter of Joseph Haywood and Sallie B. (Moore) Jackson, born in Helena, Arkansas, August 12, 1885; children: i. Mary Jessamine, born in Marianna, April 10, 1908. ii. William Haywood, born in Marianna, November 17, 1909. iii. Jimason Jackson, born in Marianna, September 15, 1915.
5. Charles Eben, born in Marianna, April 28, 1885; married, in Kiowa, Kansas, July 19, 1905, Ruby Lockwood, daughter of Emerson Bennett and Mary Ellen (Johnson) Lockwood, born in Fall River, Kansas, December 29, 1884. Children: i. John Lockwood, born in Kiowa, Kansas, August 22, 1906. ii. Margaret Cunningham, born in Marianna, December 3, 1908. iii. Maxcyne Motley, born in Marianna, April 23, 1912. iv. Nancy Walker, born in Marianna, June 11, 1921.
6. Maxcy De Witt, born in Marianna, February 28, 1887; married, in Marianna, November 6, 1912, Mary Virginia, daughter of John Eberle and Emmie (Upshaw) Stevenson, born in Marianna, Febru-

ary 28, 1890. Children: i. Eberle Stevenson (daughter), born in Marianna, November 20, 1917. ii. Maxcy De Witt, Jr., born in Marianna, August 18, 1921.

7. Amelia, born in Marianna, April 28, 1889; married, in Marianna, June 15, 1910, Griffin Smith, born in Laurel Hill, Tennessee, July 13, 1885, son of James Robert Napoleon and Ida (Griffin) Smith. Children: i. Sheffield (daughter), born in Paragould, Arkansas, May 12, 1913. ii. Griffin, Jr., born in Paragould, October 24, 1915.
8. Olive R., born in Marianna, May 23, 1892; married, in Marianna, June 26, 1912, Chester Augustus Howard, born in Attleborough, Massachusetts, April 17, 1886, son of Walter Francis and Mary Emma (Rhodes) Howard. Their children: i. Chester Augustus, Jr., born in Brooklyn, New York, July 1, 1913. ii. Daggett Horton, born in Brooklyn, March 20, 1917. (Family data.)

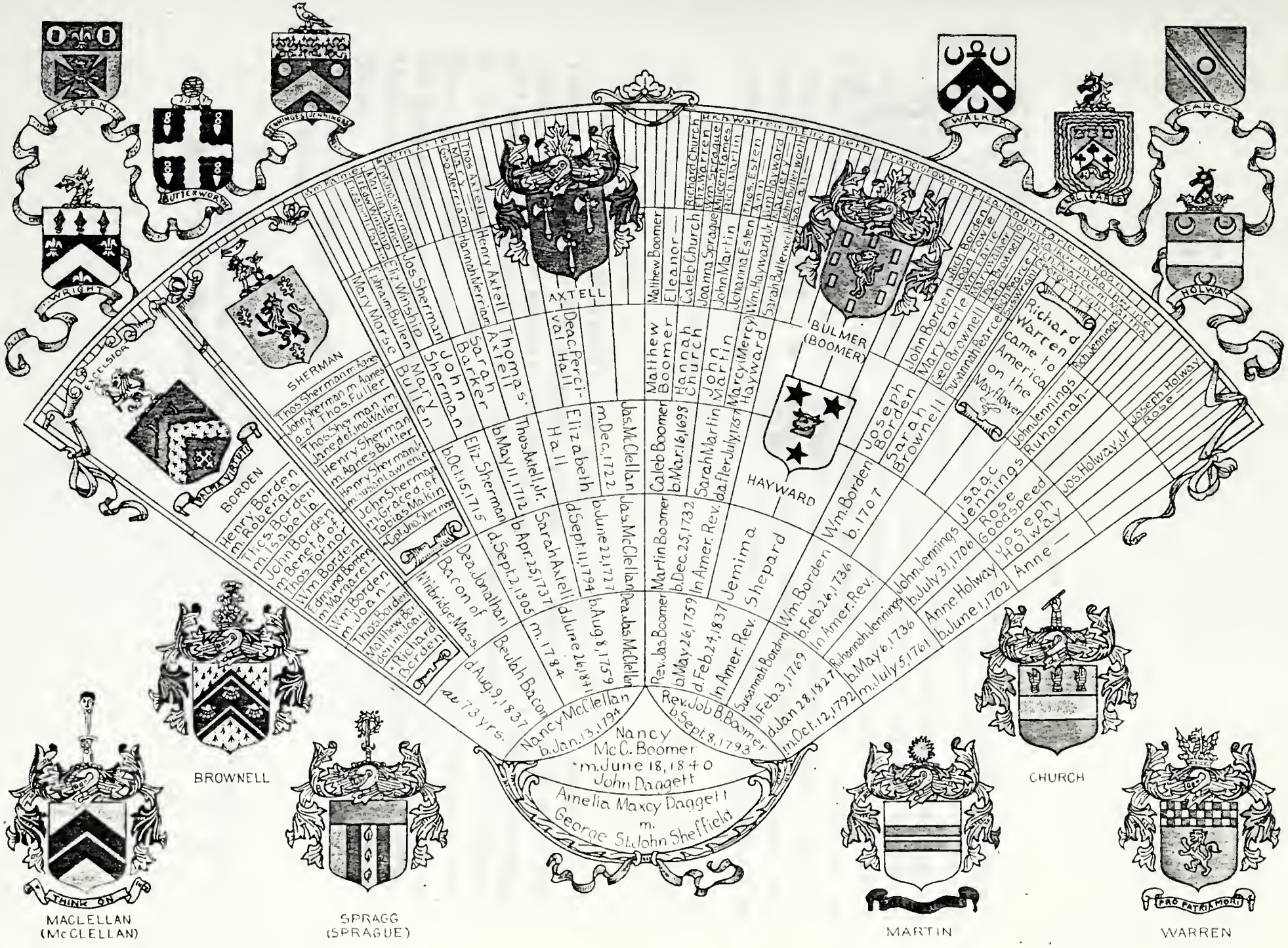
VIII

AMELIA MAXCY DAGGETT, daughter of John and Nancy McClellan (Boomer) Daggett, married, in New York City, January 10, 1878, George St. John Sheffield. (Family data.)

BULMER (BOOMER) ARMS

Arms—Gules a lion salient within an orle of billets or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")


Nancy McC. Boomer
m. June 18, 1840
John Daggett
Amelia Maxcy Daggett
m.
George St. John Sheffield
Nancy McClellan
b. Jan. 13, 1794
Rev. Job B. Boomer
b. Sept. 8, 1793
Richard Warren came to America on the Mayflower
Henry Borden m. Roberg[illegible]
Thos. Borden m. Isabella
John Borden m. Benet[illegible]
Thos. Tornor
Wm. Borden
Edmund Borden m. Margaret
Wm. Borden m. Joan
Thos. Borden
Matthew Borden m. Joan
Richard Borden
Thos. Sherman m. Agnes
John Sherman m. Agnes
Thos. Sherman m. Jane d. of Thos. Fuller
Thos. Sherman m. Jane d. of Jno. Waller
Henry Sherman m. Agnes Butler
Henry Sherman m. Susan Lawrence
John Sherman m. Grace d. of Tobias Makin
Capt. John Sherman
Mary Bullen
John Sherman
Sarah Barker
Thomas Axtell
Dea. Percival Hall
Elizabeth Hall
m. Dec. 1722
Thos. Axtell, Jr.
b. May 11, 1712
Eliz. Sherman
b. Oct. 15, 1715
Sarah Axtell
b. Apr. 25, 1737
d. Sept. 2, 1805
m. 1784
Dea. Jonathan Bacon of Uxbridge, Mass.
Beulah Bacon
d. Aug. 9, 1837
æ 73 yrs.
Jas. McClellan
Caleb Boomer
b. Mar. 16, 1698
Jas. McClellan
b. June 24, 1727
d. Sept. 11, 1794
Dea. Jas. McClellan
d. June 26, 1841
Matthew Boomer
Eleanor —
Caleb Church
Hannah Church
Sarah Martin
da. fler. July 1757
Martin Boomer
b. Dec. 25, 1732
In Amer. Rev.
Rev. Jas. Boomer
b. May 26, 1759
d. Feb. 24, 1837
In Amer. Rev.
John Martin
Marcy (Mercy) Hayward
Jemima Shepard
Susannah Borden
b. Feb. 3, 1769
d. Jan. 28, 1827
Richard Church
Eliz. Warren
Wm. Sprague
Mileent[illegible]
Richard James
Thos. Esten
Ann —
John Hayward
Sarah Butterworth
Wm. Borden
b. 1707
Wm. Borden
b. Feb. 26, 1736
In Amer. Rev.
Rukhannah Jennings
b. May 6, 1736
m. July 5, 1761
John Jennings
b. July 31, 1706
Anne Holway
b. June 1, 1702
Joseph Borden
Sarah Brownell
Isaac Jennings
Rose Goodspeed
Joseph Holway
Anne —
John Borden
Mary Earle
Geo. Brownell
Susannah Pearce
Richard Warren
John Jennings
Ruhannah —
Jos. Holway, Jr.
Joseph Holway
Rose —
Jno. Alden
Joan Rowe
Wm. Earle
Mary Walker
Thos. Brownell
Ann —
Rich. Pearce
Eliz. Warren
John Rowe
Ruth Tarkington
Jno. Alden, Jr.
Priscilla Mullins
Wm. Brewster
Mary —
Thos. Axtell
Hannah Merriam
Henry Axtell
Jos. Sherman
Eliz. Winship
Mary Morse
Ephraim Bullen
Mary —
Geo. Merriam
Jno. Winship
Jno. Palmer
Mary —
Jno. Morse
Ephraim Bullen
Mary —
Jno. Rainer
Mary —
Thos. Axtell
Mary —
Geo. Merriam
Hannah Merriam
Henry Axtell
Jos. Sherman
Eliz. Winship
Mary Morse
Ephraim Bullen
Mary —
Jno. Winship
Jno. Palmer
Mary —
Jno. Morse
Ephraim Bullen
Mary —
Jno. Rainer
Mary —
Francis Cooke m. Hester —
John Cooke m. Mary —
Francis Eaton m. Sarah —
Samuel Eaton
Mary —
Samuel Eaton
Mary —
Richard Warren m. Elizabeth —
Wm. Brewster m. Mary —
Jno. Alden m. Priscilla Mullins
Jno. Alden, Jr.
Priscilla —
Ruth Tarkington m. John Rowe
Joan Rowe
Richard Warren m. Elizabeth

Boomer

VERY little information has come down to us regarding the early history of the Boomer family. The name appears to be a corruption of Bulmer, which may have been originally French. René Bulmer, a French Huguenot, fled from France after the revocation of the Edict of Nantes in 1685, and settled in the north of Ireland. He cannot, of course, have been the ancestor of the Boomer family of New England, but there is a Bulmer-Boomer family in Ontario, Canada, with which he may have been connected. The name Bulmer occurs in England as early as 1345, when Lord Bulmer was summoned to Parliament.

(Chadwick: "Ontarian Families," Vol. I, p. 87. Burke: "General Armory.")

I

MATTHEW BOOMER, the immigrant ancestor of this family, was a freeman in Newport, Rhode Island, in 1665. He doubtless came from Massachusetts, as there is a record of Matthew Boomer, servant to Edmund Needham, of Lynn, Massachusetts, dated 1647, which probably refers to him. On March 6, 1676, he bought of Henry Brightman land on the east side of Taunton River for £45, the same land which sixteen years later he deeded to his son Matthew. He built a house on this land and was probably the first settler of Fall River, Massachusetts, his home being located near the corner of Main and Brownell streets.

Matthew Boomer married Eleanor.

Children:

1. Mary, died about 1715; married (first) John Lawton; (second), June 3, 1678, Gideon Freeborn.
2. *Matthew,* of whom further.

(American Historical Society: "Armorial Families," p. 210. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of New England," Vol. I, p. 211. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," p. 23. Fenner: "History of Fall River, Massachusetts," pp. 1, 8. Hutt: "History of Bristol County, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 311. Pope: "Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 58.)

II

MATTHEW BOOMER, JR., son of Matthew and Eleanor Boomer, received in 1692 a deed of his father's land in Fall River. He also owned land in Freetown, Massachusetts, and Westerly, Rhode Island, which he left to his sons by a will made October 8, 1732, and proved March 23, 1744. He (or perhaps his father) was constable of Freetown, Massachusetts, in 1692. He married, in Freetown, Hannah Church. (Church III.)

Children, born at Assonet, Bristol County, Massachusetts (now part of Taunton):

1. Matthew, born September 20 or 29, 1689; married, at Freetown, in 1719-20, Hannah Haddaway.
2. Lydia, born December 3, 1690.
3. Hannah, born November 16, 1692; married a Jenks.
4. Mary or Mercy, born March 16, 1694; married Nathaniel Luther.
5. Deborah, born May 1, 1696; married Elisha Mason.
6. *Caleb,* of whom further.
7. Ruth, born May 31, 1700; married Richard Salisbury.
8. Joshua, born October 8, 1702, died in 1772-73; selectman of Freetown in 1754-55.
9. Mary or Mercy, married an Elsbury.

(American Historical Society: "Armorial Families," pp. 210-11. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," p. 23 and supplement. "Genealogical Advertiser," Vol. IV, p. 33. Church: "Descendants of Richard Church of Plymouth, Massachusetts," p. 35. Pierce: "Colonial Lists," p. 26.)

III

CALEB BOOMER, son of Matthew and Hannah (Church) Boomer, was born in Assonet (now Freetown), Massachusetts, March 16, 1698, and died

BULMER (BOOMER).

Arms—Gules a lion salient within an orle of billets or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

MANY (MANCY).

Arms—Gules a fesse argent between three talbots' heads erased of the second.
Crest—A talbot's head erased argent collared and ringed gules.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

SHEPPARD (SHEPARD)

Arms—Azure on a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis or, as many mullets gules.

Crest—A ram passant argent attired or, between two laurel branches vert.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

MARTIN.

Arms—Argent two bars gules.
Crest—An estoile of sixteen points gules.
Motto—Sure and steadfast. (Matthews: "American Armoury.")

MAYOW (MAYHEW).

Arms—Argent, on a chevron sable between three birds of the last five lozenges of the first. (Burke: "General Armory.")

CHURCH.

Arms—Gules a fesse or, in chief three sinister gauntlets proper

Crest—An arm erect in armour proper garnished or, holding a baton of the last. (Burke: "General Armory.")



Bulmer
(Boomer)



Maxy
(Maxey)



Sheppard
(Shepard)



Martin



Mayow
(Mayhew)



Church

before October 15, 1770, on which date his will was proved. To his children and grandchildren he left several parcels of land in Freetown, Dartmouth, and Tiverton. He married, August 19, 1725, Sarah Martin. (Martin IV.)

Children:

1. Joanna, born June 30, 1726; living unmarried in 1770.
2. Caleb, born August 29, 1728; married Thankful Fox; made his will in 1770.
3. Sarah, born August 3, 1730; married Thomas West.
4. *Martin,* of whom further.
5. Joshua, mentioned in brother Caleb's will, 1770.
6. Matthew, mentioned in brother Caleb's will, 1770.
7. Daniel, named as executor in brother Caleb's will, 1770.

(American Historical Society: "Armorial Families," p. 211. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," p. 23. "Genealogical Advertiser," Vol. IV, p. 34.)

IV

MARTIN BOOMER, son of Caleb and Sarah (Martin) Boomer, was born in Freetown, Massachusetts, December 25, 1732, and died in Fall River, Massachusetts, June 13, 1804. (Historical Collection of Worcester County, Massachusetts, Vol. II, p. 183.) In 1770 he was left £20 by his brother Caleb's will; and by the terms of his father's will, in 1774, of which he was named executor, his sister Joanna was to be provided for by him. The United States Census of 1790 gives to Martin Boomer, of Freetown, a family consisting of three males over sixteen, four males under sixteen, and four females. In 1778 Martin Boomer enlisted as a private in Captain Durfee's company, and he served in 1780 in Captain Brightman's company, Colonel Hathaway's regiment, in the Rhode Island alarm.

Martin Boomer married Jemima Shepard.

Child:

1. *James,* of whom further.

(American Historical Society: "Armorial Families," p. 211. D. A. R. Lineage Books, Vol. LXXVIII, pp. 52-53.)

BOOMER

V

REVEREND JAMES BOOMER, son of Martin and Jemima (Shepard) Boomer, was born in Freetown, Massachusetts, May 26, 1759, and died in Charlton, Massachusetts, February 24, 1837. He served in 1779 as a private in Captain Seth Talbot's company, Colonel John Hathaway's regiment, at the Rhode Island alarm. He was baptized in April, 1780, and joined the Second Baptist Church at Tiverton. He was one of two young men chosen in 1788 by the Baptist Society of Fall River, Massachusetts, "to improve their gifts in public and to attend meetings whenever they shall be requested"; and in May, 1795, he with Job Borden, was ordained a minister in the Baptist Church of Sutton, Worcester County, Massachusetts. He remained there until 1804, when he went to Charlton, and was pastor there until his death, covering a period of thirty-three years. In 1805 Elder James Boomer, by letter from Freetown, Massachusetts, was taken into church at Charlton, Massachusetts. Susan Boomer, wife of James Boomer, was taken into church June 10, 1809. Rev. James Boomer helped to found the Baptist churches at Ward, New Auburn, and later the church at North Oxford.

Rev. James Boomer married, October 12, 1792, Susannah Borden. (Borden VI.)

Children:

1. *Job B.*, of whom further.
2. James, Jr., died in November, 1876; married, April 9, 1822, Lucy McClellan.
3. William Borden, born in 1799, died in 1874; married, in 1823, Sarah Marble.
4. Charles T., born November 15, 1804.
5. Susannah, born September 16, 1806; married, May 22, 1828, William Knight Blanchard.

(Historical Collection of Worcester County, Massachusetts, Vol. II, p. 179. American Historical Society: "Armorial Families," p. 212. Boston Historical Society: "Our County and Its People, Bristol, Massachusetts," p. 476. Vital Records of Charlton, Massachusetts, pp. 20, 242. D. A. R. Lineage Books, Vol. LXXVIII, p. 53. Weld: "Borden Genealogy," p. 146. Benedict and Tracy: "History of Sutton, Massachusetts," p. 697.)

BOOMER

VI

REVEREND JOB B. BOOMER, son of the Rev. James and Susannah (Borden) Boomer, was born September 8, 1793, and died August 18, 1864. He built the home occupied in 1878 by the Rev. Joseph P. Burbank, on top of "Boomer Hill" in Sutton, Massachusetts, in 1829. He was ordained pastor of the South Sutton Baptist Church, June 9, 1819, and continued as such for thirty years. He married, April 21, 1818, Nancy McClellan. (McClellan IV.)

Children:

1. *Nancy McClellan,* of whom further.
2. Mary Amelia, born June 19, 1823; married, September 9, 1846, Andros B. Stone.
3. Lucius B., born July 4, 1826; married (first), September 20, 1848, Elizabeth Messenger; (second), September 5, 1855, Mary A. De Forest.
4. George Boardman, born July 26, 1832; attained rank of brigadier-general and was killed in the Civil War, May 22, 1863.

(Vital Records of Sutton, Massachusetts, pp. 22, 214-15. Benedict and Tracy: "History of Sutton, Massachusetts," pp. 472, 547, 694-96. Worcester County Historical Collection, Vol. II, p. 183 (Bristol Section).)

VII

NANCY McCLELLAN BOOMER, daughter of the Rev. Job B. and Nancy (McClellan) Boomer, was born in Sutton, Massachusetts, September 29, 1819, and died June 22, 1886. She married, June 18, 1840, at Sutton, John Daggett. (Daggett VII.)

(Vital Records of Sutton, Massachusetts, p. 215. New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. XL, p. 223. Daggett: "History of Attleborough, Massachusetts," pp. 16, 30.)

MAXY (MAXCY) ARMS

Arms—Gules a fesse argent between three talbots' heads erased of the second.
Crest—A talbot's head erased argent collared and ringed gules.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Maxcy

LIKE so many other English surnames, Maxcy, Maxy, Maxie, Maxey, or Maxcey, is of local origin, being derived from the parish of Maxey in Northamptonshire, England. There was a flourishing family of the name in County Essex, from which it is possible that Alexander Maxcy was descended, as most of the founders of Wenham came from Essex.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

ALEXANDER MAXCY, the founder of this family in America, died in Attleborough, Massachusetts, September 20, 1723. Around his name have grown up several romantic traditions which are briefly given herewith. The story goes that Maxcy, the son of a gentleman of rank and wealth in England, fell in love with the pretty daughter of his father's lodge-keeper. When his father forbade the match, young Maxcy ran away to America. Later his father, relenting, sent a ship to bring his son back to England; but the young man, liking the independent spirit of the colonies, declined. Before long he had another love affair on this side of the water, but, by his tact and persistency overcoming an older suitor, he succeeded in marrying the maiden of his choice.

The first historical reference to Alexander Maxcy occurs in 1659, when he paid £1 13s. toward the salary of the new minister in Wenham, Massachusetts. It is not unlikely that he was one of the original settlers of the town. In 1690 he served in Captain Sam Gallup's company in Sir William Phipps' expedition against Quebec. Some time before April 16, 1722, the family had moved from Wenham to Gloucester, Massachusetts, for on that date John Doggett, of Attle-

borough sold to Alexander Maxcy, of Gloucester, a homestead farm in Attleborough for £550. A year later Alexander Maxcy died at Attleborough.

Alexander Maxcy married Abigail.

Children:

1. David, born January 2, 1662.
2. Mary, born June 15, 1664.
3. John, born February 1, 1670.
4. William, born November 9, 1675; married, in 1696, Sarah Knowlton, of Ipswich.
5. Sarah, baptized in 1676; married, March 12, 1712, Thomas Kellem, of Topsfield, Massachusetts.
6. Elizabeth, baptized in 1680; married, January 19, 1715, Samuel Tarbox, of Beverly.
7. Benoni, baptized in 1682; married, March 8, 1706-07, Mary Herrick.
8. Abigail, baptized in 1694; married, December 31, 1716, Jacob Haskell.
9. Alexander, baptized in 1698, died April 2, 1724.
10. Mary, born March 19, 1700-01; married, May 4, 1726, William Ware.
11. Joseph, born July 29, 1703.
12. Esther, baptized in 1705; married, in December, 1728, Nehemiah Ward.
13. *Josiah,* of whom further.
14. Benjamin, baptized in March, 1711.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLI, p. 398; Vol. LXII, pp. 34-35, 37-39, 41, 44. Gloucester Vital Records, Vol. II, p. 38. Daggett: "History of Attleborough," pp. 10-11, 627.)

II

JOSIAH MAXCY, son of Alexander and Abigail Maxcy, was baptized in the Congregational church at Wenham, Massachusetts, June 19, 1709. He married, February 3, 1737-38, Mary Everett. (Everett IV.) They had eleven children. A grandson, Rev. Jonathan Maxcy, was the second president of Brown University, assuming that office at the age of twenty-four.

Child:

1. *Benjamin,* of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XIV, p. 216; Vol. LX, p. 43. Sibley: "History of the Town of Union, Maine," p. 469.)

III

LIEUTENANT BENJAMIN MAXCY, son of Josiah and Mary (Everett) Maxcy, was born in Attleborough, Massachusetts, May 11, 1740, and died July 26, 1791. He served in the Revolutionary War, marching on the alarm of Bunker Hill in 1776. He married (first) Sarah Fuller; (second) Amy Ide, of Attleborough. (Ide V.)

Children of first marriage:

1. Joseph, born March 12, 1764, died December 14, 1810; married Hannah Page, of Attleborough.
2. Josiah, born July 25, 1766; married (first) Chloe Daggett, born in 1769, died in May, 1793, daughter of Mayhew Daggett; (second), in 1794, Sally Pickering.
3. Benjamin, born July 16, 1772; married Esther Fuller.

Children of second marriage:

4. *Sally,* of whom further.
5. Lydia, born March 26, 1780, died in 1793.
6. Hervey, born April 30, 1782-83; married Sally Eastman, born February 15, 1785, daughter of John and Hannah (France) Eastman.
7. Amy, born October 26, 1784; married Joel Reed.

(Sibley: "History of the Town of Union, Maine," pp. 469-71. Daggett: "History of Attleborough," app.)

IV

SALLY MAXCY, daughter of Lieutenant Benjamin and Amy (Ide) Maxcy, was born in Attleborough, Massachusetts, November 20, 1778, and died in Saundersville, Massachusetts, April 30, 1867. She married, September 3, 1797, Ebenezer Daggett. (Daggett VI.)

(Doggett: "History of the Doggett-Daggett Family," pp. 116, 145.)

SHEPPARD (SHEPARD) ARMS

Arms—Azure on a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis or, as many mullets gules.
Crest—A ram passant argent attired or, between two laurel branches vert.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Shepard

CLEARLY of occupational origin, and meaning "the shepherd," this surname is found in an almost unlimited assortment of spellings: Shepard, Sheppard, Shephard, Shepherd, Shepperd, Shepheard, etc. No one family can lay any original claim to the name, for it sprang up all over England wherever the occupation of shepherd was at all prominent. Of the many families of the name which settled in New England, that founded by Ralph Shepard was one of the earliest.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

RALPH SHEPARD, of Stepney Parish, London, England, was born in 1603, and died in Charlestown, Massachusetts, September 11, 1693, his burial being in Malden, Massachusetts. He was a tailor by trade and probably an officer in the Draper's Guild. He sailed for New England on June 30, 1635, in the ship "Abigail," Robert Hackwell, master, accompanied by his wife and daughter Sarah. On arriving in Massachusetts he became one of the original settlers of Dedham, later removing to Malden, and he is recorded also in Weymouth and Concord. He purchased a farm in Concord of Joseph Wheeler in 1666. He was made a freeman of the colony in 1650-51.

Ralph Shepard married Thanklord.

Children:

1. Sarah, born in England about 1633.
2. *Thomas,* of whom further.
3. John, died December 15, 1699; married Sarah Goble, daughter of Thomas Goble, of Concord.

4. Isaac, born June 20, 1639, killed by Indians, February 12, 1676; married Mary Smedley, daughter of Baptiste Smedley.
5. Trial, born December 19, 1641, died February 22, 1708; married, March 11, 1661, Walter Powers.
6. Abraham, died February 22, 1715-16; married Judith Philbrook.
7. Thanks, born February 10, 1651; married Peter Dill.
8. Jacob, born June 16, 1653.
9. Walter, of Sudbury, Massachusetts.

("Dedham Historical Register," Vol. XIV, pp. 27-28.)

II

THOMAS SHEPARD, son of Ralph and Thanklord Shepard, was born about 1635, and died September 26 or 29, 1719, at Milton, Massachusetts. He was a member of the church at Charlestown, Massachusetts, and later at Malden. He owned land at Charlestown in 1657-58. He married Hannah Ensign. (Ensign II.)

Children:

1. Thomas, married Hannah Blanchard.
2. John, married, March 26, 1690, Persia Peirce.
3. *Jacob,* of whom further.
4. Hannah, married Joseph Blanchard.
5. Ralph, married Marah.
6. Isaac, born in May, 1682.

(*Ibid.,* p. 28. Wyman: "Charlestown, Massachusetts, Genealogy and Estates," Vol. II, p. 860.)

III

JACOB SHEPARD, son of Thomas and Hannah (Ensign) Shepard, died in 1717. In 1703 he purchased four or five hundred acres of land from Captain William Hudson, a trader from Boston, Massachusetts, and was the first permanent settler of the town of Foxborough, Massachusetts. He married, November 22, 1699, Mercy Chickering. (Chickering IV.)

Children:

1. Jacob, born August 22, 1700, died about 1718.
2. *John,* of whom further.
3. Thomas, born March 24, 1706, died October 19, 1774.
4. Joseph, born February 9, 1708.
5. Benjamin, born December 24, 1710.

(Wyman: "Charlestown, Massachusetts, Genealogy and Estates," Vol. II, p. 860. Daggett: "History of Attleborough," p. 655. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. VI, p. 128.)

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IV

JOHN SHEPARD, son of Jacob and Mercy (Chickering) Shepard, was born February 25, 1703-04, and died April 5, 1809, at Attleborough, Massachusetts. At the time of his death he resided with his grandson, Ebenezer Daggett, and was famed for his longevity, living to the great age of one hundred and five. In youth he served under Captain Samuel Moseley in King Philip's War; was wounded in the Narragansett campaign; and was under the command of Captain Turner in the famous "Falls Fight," May 19, 1676.

John Shepard married (first) Eleony Pond, who died September 3, 1727, daughter of Ephraim Pond, of Wrentham, Massachusetts. He married (second) Abigail Richardson, of Attleborough, who died August 23, 1730. He married (third) Martha Bacon. (Bacon IV.)

Children, born in Wrentham, Massachusetts:

1. *Mercy,* of whom further.
2. Sarah, born September 2, 1734.
3. Hannah, born February 16, 1736-37.
4. Martha, born January 27, 1739-40.
5. Ann, born July 15, 1744.
6. John, baptized August 2, 1747.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. VI, p. 128. Daggett: "History of Attleborough," p. 656. Bodge: "Soldiers of King Philip's

War," pp. 72, 74, 100. "Wrentham, Massachusetts, Vital Records," Vol. I, pp. 187-88; Vol. II, p. 496.)

V

MERCY SHEPARD, daughter of John Shepard, was born August 21, 1732, died February 3, 1783. She married, November 19, 1751, Colonel John Daggett. (Daggett V.) (*Ibid.*)

Blackinton

BLACKINTON as a surname does not appear in the early registers of England, but since we find Blackston, Blakiston, and Blackstone recorded as belonging to the same individual, William Blackstone, it is very possible that Blackinton is another form of the same name. Bardsley in his "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames" claims a local origin for these names from Blaxton, a township in the parish of Finningley, West Riding of Yorkshire, and doubtless from other places of the same name in the southern part of England.

I

PENTECOST BLACKINTON is the earliest ancestor to whom the history of this family can be traced. The date of his birth is not known, but he was in Marblehead, Massachusetts, prior to 1688, and may have been born there. He removed from Marblehead to Attleborough, Massachusetts, between 1701, the date of his marriage to Mary Fickett, at Marblehead, and 1702, the date of the baptism of his daughter Hepsibeth, at Attleborough. He owned land and a house on Seven Mile River, and died at Attleborough, September 24, 1715.

Pentecost Blackinton married (first), at Marblehead, January 30, 1688-89, Ann Barrett; (second), at Marblehead, January 1, 1702, Mary Fickett.

Children of first marriage, born at Marblehead:

1. Elizabeth, baptized December 15, 1689.
2. Benjamin, baptized April 24, 1692; removed to Attleborough.
3. Pentecost, Jr., baptized January 26, 1693; married, at Marblehead, Rebecca Figgett; removed to Attleborough.
4. Miriam, baptized March 22, 1695-96; married, at Marblehead, October 31, 1716, Samuel Saunders.

5. John, baptized November 28, 1697.
6. *Mary,* of whom further.
7. Sarah, baptized March 31, 1700.

Children of second marriage, born at Attleborough:

8. Hepsibeth, born in December, 1702.
9. John (twin), born in 1705, died in 1706.
10. Penelope (twin), born in 1705.

(Daggett: "History of Attleborough," p. 623. "Marblehead Vital Records," Vol. II, pp. 36, 44-45.)

II

MARY BLACKINTON, daughter of Pentecost and Ann (Barrett) Blackinton, was baptized in Marblehead, Massachusetts, November 25, 1698, and died December 1, 1772. She married, November 9, 1721, Ebenezer Daggett. (Daggett IV.) (*Ibid.*)

MAYOW (MAYHEW) ARMS

Arms—Argent, on a chevron sable between three birds of the last five lozenges of the first. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Mayhew

MAYHEW, Mayho, Mayow, or Mayo means "baptized the son of Matthew," and is of English origin. Due to the liquid pronunciation of the name, it has undergone many variations in spelling. Governor Thomas Mayhew, of Martha's Vineyard was a descendant of the family of Dinton, Wiltshire, England, a county family of considerable distinction. It is noteworthy that he named two towns in the Vineyard, Tisbury and Chilmark, for towns in the near neighborhood of Dinton, Wiltshire. The earliest known ancestor of this family was one "Simon Mayow, gent., of Dynton," and from him the line descends through his grandson Thomas to Matthew, father of Governor Mayhew. Matthew Mayow, yeoman, probably married Alice Barter, of Wiltshire, in 1587. He died when his son Thomas was twenty-one years old and ten or twelve years before the latter came to New England.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." Banks: "History of Martha's Vineyard," Vol. I, pp. 104-17.)

I

GOVERNOR THOMAS MAYHEW, son of Matthew and Alice (Barter) Mayhew (Mayow), was born in England and died in Martha's Vineyard, March 25, 1682. It is believed that the record of the baptism of "Thomas, son of Mathew Maho" on April 1, 1593, in the parish register of Tisbury, Wiltshire, England, may be that of Governor Thomas Mayhew. He came to Medford, Massachusetts, in 1631, as business representative of Matthew Cradock, a London merchant. In 1634 he was made a freeman and was thenceforth an active member of the colony. He was one of a committee purchasing commodities from vessels

coming to Boston; in 1636 he was representative to the General Court. Two years later he removed to Watertown, Massachusetts, where he was chosen selectman, deputy to the General Assembly, and a local magistrate. In 1641 he built the first bridge over the Charles River, at a great financial loss, receiving land west of Boston as compensation. About this time he acquired the title and sovereignty of Martha's Vineyard and other islands from Sir Ferdinando Gorges and Lord Stirling, and in 1645 he founded a colony on the island. As chief executive he kept the reins of government in his hands and those of his family despite many difficulties and conflicting claims. In 1663 the Earl of Clarendon, on behalf of the Duke of York, purchased the title of Martha's Vineyard and other lands in America. Thomas Mayhew was made Governor of the Vineyard under the Duke of York and ruled until his death.

Governor Thomas Mayhew married (first), about 1619, in England, Abigail Parkus(?); (second), in 1633, Jane Paine, widow of Thomas Paine, of London.

Children of first marriage:

1. Thomas, born in England, about 1621; lost at sea in November, 1657.

Children of second marriage:

2. *Hannah,* of whom further.
3. Bethiah, born December 6, 1636; married (first) Thomas Harlock; (second), in 1675, Richard Way.
4. Mary, born January 14, 1639-40; probably died young.
5. Martha, born in 1642; married Thomas Tupper.

(Banks: "History of Martha's Vineyard," Vol. I, pp. 108-72; Vol. III, p. 301.)

II

HANNAH MAYHEW, daughter of Governor Thomas and Jane (——— Paine) Mayhew, was born at Medford, Massachusetts, in 1633, and died at Edgartown, Massachusetts, before 1731. She married (first) Thomas Doggett or Daggett. (Daggett II.) She married (second) Samuel Smith.

(*Ibid.,* Vol. III, pp. 127, 441.)



CHURCH ARMS

Arms—Gules a fesse or, in chief three sinister gauntlets proper.
Crest—An arm erect in armour proper garnished or, holding a baton of the last.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

Church

FOR many years the name of Church has figured prominently in the history of New England. This distinction dates from the latter half of the seventeenth century, when the deeds of Colonel Benjamin Church, the "Conqueror of Philip," shed a lustre upon the name which his descendants in subsequent generations have not allowed to grow dim. Massachusetts and Rhode Island have been the principal seats of the family throughout its history.

(American Historical Society: "American Families," Vol. XIII, p. 187.)

I

RICHARD CHURCH, the immigrant ancestor and progenitor of this family in America, was born in England and came to this country with Governor Winthrop in 1630. He was admitted a freeman October 19, 1630, and removed from Weymouth to Eel River, in Plymouth, shortly after that date. He was admitted a freeman of Plymouth Colony October 4, 1632, and was taxed at Duxbury as early as 1637. He was a carpenter by trade, and with John Thompson was engaged to build the first meetinghouse and the first gun carriage at Plymouth in 1637. In 1649 he sold his land at Plymouth and removed to Eastham, Massachusetts. In 1653 he was at Charlestown, and four years later appears at Hingham. While at Sandwich in 1664 he deposed that he was fifty-six years of age. Richard Church served often at inquests and was frequently a referee in disputes. He was a man of standing and prominence in the communities in which he lived. He was sergeant of his military company, and served in the Pequot War. He died at Dedham, Massachusetts, December 27, 1668, and was buried at Hingham, where his wife also is buried. His will, drawn at Hingham, bears the date December 25, 1668.

CHURCH

Richard Church married, in 1635-36, Elizabeth Warren. (Warren II.)
Children:

1. Elizabeth, died young.
2. Joseph, born in 1637.
3. Benjamin, born in 1639, died January 17, 1718; conspicuous in King Philip's War.
4. Elizabeth.
5. Nathaniel.
6. *Caleb,* of whom further.
7. Charles.
8. Richard, died young.
9. Abigail, born June 22, 1647.
10. Hannah.
11. Mary.
12. Sarah.
13. Lydia.
14. Priscilla.
15. Deborah, born in 1657. (*Ibid.,* pp. 187-88.)

II

CALEB CHURCH, son of Richard and Elizabeth (Warren) Church, was a millwright by trade, and resided in Watertown, Massachusetts. He was a freeman in 1690, served many times as a selectman, and was a representative to the General Court in 1713. He married, December 16, 1667, Joanna Sprague. (Sprague II.)

Children, first six born in Dedham:

1. Richard, born December 26, 1668, died young.
2. *Hannah,* of whom further.
3. Ruth.
4. Lydia, born July 4, 1671.
5. Caleb, born December 16, 1673.
6. Joshua, born June 12, 1675.
7. Deborah, died young.

8. Isaac (twin), born June 27, 1678.
9. Rebecca (twin), born June 27, 1678.

(Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of New England," Vol. I, p. 385. "Descendants of Richard Church of Plymouth," p. 35.)

III

HANNAH CHURCH, daughter of Caleb and Joanna (Sprague) Church, was born at Dedham, Massachusetts, December 26, 1668(?). She married, in Freetown, Matthew Boomer. (Boomer II.)

("Descendants of Richard Church of Plymouth," p. 35.)



MARTIN ARMS

Arms—Argent two bars gules.
Crest—An estoile of sixteen points gules.
Motto—Sure and steadfast. (Matthews: "American Armoury.")

Martin

MARTIN was a popular font or baptismal name in early times, and was widely adopted as a surname. It is said to mean "martial or warlike." Many places in France were dedicated to St. Martin, apostle of the Gauls, and from one of these in Normandy came the family whose advent into England dates from the time of the Conquest. De Sancto Martino, a Latinized form of the name, is recorded, and also Le Sieur de St. Martin on the Battle Abbey Roll. The family of our immigrant ancestor is said by some authorities to have been of Devonshire, England, by others of Somerset.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." Lower: "Patronymica Britannica." Matthews: "American Armoury." C. W. Francis: "Genealogy of Martin Family.")

I

RICHARD MARTIN was born in England and died May 2, 1694, or March 2, 1694-95. He is recorded in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1669. It is said that he came to America to take possession of his brother Robert's estate. With him came his son John probably. It is thought also that they came in 1663 with Elder John Myles, a preacher who established the Baptist church of Wannamoiset, Plymouth Colony. Robert Martin, the brother of Richard, had come to Weymouth, Massachusetts, in 1635, with the Rev. Joseph Hull. He was later of Rehoboth and mentioned in his will his brother Richard as "now in England." Other brothers were Abraham and Isaac.

Richard Martin married, probably in England, but the name of his wife is not known.

Children:

1. *John,* of whom further.
2. Francis.
3. Richard, Jr.
4. Annie.
5. Eleanor.

(C. W. Francis: "Genealogy of Martin Family," pp. 14, 15. "Vital Records of Rehoboth, Massachusetts," p. 848.)

II

JOHN MARTIN, son of Richard Martin, was probably born in England and died in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, August 28, 1720. He is supposed to have come to New England with his father about 1663 or 1665. They settled in that part of Rehoboth known as Swansea. He was apparently a weaver by trade, like his uncle Abraham, but like all the early settlers devoted most of his time to the cultivation of the soil. On June 5, 1671, the General Court of Plymouth appointed him constable of Swansea, and on June 3, 1673, he was made surveyor of highways. He is called one of the founders of the Baptist church in Plymouth Colony.

John Martin married, April 26, 1671, Johanna Esten. (Esten II.)

Children:

1. Jemima, born May 29, 1672; married, intention published October 28, 1699, Samuel Salisbury.
2. Melatiah, born April 31, 1673; married, November 6, 1696, Rebecca Brooks.
3. *John,* of whom further.
4. Ephraim, born February 7, 1676; married, intention published, October 28, 1699, Thankful Bullock.
5. Ann, born November 14, 1678; married, in 1701, Richard Round.
6. Manasseh, born February 2, 1681; married, October 6, 1706, Hannah Carpenter.
7. Joanna, born February 15, 1682-83; married, December 5, 1711, Philip Short.

8. Ebenezer, born February 16, 1684-85; married, November 29, 1716, Abigail Wheeler.
9. Judith, married, December 24, 1713, John Luther.

(H. J. Martin: "Notices of the Martin Family," pp. 63-64, 187. "Representative Men and Families of Rhode Island," Vol. III, pp. 1732-33.)

III

JOHN MARTIN, JR., son of John and Johanna (Esten) Martin, was born March 15, 1674, and died November 3, 1757 (or 1759), at Swansea, Massachusetts. His will was dated July 9, 1757. He removed from Rehoboth to Swansea in 1728. He married (first), October 11, 1701, Mercy or Marcy Hayward. (Hayward III.) He married (second), intentions published April 4, 1713, Mrs. Marcy Thurber, died November 26, 1748, widow of Richard Thurber.

Children of first marriage:

1. *Sarah,* of whom further.
2. Hannah, married, January 14, 1753, Thomas Lewis.
3. Joanna, married Joseph Barney.
4. John, born June 26, 1709, died February 6, 1770; married, February 21, 1734-35, Mary Andrus.
5. Marcy, married, November 12, 1730, Squire Bullock.

Children of second marriage:

6. Barbara, born March 13, 1714; married, March 1, 1730, Obadiah Bowen.
7. Mary, born March 17, 1715 (1718); married, December 23, 1735, Hezekiah Horton.
8. Hezekiah, born September 7, 1719, died March 25, 1779; married (first), March 28, 1741, Hannah Andrus, died May 18, 1765; (second), September 10, 1766, Huldah Luther.
9. Elizabeth, born October 1, 1722; married, August 6, 1741, William Seamans.
10. Anna, born March 22, 1725; married, February 23, 1769, John Mason.

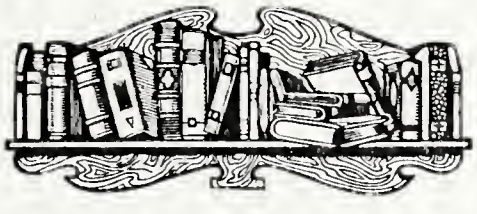
11. Jemima, married, November 14, 1745, Valentine Bowen.
12. Benjamin, born July 5, 1734; married, January 6, 1750, Sarah Kingsley.

(H. J. Martin: "Notices of the Martin Family," pp. 87-88. "Vital Records of Rehoboth, Massachusetts.")

IV

SARAH MARTIN, daughter of John and Mercy or Marcy (Hayward) Martin, died after July, 1757, when her father made his will. She married, August 19, 1725, in Freetown, Massachusetts (intentions published May 11, 1725) Caleb Boomer. (Boomer III.)

(Vital Records of Freetown, Massachusetts, p. 473. "Genealogical Advertiser," Vol. IV, p. 34.)



BORDEN ARMS

Arms—Azure, a chevron engrailed ermine, two pilgrims' staves proper in chief, a cross-crosslet in base or.

Crest—A lion rampant holding a battle-axe proper, above the crest the word "Excelsior."

Motto—*Palma virtuti.* (Crozier: "General Armory.")

Borden

KENT seems to have been the earliest home of the Borden family in England and of all the places in that county—known as the garden county of England—none are more beautiful than the parish of Borden (from which locality the family takes its name). The family of Borden was possessed of good estates in this part of Kent and were distinguished persons among the landed gentry of that county. A Simon de Borden, of Borden Manor, resided here, and was among the beneficiaries of the parish church. The record of the owners of this manor extends over a period of several hundred years.

In America nearly all of the name are descended from the one ancestor mentioned hereafter, but there is mention of the name a few times in Boston and once in Pennsylvania—the latter, John Bordinghe—came there by way of Holland as his name indicates. The early generations of the family of Richard and Joan were all members of the Society of Friends, known as Quakers, and from them the offspring received a love of peace, freedom of conscience and the other principles that this Society stands for. Their history is written in the congenial pursuits of agriculture and the unostentatious works of Christian charity.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of the Descendants as far as known of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 24-25.)

I

HENRY BORDEN was born about 1370-80 in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England, and is mentioned as dead in 1469. He appears to have held land both in the parish of Hedcorn and at Borden, and was doubtless a descendant of the Bordens of Borden. His grandson, John, left a request that a priest sing in

BORDEN.

Arms—Azure, a chevron engrailed ermine, two pilgrim's staves proper in chief, a cross-crossle in base or.

Crest—A lion rampant holding a battle-axe proper, above the crest the word "Excelsior."

Motto—*Palma virtuti.* (Crozier: "General Armory.")

MACLELLAN (McCLELLAN).

Arms—Or, two chevrons sable.

Crest—A naked arm supporting on the point of a sword a Moor's head.

Motto—Think on. (Burke: "General Armory.")

EVERETT.

Arms—Gules a chevron paly of eight or and azure between three mullets argent.

Crest—A griffin's head erased sable collared gemel of three pieces, the middle or, the others argent.

(Burke: "General Armory." Bolton: "American Armory.")

CHICKERIN (CHICKERING).

Arms—Argent on a chevron vert, three cockerells of the first, membered gules. (Burke: "General Armory.")

SPRAGG (SPRAGUE).

Arms—Or, three rose leaves in pale vert between two palets azure, a chief gules.

Crest—A sword in pale proper on the point thereof, suspended, a crown of olive or. (Burke: "General Armory.")

WARREN.

Arms—Gules, a lion rampant argent a chief chequy or and azure.

Crest—Out of a ducal coronet a demi-wivern wings expanded.

Motto—*Pro patria mori.* (Crozier: "General Armory.")



Borden



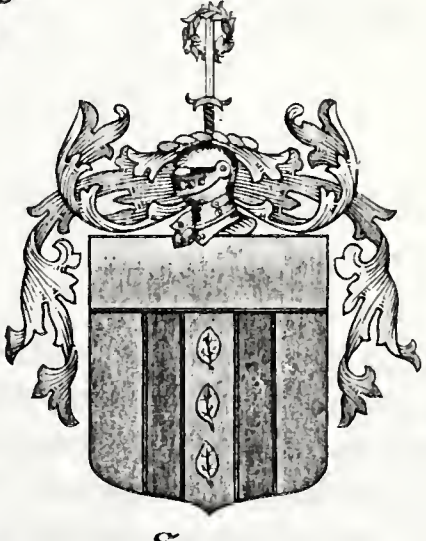
Maclellan
(McClellan)



Everett



Chickerin
(Chickering)



Spragg
(Sprague)



Warren

the church of Hedcorn for the soul of Henry and his wife, Robergia, for two years.

Henry Borden married, in Hedcorn, Robergia.

Children:

1. *Thomas,* of whom further.
2. Robert, died prior to 1479; married Emma Dorr.

(T. A. Glenn: "Pedigree of Richard Borden," pp. 3-4.)

II

THOMAS BORDEN, son of Henry and Robergia Borden, was born in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England, and died before April 26, 1469. He is mentioned in the will of his son John, who desired that a priest sing in the church of Hedcorn, wherein he was buried, for the soul of his parents, Thomas and Isabella Borden. This Thomas was, without doubt, identical with that Thomas Borden of Hedcorn, yeoman, who joined the Rebellion of Kentishmen under Jack Cade in the year 1450, and who was subsequently pardoned therefor. (Pat. Rolls, 28 Henry VI, parts 2, 13. Archæologia Cantina, Vol. VII.)

Thomas Borden married Isabella. (*Ibid.,* pp. 4-5.)

Children:

1. *John,* of whom further.
2. Henry, married and left issue.
3. Richard, died about October, 1490; married and left issue.

III

JOHN BORDEN, son of Thomas and Isabella Borden, was born in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England, and died there; will made April 26, 1469. John Borden, yeoman, in his will left a sum of money to all of his grandchildren, and also a sum of money for an "honest priest" to sing for the souls of his parents and grandparents, as well as for one Thomas Saunder, for two years. (Archæologia Cantina, Vol. II, folio I, Latin.)

John Borden married Benet Tornor, daughter of Thomas Tornor. Her will is dated October 15, 1518, and was proved November 16, 1518.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 5-7.)

Children:

1. Roger.
2. *William,* of whom further.
3. Joan.
4. Roberga.
5. Alice.
6. Isabella.
7. John.

IV

WILLIAM BORDEN, son of John and Benet (Tornor) Borden, is recorded as under age April 26, 1469. He died in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England; will dated February 11, 1531, and proved September 25, 1531. He left quite a good sized estate to his wife and children, both in money and in land. In his will he mentions Sir Edward Wotten, Knight, as his overseer. (Archæologia Cantina, Vol. XIX, Section 10.)

William Borden married (first) Joan; (second) Thomasin; (third) Rose, who survived him.

Children:

1. *Edmund,* of whom further.
2. Edward, had issue.
3. Thomas, died young.
4. Elizabeth.
5. Anne.
6. Katherine.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 7-10.)

V

EDMUND BORDEN, son of William Borden, was born in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England, and died there, in 1539, probably in or about the month of June. His will is dated April 13, 1539, and was proved June 18, 1539. His wife and children are all mentioned as well as a request to be buried in the churchyard at Hedcorn, where many generations of his family had been buried. (Archæologia Cantina, Vol. XXI, Section 9.)

Edmund Borden married Margaret.

Children:

1. Edward.
2. John.
3. *William,* of whom further.
4. Joan.
5. Maryon.
6. Margaret.
7. Alice.
8. Julian.

VI

WILLIAM BORDEN, son of Edmund and Margaret Borden, was born in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, and died in or about the month of June, 1557. His will was proved June 8, 1557, and by it he left over £60 in money to his wife and children, as well as considerable real and personal property. (Archæologia Cantina, Vol. III, Section 3.)

William Borden married Joan.

Children:

1. Stephen.
2. *Thomas,* of whom further.
3. Edward, died about 1560; married Margaret.
4. John, buried November 15, 1581.
5. Edmund.
6. Elizabeth, living in 1592.
7. Agnes.
8. Thomasin.
9. Agnes.

(T. A. Glenn: "Pedigree of Richard Borden," pp. 10-11.)

VII

THOMAS (2) BORDEN, son of William and Joan Borden, was born in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England, and died there and was buried April 21, 1592. The will of Thomas Borden is dated April 13, 1592, and was proved April

26, 1592; his family is mentioned and a request made that he, too, be buried in the churchyard at Hedcorn. (Archæologia Cantina, Vol. XLVIII, folio 279.)

Thomas Borden's first wife was buried May 20, 1581. He married (second) Margaret, who was buried September 25, 1589.

Children:

1. *Matthew,* of whom further.
2. Thomas, buried April 30, 1580.
3. Joan, buried April 5, 1571.
4. Agnes, married, August 2, 1585, Jonas Gorham.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 11-12.)

VIII

MATTHEW BORDEN, son of Thomas Borden, was born in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, and died there October, 1620. He was church warden of Hedcorn in 1598. His will is dated September 26, 1620, and proved October 27, 1620. He was a very well-to-do man, having several farms, quite a number of houses, and leaving over £116 in money to three of his children.

Matthew Borden married Joan.

Children:

1. Mary, married, May 4, 1620, John Rowe.
2. Joan, baptized April 29, 1593, buried June 11, 1593.
3. John, baptized April 28, 1594, died an infant.
4. *Richard,* of whom further.
5. William, baptized June 1, 1600.
6. Amie, baptized April 26, 1603.
7. Edward, baptized April 14, 1605.
8. John, baptized February 22, 1606-07; married Joan, and removed to New England in 1635.

THE FAMILY IN AMERICA

I

RICHARD BORDEN, son of Matthew and Joan Borden, was baptized in Hedcorn Parish, County Kent, England, February 22, 1595-96, and died in

Portsmouth, Rhode Island, May 25, 1671. He may have arrived from England with his brother John in 1635, but this has not been proven. When the proposition of forming a settlement on Rhode Island was made to him he entered into it with all his heart and to it devoted all his energies. The first place selected was about one-half mile southeast from Bristol Ferry and south end of a pond that opened into Mount Hope Bay. Settlers called it Portsmouth Harbor. In 1639 settlers moved one and one-half miles south to Newtown.

On June 10, 1638, Richard Borden was granted five acres at Bristol Ferry, in which to place his cottage and his cabbage and turnip yard. In 1638 he was appointed to survey town lots and lay out farming lands in Portsmouth, Rhode Island. Together with thirty others on January 2, 1637, he was appointed to map out and survey surrounding lands and again in 1640 he was appointed with forty others to lay out lands in Portsmouth. Richard Borden was made freeman, March 16, 1641. He held many important official positions. In 1653-54 he was assistant treasurer; in 1654-55 he was general treasurer; in 1654-56-57 he was commissioner, and in 1667-70 he was Deputy. He bought sixty acres of land in Providence near Newtonkonut Hill, and in 1667 was one of the original purchasers of land in New Jersey. He was a Quaker, and as a devout Christian gained high esteem.

Richard Borden married, September 28, 1625, Joan Fowle, born February 15, 1604, died July 16, 1688 "aged 84 years, 6 months." She was the daughter of Francis and Elizabeth Fowle.

(J. O. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," p. 23. W. H. Jennings: "Genealogical History of the Jennings Families," pp. 545-47. T. A. Glenn: "Pedigree of Richard Borden," pp. 13-14.)

Children:

1. Richard, baptized July 9, 1626.
2. Thomas, baptized October 3, 1627, died November 25, 1676; married Mary Harris.
3. Francis, baptized December 23, 1628, died January 19, 1705-06; married, February 12, 1677, Jane Vicars.
4. Mary, baptized January 13, 1633, died in 1691; married John Cooke.
5. Elizabeth, baptized May 25, 1634.

6. Matthew, born May 16, 1638, died July 5, 1703; married, March 4, 1674, Sarah Clayton.
7. *John,* of whom further.
8. Joseph, born July 3, 1643; married Hope.
9. Sarah, born in May, 1644; married Jonathan Holmes.
10. Samuel, born in July, 1645; married, in June, 1679, Elizabeth Crosse.
11. Benjamin, born in May, 1649, died in 1718; married, September 22, 1670, Abigail Grover.
12. Amey, born in February, 1654, died February 5, 1684; married, March 27, 1678, William Richardson.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of the Descendants as far as known of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 43-57. T. A. Glenn: "Pedigree of Richard Borden," p. 14.)

II

JOHN (2) BORDEN, son of Richard and Joan (Fowle) Borden, was born at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in September, 1640, and died there, June 4, 1716. He was frequently associated with his brother Matthew in the performance of various duties assigned by the town and religious community of which they constituted two of the main pillars. The name of John Borden, of Quaker Hill, Rhode Island, was universally known. He became the owner of large tracts of land in Rhode Island, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Delaware. Also bought Hog Island and lands at Bristol Ferry, Swansea, Tiverton, and Freetown. He was associated with John Tripp in leasing and managing Bristol Ferry.

John Borden was an intimate friend of King Philip. The General Court at Plymouth asked him to use his influence with Philip, the latter having said that John Borden was the only honest white man he knew—he could not doubt the honesty of his intentions, but the memory of his wrongs were too deep seated. There can be no doubt that John Borden did all in his power to dissuade Philip from engaging in a war with the English at this time. A few years after the Indian war, John Borden was arrested in Bristol in the matter of Hog Island, which the Plymouth government claimed as part of their territory, although it had always been considered part of Portsmouth, and paid taxes as such. The island belonged to John Borden, who refused to pay any tax to Bristol or Ply-

mouth. The matter was taken up in his behalf by the General Assembly of Rhode Island. From 1680-1708 he frequently represented Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in General Assembly. He and seventy other persons were associated in the erection of two meeting houses for Friends, one in Newport, the other in Portsmouth.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 48-50, 52. J. O. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," p. 23. W. H. Jennings: "Genealogical History of the Jennings Families," pp. 547-49.)

John Borden married, December 25, 1670, Mary Earle. (Earle III.)

Children:

1. Richard, born October 25, 1671; married Innocent Wardell.
2. John, born in 1675; married Sarah.
3. Amey, born May 30, 1678; married Benjamin Chase, of Tiverton.
4. *Joseph,* of whom further.
5. Thomas, born December 3, 1682.
6. Mary, born in 1684, died April 2, 1741; married Thomas Potts.
7. Hope, born March 3, 1685; married William Almy, Jr.
8. William, born in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, August 15, 1689; died in North Carolina in 1748.
9. Benjamin, born in 1692, died in November, 1743.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 66-74. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," with Additions.)

III

JOSEPH BORDEN, son of John and Mary (Earle) Borden, was born December 3, 1680, and died in 1715. He settled in Freetown in that part now called Fall River, on the north side of the stream and on the west side of the country road. In 1714, the same year that the purchase of the mill lot and the stream was made from Colonel Benjamin Church, Joseph Borden erected a new sawmill near where the Pocasset upper factory now stands. It was afterwards moved farther down stream. His life being so short, he has left but little record. As it is quaintly phrased, "No tradition of him unfavorable to his character has come down to us."

(*Ibid.*, p. 69. G. G. Brownell: "Genealogical Descendants of Thomas Brownell," p. 41. Orin Fowler: "History of Fall River," chart facing p. 66.)

Joseph Borden married, February 24, 1703, Sarah Brownell. (Brownell III.)

Children:

1. Stephen, born August 10, 1705, died August 30, 1738; married, February 3, 1726, Penlope Read.
2. *William,* of whom further.
3. George, born in 1709, died in 1767; married Priscilla Wilcox.
4. Joseph, born in 1712, died in Tiverton in 1800; married, January 26, 1736, Susannah Read.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 69, 96.)

IV

WILLIAM BORDEN, son of Joseph and Sarah (Brownell) Borden, was born in 1707. He lived in the vicinity of Fall River, Massachusetts, and raised a numerous family.

(*Ibid.*, p. 96. Orin Fowler: "History of Fall River," chart facing page 66.)

Children:

1. Sarah, born in 1732; married, February 17, 1751, John Francis.
2. Joseph, born August 12, 1733, died in 1807; married Peace Borden.
3. *William,* of whom further.
4. Benjamin, born in Tiverton, Rhode Island, in 1738; married Patience Cobb.
5. Ruth, born in 1740; married, January 30, 1762, Nathan Durfee.
6. Stephen, married, November 3, 1763, Mary Church.
7. Anne, married, February 1, 1764, William Jameson.
8. Parker, married Susannah Jennings.
9. Thomas, born in 1751, died in Nova Scotia, in 1845; married (first) Susanna Cox, born in 1761, died June 27, 1826; married (second) Louise Lanford, born July 2, 1805, died in 1876.

10. George, born in Fall River; married Susannah Church.
11. Gideon, married (first) Joanna Barlow; married (second) Mary Pettice.
12. Job, born in 1756, died December 31, 1833; married Lois Tilton.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 96, 125-26.)

V

WILLIAM BORDEN, JR., son of William Borden, was born in Tiverton, Rhode Island, February 26, 1736, and died in 1813. He was a mariner of Fall River and was lost overboard off Point Judith from a vessel in which he was sailing, during a violent storm. William Borden served as a private in 1779 in Sergeant John Luther's company from Freetown, Massachusetts.

(*Ibid.*, p. 125. D. A. R. Lineage Books, Vol. LXXVIII, p. 53.)

William Borden married, July 5, 1761, Ruhannah Jennings. (Jennings V.) Children:

1. Avis, born March 25, 1763; married Shubael Hutchins, of Killingly, Connecticut.
2. Anna, born December 4, 1764; married Ashaiel Fisher.
3. Ruhannah, born March 4, 1767; married Samuel Sprague.
4. *Susannah,* of whom further.
5. Ruth, born March 17, 1771; married Nathan Durfee.
6. Rosannah, born May 26, 1773; married Dyer Ames, of Sterling, Connecticut.
7. Roby.

(H. B. Weld: "Historical and Genealogical Record of Richard and Joan Borden," pp. 125, 146-47.)

VI

SUSANNAH BORDEN, daughter of William and Ruhannah (Jennings) Borden, was born February 3, 1769, and died in Charlton, January 28, 1827. She married, October 12, 1792, Rev. James Boomer. (Boomer V.)

(*Ibid.*, p. 146. D. A. R. Lineage Books, Vol. LXXVIII, p. 53.)

MACLELLAN (McCLELLAN) ARMS

Arms—Or, two chevrons sable.
Crest—A naked arm supporting on the point of a sword a Moor's head.
Motto—Think on. (Burke: "General Armory.")

McClellan

QUAINT derivation reminiscent of the mediæval closeness to the church is to be found in the ascribed meaning of the Scotch surname McLellan with its variant forms McClellan, MacClelland. It is a Galloway name signifying son of the servant of St. Fillan from Gillefhaolain, a servant of St. Fillan, showing close association with the monastery of St. Fillan. A place name in Galloway is "Balmaclellan" or MacLellan's town. Thomas MacLellan of Bombie (Bomby) was raised to the Peerage by Charles I as Baron Kircudbright, a peerage now dominant. The Maclellans in Scotland, however, were not confined to Galloway for another colony is to be found in Morar Inverness-shire. There are also MacLellans to be found in the Aberfeldy district of Perthshire.

(Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom," Vol. II, p. 7. F. Adams: "The Clans, Septs and Regiments of the Scottish Highlands," p. 171.)

I

JAMES McCLELLAN came into New England about 1718, and settled in Worcester, Massachusetts. He married, in December, 1722 (one record says December 26, another December 22), Elizabeth Hall, daughter of Deacon Percival Hall, of Sutton.

Children:

1. John, born December 6, 1723.
2. Rebecca, born April 23, 1725.
3. *James,* of whom further.
4. Mary, born January 17, 1730.

5. Moses, born July 9, 1733.
6. David, born August 19, 1735.

(W. A. Benedict and Rev. H. Tracy: "History of Sutton, Massachusetts," p. 693. F. P. Rice: "Worcester Births, Marriages and Deaths," Part II, p. 383; Part I, p. 172.)

II

JAMES McCLELLAN, JR., son of James and Elizabeth (Hall) McClellan, was born June 22, 1727, and died in Sutton, Massachusetts, September 11, 1794. He purchased a farm in the eastern part of Sutton, upon which he settled and where he and his wife lived until their death. The farm was occupied by his son, Deacon James McClellan, and his grandson, Deacon John McClellan, until 1855, when it was purchased by Reuben R. Dodge, in whose possession it now remains.

(W. A. Benedict and Rev. H. Tracy: "History of Sutton, Massachusetts," pp. 693-94.)

James McClellan married, February 2, 1758, Sarah Axtell, of Grafton. (Axtell V.)

Children:

1. *James,* of whom further.
2. Betsy, born in 1761, died June 20, 1766.
3. Sallie, born in 1763, died July 2, 1766.
4. Anna, born in 1765, died July 22, 1766. (*Ibid.,* p. 694.)

III

DEACON JAMES (3) McCLELLAN, son of James, Jr., and Sarah (Axtell) McClellan, was born in Sutton, Massachusetts, August 8, 1759, and died there, June 26, 1841. He settled on the farm on which his parents had lived, and is known as "a farmer and one of the leading men of the county." He was for a number of years identified with the First Baptist Church, and was one of the principal members. Deacon McClellan had an ashery on his farm and made

potash for the Boston market, which he himself carted. He owned much real estate besides his fine farm.

Deacon James McClellan married, in 1784, Beulah Bacon, daughter of Deacon Jonathan Bacon, then of Northbridge, afterwards of Dudley. She died August 9, 1837, aged seventy-three.

(W. A. Benedict and Rev. H. Tracy: "History of Sutton, Massachusetts," pp. 373, 694. F. C. Pierce: "History of Grafton, Massachusetts," p. 531. Biographical Review, Worcester County Wars, Vol. XXX, p. 861.)

Children:

1. Betsy, born in 1785; married Warren Marsh.
2. Sarah, born in 1787; married Rev. Jonathan Forbush.
3. James, born September 18, 1789; married Fanny Fletcher.
4. Patty, born in 1791, died February 2, 1816.
5. *Nancy,* of whom further.
6. Mary, born in 1796.
7. Benalah, born in 1798, died November 22, 1815.
8. Lucy, born December 4, 1800.
9. John, born December 13, 1806, died in Grafton, Massachusetts, March 21, 1886; married, at Attleborough, Massachusetts, October 14, 1834, Ama Ide Daggett. John McClellan was major in his State militia. While young he became deacon of the Baptist church, serving during his entire life. He filled the various offices of trust and honor which could be bestowed by his fellow-townsmen, and was especially active during the Civil War.

(F. C. Pierce: "History of Grafton, Massachusetts," pp. 531-32. S. B. Doggett: "A History of the Doggett-Daggett Family," p. 189.)

IV

NANCY McCLELLAN, daughter of James (3) and Beulah (Bacon) McClellan, was born January 13, 1794, and died October 26, 1864. She married, April 21, 1818, Rev. Job B. Boomer. (Boomer VI.)

(W. A. Benedict and Rev. H. Tracy: "History of Sutton, Massachusetts," 594.)

Ide

IDE was an Anglo-Saxon proper name, later little found, although used by the Frisians even in modern times. Whether the present day surname came from the old proper name, or was derived from Hide with the initial letter suppressed is undetermined. A "hide" in the sense used in the Middle Ages was so much land, generally about one hundred and twenty acres, as "with its house and toft, right of common and other appurtenances, was considered to be sufficient for the necessities of a family." (Archæologia, Vol. XXXV, p. 470.)

(M. A. Lower: "Patronymica Britannica," pp. 157, 167.)

I

NICHOLAS IDE, last English ancestor of the Ide family of America, died early in the seventeenth century. His widow married Thomas Bliss, of Belstone, near Okehampton, Devonshire, who died at Rehoboth, Massachusetts, in June, 1649. Thomas Bliss and his family were Puritans, and in 1636 they emigrated to America, the family consisting of his wife, two or three of his own children, and his stepson, Nicholas Ide. They resided first at Braintree near Boston, then removed for a short time to Hartford, Connecticut. Later they returned to Massachusetts and located at Weymouth. About 1643, because of religious dissensions at Weymouth, they went to Rehoboth. Thomas Bliss made a will in which he mentions his stepson, Nicholas Ide.

Child:

1. *Nicholas,* of whom further.

("American Ancestry," Vol. XII, p. 66.)



II

NICHOLAS IDE, JR., son of Nicholas Ide, was born about 1624, and died at Rehoboth, October 18, 1690. He was brought to America by his mother and his stepfather, Thomas Bliss, and after residing in Braintree, Hartford, and Weymouth, went with the family to Rehoboth, where he resided for the remainder of his life. April 9, 1645, he took part in the first drawing of lands at Rehoboth, and probably became of age at that time. He participated in later divisions of land at Rehoboth and at Attleborough, a town lying to the north. In 1648 Nicholas Ide was admitted a freeman. In 1662, 1669, and 1674 he was surveyor of highways. Nicholas Ide married Martha, who died in November, 1654.

Children:

1. Nathaniel, born November 11, 1647.
2. Mary, born December 10, 1649; married (first), December 12, 1673, Samuel Fuller, who died August 15, 1676; she married (second), December 22, 1677, John Redaway.
3. John, born in December, 1652, died in December, 1676, probably buried at Rehoboth; served in King Philip's War in 1675-76, in the Narragansett Expedition.
4. *Nicholas,* of whom further.
5. Martha, born in October, 1656, died in August, 1700; married, November 11, 1681, Samuel Walker.
6. Elizabeth, born April 6, 1658.
7. Timothy, born in October, 1660, died April 5, 1735; married, December 20, 1687; ensign and representative to the General Court.
8. Dorothy, born May 14, 1662.
9. Patience, born May 25, 1664.
10. Experience, born in October, 1665.

(*Ibid.,* p. 67. Rehoboth, Massachusetts, Vital Records, p. 649.)

III

NICHOLAS (3) IDE, son of Nicholas, Jr., and Martha Ide, was born at Rehoboth, in November, 1654, and died June 5, 1723. He was a soldier in King

Philip's War in 1675-76, serving under Major Bradford. Later he became an ensign and eventually a lieutenant. In 1682 Nicholas Ide was admitted a freeman. He removed to the neighboring town of Attleborough where he was chosen surveyor in 1697, and which he represented in the General Court in 1713 and 1714. Nicholas Ide married (first), at Rehoboth, December 27, 1677, Mary Ormsbee, who died September 9, 1690, probably the daughter of Richard and Sarah Ormsbee, who located at Saco in 1641, removed to Salisbury and Haverhill, and in 1663 located at Rehoboth, where the inventory of the estate of Richard Ormsbee was taken July 3, 1664. Three sons of Richard Ormsbee resided at Rehoboth and were born between 1641 and 1647, thus being of the same generation as Mary Ormsbee whose birth is not recorded. Nicholas Ide married (second) Eliza (or Elizabeth) Hewins.

Children of first marriage:

1. Nathaniel, born November 4, 1678, died at Attleborough, March 4, 1703.
2. *Jacob,* of whom further.
3. Martha, born March 18, 1683; married, November 8, 1705, Zachariah Carpenter. (Carpenter IV—ninth child.)
4. Patience, born May 12, 1686, died in November, 1716; married March 20, 1712.
5. John, born August 27, 1690; married, at Attleborough, May 14, 1719, Mehitable Robinson.

Children of second marriage:

6. Nicholas, born July 21, 1697.
7. Nicholas, born at Marblehead, December 27, 1703.

("American Ancestry," Vol. XII, pp. 67-68. Rehoboth Vital Records, p. 649. Hoyt: "Salisbury and Amesbury, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 267.)

IV

JACOB IDE, son of Nicholas and Mary (Ormsbee) Ide, was born at Rehoboth, July 4, 1681, and resided at Attleborough, Massachusetts. He married, January 1, 1707-08, Sarah Perry. (Perry III.)

Children:

1. Sarah, born March 10, 1709-10.
2. *Nathaniel,* of whom further.

("American Ancestry," Vol. XII, p. 67. Rehoboth Vital Records, pp. 202, 649. Attleborough Vital Records.)

V

NATHANIEL IDE, son of Jacob and Sarah (Perry) Ide, was born at Attleborough, September 13, 1712. He married (first) Deborah Barrows. Nathaniel Ide married (second) Lydia Wellington.

Children of first marriage:

1. Amy, born June 3, 1737, died in infancy.
2. Nathaniel, born December 19, 1738.
3. Nathan, born April 8, 1740.
4. Martha, born October 31, 1741.
5. Ezra, born July 4, 1743.
6. Timothy, born April 10, 1745.
7. Nehemiah, born November 24, 1746.
8. Ichabod, born June 29, 1748.
9. Lydia, born April 26, 1750.
10. Lucy, born May 7, 1751.
11. *Amy,* of whom further.

Children of second marriage:

12. Deliverance, born April 14, 1753.
13. Lucy, born October 15, 1754.
14. Elizabeth, born April 8, 1757.
15. Martha, born January 16, 1762.
16. Nathaniel, born August 8, 1765.
17. Ebenezer, born July 30, 1767.

(Attleborough Vital Records.)

IDE

VI

AMY IDE, daughter of Nathaniel and Deborah (Barrows) Ide, was born at Attleborough, January 7, 1752, and died at Union, Maine, in May, 1793, where she was drowned. She married, as his second wife, Lieutenant Benjamin Maxcy. (Maxcy III.)

(*Ibid.* Sibley: "History of Union, Maine," pp. 69, 469.)

EVERETT ARMS

Arms—Gules a chevron paly of eight or and azure between three mullets argent.
Crest—A griffin's head erased sable collared gemel of three pieces, the middle or, the others argent.

(Burke: "General Armory." Bolton: "American Armory.")

Everett

THE surname Everard is derived from the baptismal name Everard, the *d* being easily sharpened into *t*. The Everards of England have come from the form Evards of the Domesday Roll after the Conquest. They are descended, it is believed, from the German Eberhard, who was abbot of Einsiedlen in 934—it is very probable that the Norman St. Eberhault is the same. "Eberhard hardly reaches the rank of saint in the Roman calendar, but his exertions in a great famine that ravaged Alsace, Burgundy and Upper Germany in 942 account for the nationality of his name in that region." (C. Yonge: "History of Christian Names," Vol. II, p. 272.)

It is not known from just what English locality Richard Everett, the American progenitor of the line of our interest, came. From the fact that he was for several years in the employ of William Pynchon and that Pynchon himself was connected by marriage with the Everard family of County Essex, England, and as Richard was a very common baptismal name in this English Everard family, it is surmised that Richard Everett was born in County Essex.

(E. F. Everett: "Descendants of Richard Everett, of Dedham, Massachusetts," p. 9.)

I

RICHARD EVERETT was born probably in County Essex, England. He died July 3, 1682. He was designated as a "farrier" of Cambridge, Massachusetts, before he removed to Dedham. Tradition says he first settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, but no record is found to prove this. He may have lived near the dividing line between the two towns and in changing his residence may

have changed from one to the other. He mortgaged land in Cambridge, March 16, 1638-39. In 1636 Richard Everett was with William Pynchon, who with a party of settlers and their families went through the wilderness as far as the Connecticut River to a place called Agawam, now known as Springfield. Here on July 15, 1636, he made his mark as the one white witness to the Indian deed. The following month he was at a proprietor's meeting in Watertown.

From this time on his name appears first in Dedham, then in Springfield, Massachusetts, at various meetings. On January 6, 1638-39 he was granted his only land in Springfield—a lot one rod wide. Soon after, he left the town of Springfield. He was constable in 1652 and 1653. In 1655 he was elected surveyor. Richard Everett was on a committee in 1659, whose duty it was to lay out highways. In 1660-61 he was elected selectman of Dedham.

(E. F. Everett: "Descendants of Richard Everett," pp. 9-10-11-13-14. C. H. Pope: "Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 158. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XIV, p. 215.)

Richard Everett married (first) Mary. He married (second) Mary Winch, of Springfield, who came from Ipswich, England, in 1634.

Children of first marriage:

1. *John,* of whom further.
2. Mary, born September 28, 1638; married, in September, 1662, James Macker.
3. Samuel, born September 30, 1639; married, October 28, 1669, Mary Pepper; died March 26, 1717-18.
4. Sarah, born March 14, 1641, died April 1, 1641.
5. James, born March 14, 1643, died April 21, 1643.
6. Sarah, born June 12, 1644; married, July 24, 1665, Cornelius Fisher.
7. Abigail, born November 19, 1647; married, February 11, 1677, Matthias Puffer.
8. Israel, born July 14, 1651; married Abigail.
9. Ruth, born January 14, 1653.
10. Jedediah, born July 11, 1656, died about 1698-99; married Rachel.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XIII, p. 234; Vol. XIV, p. 215. "American Ancestry," Vol. IV, p. 186.)

II

CAPTAIN JOHN EVERETT, son of Richard and Mary Everett, was baptized at Dedham, Massachusetts, 15 d., 1 mo., 1646, and died in Dedham, Massachusetts, June 17, 1715. His name first appears in Dedham town records in 1662, when he is assessed "0-4-8." In 1668 and 1674 he had small grants of land. He was chosen fence viewer eleven times between 1671 and 1700; was constable 1678, 1684, and 1698-99 on the following committees: 1. To run the line between Dedham and Dorchester in 1682, 1685-86, 1691, 1694, and 1697. 2. To buy of Josias, sachem, a right of land south of Neponset River. 3. A committee to lay out highways in 1685-86. He was a surveyor of highways in 1704 and 1705, and was tithing man in 1700. John Everett was first styled captain in 1693 in Dedham Town Records. During King William's War he was called into active service to command a company of men stationed in New Hampshire and Maine to protect the inhabitants from the Indians.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XIV, p. 215. E. F. Everett: "Descendants of Richard Everett, of Dedham, Massachusetts," p. 21.)

Captain John Everett married, May 13, 1662, Elizabeth Pepper. (Pepper II.)

Children:

1. Elizabeth, born November 6, 1665; married John Newcomb.
2. Hannah, born November 14, 1670; married Simon Crosby.
3. Bethiah, born October 3, 1673, died October 19, 1694; married Peter Thorpe.
4. John, born June 9, 1676; married, January 3, 1700, Mercy Brown.
5. William, born January 20, 1678, died in 1765; married, February 24, 1703, Rachel Newcomb.
6. Israel, born April 8, 1681.
7. *Richard,* of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XIV, p. 215. E. F. Everett: "Descendants of Richard Everett, of Dedham, Massachusetts," pp. 21-29.)

EVERETT

III

RICHARD (2) EVERETT, son of Captain John and Elizabeth (Pepper) Everett, was born at Dedham, Massachusetts, October 24, 1683, and died there in 1746. His name appears on the valuation list of Dedham in 1727 and 1730, and in 1738 it appears on a petition to have lands lying within the westerly precinct of Stoughton, annexed to Dedham. He was selectman from 1736 to 1741. His will, probated February 25, 1745-46, mentions buildings and land in Attleborough and Stoughton, and the homestead in Dedham.

Richard Everett married, March 3, 1709, Mary Fuller. (Fuller III.)

Children:

1. Joshua, born December 14, 1709, died August 31, 1786; married (first) Margaret Avery, who died March 3, 1755. He married (second) Patience.
2. *Mary,* of whom further.
3. Jeremiah, born November 12, 1713; married Rebekah.
4. Timothy, born October 14, 1715.
5. Jonathan, born August 3, 1717; married, September 5, 1744, Jemima Mann.
6. Israel, born December 3, 1719; married, October 13, 1743, Sarah Metcalf.
7. Bethiah, born November 18, 1721, died November 24, 1722.
8. Bethiah, born October 7, 1723; married, April 8, 1743, Jonathan Day.
9. Hannah, born December 4, 1725; married (first), November 30, 1748, Richard Seaver, born in 1710; married (second) a Mr. Dean, of Easton.
10. Abigail, born December 3, 1727; married George Robinson, of Attleborough, Massachusetts.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," pp. 215-16. E. F. Everett: "Descendants of Richard Everett, of Dedham, Massachusetts," p. 37.)

IV

MARY EVERETT, daughter of Richard and Mary (Fuller) Everett, was born December 17, 1711. She married, February 3, 1737-38, Josiah Maxcy. (Maxcy II.)

CHICKERIN (CHICKERING) ARMS

Arms—Argent on a chevron vert, three cockerells of the first, membered gules.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

Chickering

SEVEN variations of the name Chickering have been found in the literature relating to the manor of Chickering of the parish of Ringsfield, between 1301 and 1545, as follows: Checkering, Checkeringe, Chikirynge, Ciccheliga, Cikelinga, Citiringe, and Chykeringg.

The English ancestors of the American family of Chickering seem to have originated in Norfolk County, England, the main points of settlement being Wymondham, Wicklewood and Ringsfield. Search in English records has led to the conclusion that the probable line of descent is: Thomas, of Wymondham, living in the reign of Henry VIII; Stephen, of Wicklewood, who died in 1576; Henry, of Ringsfield, who died in 1627, and was the father of Deacon Henry Chickering, of Dedham, Massachusetts.

(F. C. Torrey: "One Branch of the Chickering Family," pp. 4-5.)

I

HENRY CHICKERING, yeoman, born about 1560, was living in the parish of Branfield, Suffolk County, England, from 1588-95, and probably much later. He removed to Ringsfield, where it is recorded that he was living July 11, 1626, at which time he made his will. Henry's widow, Mary, brought her sons to New England, and was a resident of Dedham, Massachusetts, November 20, 1646, on which date she relinquished her interest in a parcel of land belonging to the manor of Benacre Hall, County Suffolk, England.

Henry Chickering's will was dated July 11, 1626, and he died in 1627. (Archdeaconry of Suffolk (Ipswich), 1627-28, p. 1.) Mary, widow of Henry Chickering, died at Dedham, Massachusetts, January 27, 1668.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 6-7. Dedham, Massachusetts, Vital Records, Vol. I, p. 11.)

Children (correct order not known. Names as given in Henry's will):

1. John, baptized December 28, 1593; married Thomazine Smyth.
2. Judith, married Robert Webster, of London.
3. Thomazine, buried at Wrentham, England, August 5, 1641.
4. Mary, baptized May 20, 1591; married, May 3, 1624, Thomas Aldred, of Brampton.
5. Symon, will dated July 8, 1674; proved August 22, 1674.
6. Reynold (or Reginald), baptized September 12, 1595; married Alice Thurton.
7. Francis, died October 10, 1658; married (first) Ann Fiske; (second) June 11, 1650, Sarah Sibbel.
8. *Henry*, of whom further.

(F. C. Torrey: "One Branch of the Chickering Family" (1919), pp. 6-7, and also chart opposite p. 10.)

II

DEACON HENRY CHICKERING, JR., son of Henry and Mary Chickering, was born in County Suffolk, England, about 1589, baptized January 5, 1588-89. He was a proprietor of Salem, Massachusetts, in 1639. He removed to Dedham, and with his wife was admitted to the church 29 (11) 1640. Deacon Henry Chickering was called to the First Church of Dedham, Massachusetts, "upon ye 23d of ye 4th 1650." Henry Chickering was a yeoman and was made freeman June 2, 1641. He served as deputy 27 (8) 1647. He died July 21, 1671; buried 22d, 5m, 1671, being eighty-two years old; will dated 23 (3) 1670; probated 31 (6) 1671.

Henry Chickering married (first), May 4, 1622, Elizabeth Smythe, widow of Benjamin, buried May 12, 1626. He married (second), May 10, 1628, Ann Grosse.

(C. H. Pope: "Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 98. Record of Births, Marriages and Deaths, Dedham, Massachusetts, p. 12. Church and Cemetery Records, Dedham, Massachusetts, pp. 35-39.)

Children (from Parish Registers of Wrentham, County Suffolk, England):

1. Elizabeth, baptized March 15, 1628-29, died November 10, 1629.
2. Elizabeth, baptized October 3, 1630.
3. *John,* of whom further.

(F. C. Torrey: "One Branch of the Chickering Family," p. 8.)

III

DOCTOR JOHN CHICKERING, son of Deacon Henry Chickering, was baptized August 31, 1634 (Parish Registers of Wrentham, County Suffolk, England). He was admitted an inhabitant 8 (11) 1658-59. With his wife he was admitted to the church 6 (9) 1664. Land was allotted to Dr. Chickering, July 18, 1669. (Selectmen's records, p. 103.)

Dr. John Chickering married Elizabeth Hackburne, of Dedham, who after his decease, married (second) Thomas Graves. She died "28 (5) 1676."

(T. B. Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 212.)

Children:

1. Katharine, born February 15 (baptized 15), 1662, died May 11, 1664.
2. Ann, born January 31 (baptized February 7), 1663-64, died May 16, 1664.
3. Katharine, born May 20 (21), 1665, died December 10, 1665.
4. Mercy, born April 5 (baptized 8), 1666, died May 16, 1667.
5. Elizabeth, born April 5 (baptized 7), 1667.
6. *Mercy,* of whom further.
7. Katharine, born April 18, 1669; married, in 1695, Jonathan Wardwell.
8. John, born August 20 (baptized 14(6), 1670); married Susanna Symnes.
9. Ann, born 1 (baptized 3), 10 mo., 1671; married Samuel Brackenbury.
10. Elizabeth, born March 22 (baptized 30), 1673, died April 19, 1673.
11. Elizabeth, born 18 (baptized 25), 8 mo., 1674, died 7 (6), 1675.

(*Ibid.,* Vol. I, pp. 212, 213. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 376.)

CHICKERING

IV

MERCY CHICKERING, daughter of Dr. John and Elizabeth (Hackburne) Chickering, was born in March, 1668. She married Jacob Shepard. (Shepard III.)

(T. B. Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 212; Vol. II, p. 860.)

ENSIGN ARMS

Arms—Sable three swords, erected argent pommels or, two and one.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Ensign

WHILE the name Ensign is not found in usual sources in this spelling, it is probably of Frisian or Danish origin. Probably the first of the name was an invader of the British Isles, who settled in Kent, England, and was the progenitor of the Ensing family and probably the same family found in New England as Ensign. Early English records speak of the family as ancient and honorable, but small. Its seat was at Chilham, Kent County, England, not far from Canterbury. In the vicinity occur these names: Ensden Wood; Ensden, etc.; a village name, a contraction of Ensingden. Thus it would appear that the earliest came to make his home in a wooded vale called in Old England a "den." In the reign of Richard II (1394-95) Richard de Signe, son of William de Signe, held a manor called Ensigne's Manor. A younger branch of the family was seated at Windham in Norfolk County, an old Saxon locality. It is not a proved fact, but one highly probable that Thomas and James Ensign, of New England, were of this old line. We find in the lists of those bearing this name, men who have been of steady, dependable character, aiding in establishing colonial affairs, as well as active in later developments of the country. Intermarriage with the Otis family brought a strong combination to the growth of the Plymouth Colony.

(W. I. Morse: "Genealogiæ," pp. 87, 88. "New England Register," Vol. II, pp. 284-85.)

I

THOMAS ENSIGN was born in England and died in 1663 (Inventory of estate February 17, 1663,—£71 9s.). He purchased land in Scituate, Massachusetts, in 1640, and a house and additional acres in 1642. He was one of the Cohasset partners in 1646. Thomas Ensign was of Duxbury in 1656. It is

thought that he was kinsman of James Ensign, who came with Rev. Thomas Hooker's company. While no proof exists, it is possible. In both families intermarriages were made with Shepherd families.

Thomas Ensign married, January 17, 1638, Elizabeth Wilder, daughter of widow Martha Wilder, of Hingham, Massachusetts. Widow Martha Wilder had a grant of land in Hingham in 1638 (five acres and other lots). She was from Shiplock, Oxfordshire, England, and brought her daughters, Mary and Elizabeth with her, probably. "Widow Martha" died in Hingham, Massachusetts, April 20, 1652.

(G. Lincoln: "History of Hingham, Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 312. S. Deane: "History of Scituate, Massachusetts," p. 266. J. Winsor: "History of Duxbury, Massachusetts," p. 257. "New England Register," Vol. VI, p. 185.)

Children:

1. John, died in 1676, killed in the Rehoboth battle by Indians. He married, before 1669, and his wife, whose name is unknown, died before him. John's only daughter, Hannah, married Stephen Otis, and had a son, Ensign Otis. Three Ensign Otises have occupied the original Ensign homestead in Scituate, Massachusetts.
2. *Hannah,* of whom further.
3. Elizabeth, married Nicholas Wade, of Scituate, Massachusetts.

(S. Deane: "History of Scituate, Massachusetts," pp. 266-70. "New England Register," Vol. II, pp. 284-85.)

II

HANNAH ENSIGN, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Wilder) Ensign, was baptized July 6, 1640, at Hingham, Massachusetts, and died March 14, 1697-98, aged fifty-nine. She married, November 19, 1658, Thomas Shepard. (Shepard II.)

(T. B. Wyman: "Charlestown, Massachusetts, Genealogies," Vol. II, p. 860. G. Lincoln: "History of Hingham, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 213.)

SPRAGG (SPRAGUE) ARMS

Arms—Or, three rose leaves in pale vert between two palets azure, a chief gules.
Crest—A sword in pale proper on the point thereof, suspended, a crown of olive or. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Sprague



PRAGG or Spraggs was the original form of this surname. It had its origin in a nickname, "the spragg," meaning the quick, the nimble, as did the name Sprake. Sprake seems to be an older form, as William Spraket is found in Somerset in the time of Edward III, while the earliest record of a Spragg available is of Ralph Spragg, of Knutsford, Cheshire, in 1632.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

WILLIAM SPRAGUE, the immigrant ancestor of this branch of the American family, was born in England and came to Massachusetts during the early period of the settlement of that colony. He is supposed to have been a younger brother of Ralph Sprague, of Charlestown, who came in 1629, bringing certainly a brother Richard and probably also William. They were probably sons of Edward Sprague, of Upway, in Devonshire. William Sprague is recorded in Hingham, Massachusetts, in 1636; he later removed to Marshfield, but soon returned to Hingham, and died October 26, 1675.

William Sprague married, in 1635, Millicent Eames, probably daughter of Anthony Eames; she died February 8, 1696.

Children:

1. Anthony, baptized May 23, 1636.
2. John, born in 1638.
3. Samuel, born in 1640.
4. Elizabeth, born in 1641.
5. Persis, born in 1643; married John Doggett.

6. Jonathan, born in 1643, died at age of four.
7. *Joanna,* of whom further.
8. Jonathan, born in 1648.
9. William, born May 7, 1650.
10. Mary, born in 1652.
11. Hannah, born February 25, 1655.

(Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of New England," Vol. IV, pp. 154, 156.)

II

JOANNA SPRAGUE, daughter of William and Millicent (Eames) Sprague, was born in 1644. She married, December 16, 1667, Caleb Church. (Church II.) (*Ibid.*)

WARREN ARMS

Arms—Gules, a lion rampant argent a chief chequy or and azure.
Crest—Out of a ducal coronet a demi-wivern wings expanded.
Motto—Pro patria mori. (Crozier: "General Armory.")

Warren

IN interest and antiquity the history of the Warren family is exceeded by that of no other in England. The surname Warren is of Norman-French origin and is derived from Garenne or Gareme, a small river in the old county of Galilas or Caux, in Normandy, which gave its name to the neighboring commune. There is at present a village called Garenne in the same district, and it is here that the origin of the family has been fixed by historians. The ancient baronial seat of the de Warrenes stood on the west side of the River Garenne, and as late as the year 1832 some of the ruins were standing. The surname has assumed different forms from time to time—Gareyn, Warreyn, Waryn, Warin, Waring, Warynge, Waryng, and Warren. It first appears in England with William de Warrenne, a Norman nobleman, who came to England with William the Conqueror, and was related to him both by marriage and common ancestry. The Warrens of England stand high in the historic annals of the history of all periods, and are allied by intermarriage with many of the illustrious noble families whose valor and idealism have carried through the long years of English history.

I

RICHARD WARREN came to the American Colonies in the historic "Mayflower" Company, which founded Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1620, although he was not of the Leyden company. The register at the end of Governor Bradford's folio manuscript gives him the honorable prefix of "Mr." He was mentioned by a contemporary as "grave Richard Warren, a man of integrity, justice and uprightness, of piety and serious religion"; and also "as a useful instrument during the short time he lived, bearing a deep share in the difficulties and troubles of the plantation." He received land grants in common with

his associates, and one of these grants was at Warren's Grove. He was one of the influential members of the company, and as such was selected with nine others to cruise along the coast from Cape Cod Harbor in a shallop for the purpose of deciding a place of settlement. His death occurred at Plymouth in 1628. His wife, Elizabeth, whom he married in England, followed him to America in the ship "Ann," in 1623, bringing with her their five daughters. She occupied an important social position in the colony, and is usually mentioned in the records as Mistress Elizabeth Warren, a designation by no means common. Here is one of the rare instances in any early colony, of continued widowhood. Upon the marriage of her daughters, she conveyed to their husbands certain lands, variously located at Eel River and Wellingsly. She died at Plymouth, October 2, 1673, aged about ninety years.

Children:

1. Mary, born in England, came to Plymouth, Massachusetts, in the "Ann," in July, 1623, died after 1676. She married, in 1628, Robert Bartlett, a fellow passenger of the "Ann."
2. Ann, born in England, about 1612, came in the "Ann" to Plymouth; married, April 19, 1633, Thomas Little, of Plymouth, and lived in Marshfield.
3. Sarah, born in England, came to Plymouth in the "Ann"; married, March 28, 1634, John Cooke, who later settled at Dartmouth, Massachusetts, and was the last survivor of the "Mayflower" passengers.
4. *Elizabeth,* of whom further.
5. Abigail, born in England and came in the "Ann," died after 1685 or after 1692. She married, November 8, 1639, Anthony Snow, of Plymouth, and later Marshfield, Massachusetts.
6. Nathaniel, born in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1624-25, and died (probably) there, in October, 1677. He married, November 19, 1645, Sarah Walker, who died in Plymouth, Massachusetts, November 24, 1700.
7. Joseph, born before March 22, 1627, at Plymouth, Massachusetts, died there, May 4, 1689; married, in 1651-52, Priscilla Faunce, daughter of John Faunce.

WARREN

(Samuel Putnam Avery: "The Warren, Little, and Lothrop Pedigrees." John Collins: "The Warren Genealogy." Roebling: "Richard Warren of the Mayflower," pp. 4-5, 6, 8, 9-10, 12. Ames: "The Log of the Mayflower," pp. 149-65, 168-80. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. LV, p. 7.)

II

ELIZABETH WARREN, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Warren, was born in England, and came to America in the "Ann." She died in Hingham, Massachusetts, March 4, 1670. She married, at Plymouth, Massachusetts, about 1635-36, Richard Church. (Church I.)

(Roebling: "Richard Warren of the Mayflower," p. 8.)

PERRY ARMS

Arms—Quarterly, gules and or, on a bend argent three lions passant azure.
Crest—A hind's head erased or, holding in the mouth a sprig of pear tree vert, fructed proper. (Matthews: "American Armoury.")

Perry

BARDSLEY in his "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames," gives two possible derivations of this surname. First, Perry is a local name designating residence "at the pery," or pear-tree. This is substantiated by the fact that the name frequently appeared in the early records preceded by *atte* and *de la*. Chaucer contributes the following:

And thus I let him sitting in the pery,
And January and May roming ful mery.

The second possible origin of this surname may have been from the baptismal name Perry, "the son of Perry," a diminutive of Peter, from the old French Pierre, which was rendered popular in England as Perry. We find the following names registered in the old records: In the Hundred Rolls of 1273, John Pery of Oxfordshire, Richard de la Pirie and Walter atte Pyrie, also of Oxfordshire, and Roger de la Peyre, of County Cambridge.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

ANTHONY PERRY was born in England in 1615 and was buried March 1, 1682-83, leaving a will recorded at Plymouth. He came to America in 1640, and soon after his arrival located at Rehoboth, Massachusetts, where he acquired a large landed property, and represented the town in the General Assembly of the colony. In 1675 he contributed liberally to the support of King Philip's War. Anthony Perry married Elizabeth.



PERRY.

Arms—Quarterly, gules and or, on a bend argent three lions passant azure

Crest—A hind's head erased or, holding in the mouth a sprig of pear tree vert, fructed proper. (Matthews: "American Armoury.")

CARPENTER.

Arms—Argent a greyhound passant, and chief sable.

Crest—A greyhound's head, erased per fesse sable and argent.

Motto—*Celeritas, virtus, fidelitas.*

(Amos B. Carpenter: "A Genealogical History of the Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family.")





Perry



Carpenter

Children:

1. Samuel, born December 10, 1648; married, December 12, 1678, Mary Miller (or Millard).
2. Elizabeth, born October 25, 1650; married, May 29, 1674, Stephen Burph.
3. Johaziel, born October 18, 1652; buried in September, 1676.
4. Mary, born December 9, 1654; married, July 17, 1681, Thomas Kendrick.
5. Mehitable, born September 23, 1657; buried in September, 1676.
6. *Nathaniel,* of whom further.

(G. H. Tilton: "Rehoboth, Massachusetts," pp. 371, 374. Rehoboth Vital Records, pp. 301, 715, 865.)

II

NATHANIEL PERRY, son of Anthony and Elizabeth Perry, was born at Rehoboth, October 8, 1660. He married, May 17, 1683, Sarah Carpenter, born in 1663-64. (Carpenter V.)

Children, double dating used in months affected by subsequent change in calendar:

1. Anthony, born March 7, 1683-84, buried January 29, 1685.
2. Anthony, born April 11, 1686, died April 23, 1703.
3. *Sarah,* of whom further.
4. Nathaniel, born April 2, 1691; married (intention), October 25, 1714, Patience Butterworth.
5. Patience, born January 21, 1695-96; married, March 1, 1715, Samuel Butterworth.
6. Jacob, born August 21, 1698.
7. John, born March 11, 1700-01; married, November 23, 1721, Mary Newsome.

(Rehoboth Vital Records, pp. 301, 489, 715, 865.)

III

SARAH PERRY, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (Carpenter) Perry, was born at Rehoboth, October 6, 1688. She married Jacob Ide. (Ide IV.)

(*Ibid.*)

CARPENTER ARMS

Arms—Argent a greyhound passant, and chief sable.
Crest—A greyhound's head, erased per fesse sable and argent.
Motto—Celeritas, virtus, fidelitas.

(Amos B. Carpenter: "A Genealogical History of the Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family.")

Carpenter

IN his volume, the "Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family," published in 1898, Amos Carpenter gives early ancestry for the Carpenter family, but later search seems to place much of this early material in the realm of conjecture. Daniel H. Carpenter, in his "Carpenter Family in America" (Providence, Rhode Island branch), published three years later than the book of Amos B. Carpenter, says: "Each of our three Carpenter families (Providence, Rehoboth, Philadelphia) has undisputed proof of at least one generation on English soil previous to the emigration to America; beyond that there is a hiatus of more than a century which can only be filled by conjecture." This would seem to allow the following as authentic.

I

WILLIAM CARPENTER, of England, had several children, namely:

1. James, who inherited the estate of his father.
2. Alexander, born about 1560, was a Dissenter and on account of religious persecution removed with his family to Leyden, Holland. His only son was probably William, of Cobham.
3. *William,* of whom further.
4. Richard, was the father of William Carpenter, who came to America in 1636, settled in Providence, Rhode Island, with Roger Williams, and is known as the progenitor of the Providence branch.

(Amos Carpenter: "Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family," p. 34.)

II

WILLIAM CARPENTER, JR., son of William Carpenter, was born in 1576, and was a carpenter by trade. He rented certain tenements and gardens in

Houndsdith in 1625 to him demised for forty-one years with a covenant to build within five years, which tenements and gardens were heretofore conveyed to the city's use for the support of the Carpenter Free School by John Carpenter, town clerk of London. This William, the progenitor of the Rehoboth family, came over in the ship "Bevis" with his son William, son's wife Abigail and their children. The earliest record of unquestioned authenticity, relating to his family, is as follows: "Southampton.—The list of the names of Passeng[s] Intended to shipe themselves, In the Beuis of Hampton of CL. Tounes, Robert Batten M[r] for New-england, And thus by vertue of the Lord Treasurers warrant of the second of May w[ch] was after the restraynt and they some Dayes gone to sea Before the Kinges Mat[es] Proclamacon Came Unto South'ton."

No. of persons		Ages
8	William Carpenter }	62
	William Carpenter, Jun. } of Horwell Carpent[rs]	33
	Abigail Carpenter and fower children 10 and under	32
	Tho: Banshott, servt.	14

Endorsed: "Southton, 1638. The Cert. and list of the Passeng[rs] names gone for New England in the Bevis of Hampton, in May, 1638."

The statement was made, in 1860, that Horwell, above, probably should be Horil, and that "there is a Horil in Hamshire, near Linington."

That the aforesaid William Carpenter, aged sixty-two in 1638, and therefore born about 1576, was identical with William Carpenter, of Weymouth, Massachusetts, and that the aforesaid William Carpenter, Jun., aged thirty-three in 1638, and therefore born about 1605, was identical with William Carpenter, of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, is a genealogical fact of general acceptance. There is, however, a disagreement of opinion regarding the elder of the Williams. Mr. Savage, in his "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," states that he died in 1659-60, leaving children, John, William, Joseph, Abijah, Samuel, Hannah, Abigail, but the compiler of the "Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family" states, nearly two-score years after the publication of Mr. Savage's work, that William, the elder, born in 1576 "returned in the same vessel in which he came over." This author also, after many years of search and inquiry, assigns the will of 1659-60 to the younger William Carpenter, born in 1605, and gives his children as John, William, Joseph, Hannah, Abiah, Abigail, Samuel.

According to the latter, and probably correct version, nothing further is known of the elder William or his descendants in the New World with the exception of his son William and the latter's descendants.

William Carpenter, the elder, had a son:

1. *William,* of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XIV, p. 336; Vol. LXXIII (1919), p. 111; Vol. LXXVIII (1924), p. 105. J. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I (1860), p. 337. Amos Carpenter: "Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family," p. 38.)

III

WILLIAM (3) CARPENTER, son of William Carpenter, who at the age of sixty-two came to New England in 1638 and soon returned to England, was born, probably in England, about 1605, and died in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, February 7, 1659. He was admitted a freeman of Weymouth, Massachusetts, May 13, 1640; was representative of Weymouth in 1641 and 1643, and from the town of Rehoboth in 1645; in June of the latter year he was made a freeman of Rehoboth. In 1645 William Carpenter with others was chosen to look after the interests of the town; the same year he was chosen by the town to represent them in the Court at Plymouth. In 1647 he was chosen as one of the directors of the town, and again in 1655. In 1653 is the first time that his name was written as William Carpenter, Sr. His son, William, would be twenty-one at this date, and was a resident of the town. About 1642 he was commissioned captain by the General Court of Massachusetts.

The land of William Carpenter of Weymouth was described on the town records, about 1642-44, in considerable detail; it included two acres in the west field, four acres in the mill field, eighteen acres near the fresh pond, three acres, four acres, and four acres, all in "Harrises Rainge," and two acres of fresh marsh.

"William Carpenter, Sr., of Rehoboth," made his will "10th month 10th day" (probably December 10, 1658); it was proved April 21, 1659. He bequeathed to his son John "one mare, being the old white mare, and my best dublet, and my handsomest coat, and new cloth to make him a pair of breeches,"

"twenty shillings to buy him a calf," and a number of books. Bequests to his other children included various parcels of land, a number of horses, colts, oxen, steers, sheep, also Latin, Greek and Hebrew books.

William Carpenter married, probably in England, Abigail, who died February 22, 1687; her husband's will shows clearly that she, "mother" of Joseph, who was born in England, was living in 1658.

Children:

1. John, born in England about 1628; died probably at Jamaica, Long Island, New York, May 23, 1695; married Hannah, probably Hannah Hope; title of captain when made captain of the Jamaica Fusileers, defended Fort James, New York, against the fleet of the Prince of Orange at the time of the recapture of New York by the Dutch.
2. William, born about 1631-32, died January 26, 1703; married (first), October 5, 1651, Priscilla Bennett; (second), February 10, 1663-64, Miriam Sale.
3. Joseph, born probably about 1633, died in May, 1675; married, May 25, 1655, Margaret Sutton.
4. Hannah, born at Weymouth, April 3, 1640; married Joseph Carpenter.
5. Abiah (twin), born at Weymouth, April 9, 1643, died before 1702.
6. Abigail (twin), born at Weymouth, April 9, 1643; married, in 1659, John Titus.
7. *Samuel,* of whom further.

(Amos Carpenter: "Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family" (1898), pp. 38-50. Weymouth Historical Society Publications, No. 2, pp. 254, 278. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. LXV, p. 65.)

IV

SAMUEL CARPENTER, son of William and Abigail Carpenter, was born in 1644, and died February 20, 1682-83. He was one of the purchasers in the North Purchase of Rehoboth, and land was allotted to him in the division of February 5, 1671. He gave £11 19s. 5d. towards the expense of King Philip's War. His estate was valued at £58 16s. 6d. Samuel Carpenter married, May 25, 1660, Sarah Readaway, of Rehoboth, who married (second) Gilbert Brooks.

Children:

1. Samuel, born September 15, 1661, died January 17, 1736; married, January 8, 1683, Patience Ide; a lieutenant in the militia.
2. *Sarah,* of whom further.
3. Abiah, born February 10, 1665-66, died April 28, 1732; married (first), May 30, 1690, Mehitable Read; he married (second), June 7, 1702, Sarah Read; he married (third), July 16, 1726, Mary Ormsby; a wheelwright; an ensign in the militia.
4. James, born April 12, 1668, died April 27, 1738; married, June 26, 1690, Dorothy Bliss.
5. Jacob, born September 5, 1670, probably died while on the Canadian expedition of 1690.
6. Jonathan, born December 11, 1672, died August 23, 1716; married, March 13, 1699, Hannah French.
7. David, born April 17, 1675, died July 26, 1701.
8. Solomon, born December 23, 1677, died at South Kingston, in 1750; married, in 1696, Elizabeth Tefft.
9. Zachariah, born July 1, 1680, died April 8, 1718; married, November 8, 1705, Martha Ide. (Ide III—third child.)
10. Abraham, born September 20, 1682, died April 22, 1758; married, May 1, 1705, Abiall or Abigail Bullard.

(A. B. Carpenter: "Genealogical History of Rehoboth Branch of Carpenter Family," pp. 48-50, 59-60.)

V

SARAH CARPENTER, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Readaway) Carpenter, was born January 11, 1663-64. The following is a joint claim to the estate of Samuel Carpenter, Nathaniel Perry's father-in-law. "Received of William Carpenter and my mother-in-law, Sarah Carpenter and my brother-in-law, Samuel Carpenter, administrators to the estate of Samuel Carpenter, deceased, the full sum of 24 lbs. and 10 shillings in several goods and coin and money which was my wife's portion, of which I do hereby acquit and discharge them, their heirs, executors, or administrators. In Witness, I have set my hand this 21st day of December, Anno 1683. NATHANIEL PERRY."

Sarah Carpenter married Nathaniel Perry. (Perry II.) (*Ibid.*)

BACON ARMS

Arms—Azure, three boars passant or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

BACON.

Arms—Azure, three boars passant or. (Burke, "General Armory.")

VALE (FALES).

Arms—Per fess argent and azure, three lions passant counterchanged.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

HAYWARD

Arms—Argent, a bull's head gules between three mullets sable.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

BUTTERWORTH.

Arms—Sable, a cross engrailed between four plumbs argent.
Crest—A sphere resting on a cloud proper.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

ESTEN.

Arms—Or, on a cross pattée azure five martlets argent on a chief of the second a fleur-de-lis of the first between two plates, each charged with a billet azure.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

BROWNELL.

Arms—Ermine, on a chevron cotised sable, three escallops argent.
Crest—Out of a ducal coronet a triple plume of feathers, five, four and three
(Crozier: "General Armory.")



Bacon



Vale
(Fales)



Hayward



Butterworth



Eaton



Brownell

Bacon

CONCERNING the family name Bacon, M. A. Lower in his "Patronymica Britannica" has the following account to give: "A seigniory in Normandy. According to the genealogy of the great Suffolk family of Bacon, one Grimbald, a relative of the Norman chieftain William de Warenne, came into England at the Conquest, and settled near Holt. His great-grandson is stated to have taken the name of Bacon. This was only a resumption of an ancient Norman surname, which is still existing in the North of France. William Bacon, in 1082, endowed the abbey of the Holy Trinity at Caen—Taylor's "Roman de Rou." The name is in the Battle Roll, and in the H. R. it is written variously Bachun, Bacun, and Bacon. In some instances the surname may be a corruption of Beacon. From their connection with Bayeux, the Bacons were sometimes latinized De Bajocis."

The name was early used, as John le Bacon is in Excerpta e Rotulis Finium in Turri Londinensi; Wymer Bacon is in the Hundred Rolls of County Suffolk, A. D. 1273, and Cecilia Bacon in those of County Norfolk at the same date.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

The will of Thomas Bacon was proved at Helmingham, County Norfolk, February 28, 1535, in which he makes bequest to "Johan my wyff," and children. His widow died in 1540; will proved December 12, 1540.

Children:

1. *John,* of whom further.
2. Thomas, died in 1557; wife Agnes died in 1580.

3. Anne, married a Dow.
4. Elizabeth.

(T. W. Baldwin: "Bacon Genealogy. Michael Bacon, of Dedham, Massachusetts" (1640), p. 14. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. LVI, pp. 364-74.)

II

JOHN BACON, son of Thomas and Johan Bacon, was born at Helmingham, County Norfolk, England; will proved March 19, 1557. He married Margaret.

Children:

1. William.
2. Thomas.
3. *Michael (Mihell)*, of whom further.
4. Richard.
5. Barbara.
6. Rose.
7. William.

(T. W. Baldwin: "Bacon Genealogy" (1640), p. 14.)

III

MICHAEL (MIHELL) BACON, son of John and Margaret Bacon, was born in Helmingham, County Norfolk, England, and was buried March 25, 1615. He lived at Winston, County Suffolk, and married (first), August 16, 1565, Elizabeth Wylie; he married (second), September 20, 1607, widow Grace Blowersis.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 16-17.)

Children:

1. John, baptized May 31, 1566.
2. William.
3. Thomas.
4. *Michael*, of whom further.

5. Elizabeth, baptized September 3, 1584.
6. Sarah, married Daniel Yorke. (*Ibid.*, p. 17.)

THE FAMILY IN AMERICA

I

MICHAEL BACON, JR., son of Michael (Mihell) and Elizabeth (Wylie) Bacon, was born at Winston, County Suffolk, England, and baptized December 6, 1579. He died in Dedham, Massachusetts, April 18, 1648. In 1633 he is one of the signers of the Dedham, Massachusetts, agreement. but he returned to England, where he is a subscriber in the ship money returns for County Suffolk, March 27, 1640, but soon took passage by way of Ireland, and is mentioned in a vote in Dedham town meeting, May 26, 1640, and is promised a grant of upland and meadow at Bogastowe. Michael Bacon married Alice, who died April 2, 1648, at Dedham, Massachusetts.

Children, born in England:

1. Michael, 3d, born about 1608, died July 4, 1688; on Charlestown Town Orders for proposed town of Woburn, Massachusetts, December 18, 1640. He married (first) Mary, who died August 26, 1655; he married (second), October 26, 1655, Mary Richardson, widow of Thomas Richardson. She died May 19, 1670, and Michael Bacon married (third), November 28, 1670, Mary (Hames) Noyes, widow of Thomas Noyes, and daughter of Walter and Eliza Hames.
2. Daniel, born about 1615, died in Newton, Massachusetts, September 7, 1691; original proprietor of Woburn, 1640. He married Mary Read, who died October 4, 1691.
3. *John,* of whom further.
4. Alice, died March 29, 1648; married, March 31, 1647, Thomas Bancroft, born in England, in 1622, son of John and Jane Bancroft, of Dedham, Massachusetts.
5. Sarah, died in 1652; married, April 14, 1648, Anthony Hubbard, of Dedham.

(T. W. Baldwin: "Bacon Genealogy" (1640), pp. 24-25, 28. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. LVI, pp. 364-74.)

II

JOHN BACON, son of Michael and Alice Bacon, was born in England, and died in Dedham, Massachusetts, June 17, 1683. He was very prominent in public affairs of Dedham; chosen surveyor in 1656, and several times later; served in Captain Timothy Dwight's Company in King Philip's War, and was stationed in a garrison at Wrentham. He was constable in 1677. John Bacon married, February 17, 1651, Rebecca Hall, of Dedham, who died October 27, 1694.

(T. W. Baldwin: "Bacon Genealogy" (1640), pp. 153-59.)

Children, born in Dedham, Massachusetts:

1. Mary, married, October 16, 1673, Nathaniel Kingsbury.
2. John, born July 17, 1656, died October 27, 1732; married, December 15, 1683, Lydia Dewing, daughter of Andrew Dewing, of Dedham. She married (second) Joseph Draper, Jr.
3. Rebecca, born December 10, 1658; married, February 13, 1678, John Gay.
4. Daniel, born March 10, 1660-61, died October 27, 1694; married, April 21, 1685, Elizabeth Martin, probably daughter of Richard Martin. She died April 21, 1700.
5. Sarah, born March 31, 1663; married John Ellis.
6. Samuel, born October 8, 1665, died in Needham, Massachusetts, November 26, 1743; married, July 3, 1705, Elizabeth Ackers, of Roxbury, Massachusetts, who died September 24, 1730. He married (second), July 26, 1732, widow Rebecca Boyden.
7. *Thomas,* of whom further.
8. Susanna, born January 18, 1668; married, January 7, 1692, Jonathan Dewing, born April 3, 1663.
9. Stephen, born August 21, 1677, died February 8, 1766; married, January 6, 1704, Mary Loker, daughter of John and Sarah (Rice) Loker. She died June 18, 1767. (*Ibid.,* p. 163.)

III

THOMAS BACON, son of John and Rebecca (Hall) Bacon, was born in Dedham, Massachusetts, August 23, 1667, and died in Wrentham, Massachu-

setts, April 10, 1749. He removed to Wrentham soon after his marriage and is on record among the planters there, 1693. He married (first), January 22, 1691, Hannah Vales (Fales). (Fales II.) He married (second), July 16, 1746, Mary Fisher, who died March 25, 1750, aged seventy-five.

Children of first marriage, born in Wrentham:

1. Thomas, born November 26, 1693, died April 10, 1749. He married, October 3, 1711, Esther Thurston, who died August 1, 1713. He married (second) Deborah (Fales) Pond.
2. Hannah, born April 25, 1697, died October 23, 1754; married, December 13, 1717, Robert Pond, who died April 3, 1755.
3. James, born October 28, 1700, died June 17, 1786; married, February 8, 1725-26, Mercy Man, daughter of Josiah and Zipporah Man. She died July 13, 1791, aged eighty-five.
4. *Martha,* of whom further.
5. Jacob, born September 9, 1706, died in Rowley, Massachusetts, August 14, 1787; married, June 27, 1749, Mary Wood, died February 17, 1772, daughter of Dr. David Wood. He married (second), in Dorchester, Massachusetts, October 25, 1774, Mary Whitney, who died March 6, 1815.
6. John, born April 22, 1710, died in 1806; married Mary.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 166-67.)

IV

MARTHA BACON, daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Vales) (Fales) Bacon, was born October 8, 1703, and died April 3, 1800. She married John Shepard. (Shepard IV.)

(*Ibid.* Wrentham, Massachusetts, Vital Records, Vol. II, p. 245.)

VALE (FALES) ARMS

Arms—Per fess argent and azure, three lions passant counterchanged.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Fales

THE English surname Vale or Fale originated to designate a resident in a vale. John del Vale is in Freemen of York, 1291 A. D., Hugh and Robertus del Vale, in Placita de Quo Warranto, 1293. George Vale was baptized in London, in 1655.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

JAMES VALES (FALES), of England, was settled in Dedham, Massachusetts, as early as 1651, when he is found in the selectmen's records as an inhabitant to be called to the general town meeting. He received his first grant of land and built his first house in southeastern Dedham on the present Cedar Street, but as early as 1663 removed to what is now the centre of the town of Walpole, where he was the first settler. He died July 10, 1708. He married, July 28, 1655, Ann Brock, younger daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Brock, of Dedham. (Brock II.) The earlier spelling of the name is Vales. His signature of May 3, 1665, has Vayles, but in 1662 Fales; in his deed of July 14, 1705, to his son Ebenezer it is Fale; in the second and third generations the name settles to Fales. The Brock family, says Mather, came from Stradbrook in Suffolk, 1637.

Children, born in Dedham, Massachusetts:

1. James, born July 4, 1656, died March 4, 1741-42; married Deborah Fisher.
2. John, born October 5, 1658; married Abigail Hawes.
3. Mary, born August 30, 1664.
4. Peter, born in 1668 (probably); married Abigail Robbins.

5. *Hannah,* of whom further.
6. Martha, born October 28, 1675; married, May 7, 1701, Joseph Cowell.
7. Rachel, born June 19, 1680.
8. Ebenezer, born March 1, 1681-82; married (first) Deborah; (second) Sarah.

(De C. Fales: "The Fales Family of Bristol, Rhode Island," pp. 9-22. Dedham, Massachusetts, Records, Vol. I, Births, Marriages and Deaths, pp. 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 16, 18.)

II

HANNAH VALES (FALES), daughter of James and Ann (Brock) Vales, was born in Dedham, Massachusetts, January 16, 1672-73, and died at Wrentham, Massachusetts, April 20, 1711. She married Thomas Bacon. (Bacon III.)

HAYWARD ARMS

Arms—Argent, a bull's head gules between three mullets sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Hayward

IN the days of simpler village life in old England, many of the old time occupations, now long disused, were of particular value in the life of the community. Of such was the work of the hay-ward or hedge-watcher, from which the surname Hayward was adopted in that far off day when the assuming of surnames became general. The hay-ward or hedge-watcher kept the common or village herds from straying. The name was early found, as might be expected in various sections, Adam le Hayward is in the Hundred Rolls of County Devon, A. D. 1273; Robertus Hayward in the Poll Tax of Yorkshire, 1379.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

WILLIAM HAYWARD was born in England. He was in Braintree, Massachusetts, in 1648, with his wife Margery. He was drowned May 10, 1659. In abstracts from the earliest wills on record in the county of Suffolk, Massachusetts, by William B .Trask, of Dorchester, is found the following:

> Inventory of the goods & lands of William Hayward, of Brantree, late deceased, taken 8 July 1659, by Henry Kingman, John Rogers, John French. Am[t] £195.05.06. 14 June 1659. Power of Administracon granted to Margery, his late wife, in behalfe selfe & Children. Margery Heywood deposed.

Children of William and Margery Hayward, all, or most all born in England:

1. Jonathan, married, May 6, 1663, Sarah Thayer, and had fourteen children at Braintree.

2. Hannah.
3. Huldah, married, 14, 11, 1652, Ferdinando Thayer.
4. Mary, married, in 1651, Samuel Deering, and died July 1, 1657.
5. Sarah.
6. *William,* of whom further.
7. Samuel, of Mendon, died July 29, 1713.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. IX, p. 346; Vol. XLI, p. 193; Vol. XLV, p. 313. Records of Braintree, Massachusetts, p. 715.)

II

WILLIAM HAYWARD, JR., son of William and Margery Hayward, died in Mendon, Massachusetts, December 17, 1717. He married, in Swansea, Massachusetts, Sarah Butterworth. (Butterworth II.)

Children:

1. Jonathan, born April 8, 1672.
2. Margery, born September 10, 1673.
3. Sarah, born March 2, 1676.
4. Mary, born January 9, 1678.
5. William, born January 30, 1680.
6. *Mercy* or *Marcy,* of whom further.
7. Samuel, born May 18, 1683.
8. Huldah, born March 13, 1685.
9. Oliver, born March 17, 1687.
10. Hannah, born March 11, 1689.
11. Benjamin.
12. Content.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLI, p. 193.)

III

MERCY or MARCY HAYWARD, daughter of William, Jr., and Sarah (Butterworth) Hayward, was born in Swansea, Massachusetts, January 30, 1681, and died October 11, 1710. She married John Martin. (Martin III.)

BUTTERWORTH ARMS

Arms—Sable, a cross engrailed between four plumbs argent.
Crest—A sphere resting on a cloud proper. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Butterworth

BUTTERWORTH, an English surname, originated to designate a native of Butterworth, an ancient division of Rochdale Parish, Lancashire. Reginald de Boterworth lived in the reign of Henry II, first of the Plantagenet Kings (1154-89). The will of John Butterworth, of Butterworth, 1595, is among wills at Chester, and the will of Alice Butterworth, of Rochdale, 1587, is among the same. (Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

JOHN BUTTERWORTH, born in England about 1630, died in Swansea, Massachusetts, in 1708. He was executor of the will of his uncle, Samuel Butterworth, who was a freeman of Massachusetts, May 13, 1640, and a proprietor in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, in 1645. He was buried there, in September, 1685. Samuel Butterworth's will mentions his cousins (used in the legal sense in this case as nephews), Abraham Butterworth of Rhode Island; John Butterworth, of Swansea, and his sons Samuel and Benjamin; William Hayward, of Swansea; his cousin Mary Mason and her sons Noah and Samuel; and Ann Butterworth, daughter of Abraham Butterworth. John Butterworth was propounded for a freeman at Rehoboth, June 3, 1652, received a lot of land June 22, 1658, and was a juryman in 1662. In 1663 a Baptist church of seven members was organized at his home, and he was for a long time its deacon. This congregation soon removed to Swansea, which was incorporated March 5, 1668, and he was made one of the five who had the ordering of the town affairs. In 1670 and 1677 he was surveyor of highways for Rehoboth. He was constable in 1688. At the time of his death he was called of Bristol, but his death is recorded in Rehoboth. His wife, Sarah, died before he did.

Children, first four born in Rehoboth, the rest in Swansea:

1. John, born September 8, 1651, died March 30, 1730-31; married, September 4, 1674, Hannah Wheaton, born September 18, 1654, died October 7, 1724, daughter of Robert Wheaton.
2. *Sarah,* of whom further.
3. Nathaniel, born April 12, 1655.
4. Joseph, born May 15, 1657, died in Swansea, in 1746; married, July 22, 1691, Elizabeth Boomer.
5. Deborah, born May 2, 1659; married John Jenkins, of Rehoboth.
6. Mary, born September 8, 1661; married (first), November 1, 1681, Joseph Slade; (second) Samuel Thayer, son of Ferdinando and Huldah (Hayward) Thayer. He died December 19, 1721.
7. Mercy, born January 22, 1663; married, December 12, 1681, Joseph Sloud.
8. Hopestill, born in March, 1665; married (first), June 25, 1687, John Luther; (second) John Eddy, son of Zachariah and Alice Eddy.
9. Samuel (Rehoboth records, George), born middle of May, 1667.
10. Experience, born August 15, 1669.
11. Benjamin, born October 31, 1672; married, January 6, 1692, Huldah Hayward.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLI, pp. 191-194. J. N. Arnold: "Vital Record of Rehoboth, Massachusetts," p. 569.)

II

SARAH BUTTERWORTH, daughter of John and Sarah Butterworth, was born in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, May 28, 1653, and died at Mendon, Massachusetts. She married William Hayward, Jr. (Hayward II.)

(*Ibid.*)

ESTEN ARMS

Arms—Or, on a cross pattée azure five martlets argent on a chief of the second a fleur-de-lis of the first between two plates, each charged with a billet azure. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Esten

WHILE there is a tradition that the family of Esten was originally of Huguenot origin, there is also likelihood that the name Esten and Eston are the same. The French Huguenot De Estine family were driven from France in 1562 and first appeared in England near Manchester; the English form Eston, meaning belonging or living at the East Farm of village. However, while it is uncertain from just which family the first Thomas of the Esten line of our interest descended, it is most probable that he came from either Wales or a border county of England.

(Austin: "Representative Men and Old Families of Rhode Island," Vol. III, p. 2226. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

I

THOMAS ESTEN was born probably in the Welsh Herefordshire (now an English county), although other records say Hertfordshire, and died in Providence, Rhode Island, in 1691. He brought his family to America with Rev. John Myles in 1665. Myles had been the settled minister of the Baptist church in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, in 1663. It was doubtless the Rev. Myles' return visit to England which brought the company together in 1665, for in 1667 Rev. John Myles was pastor of Swansea church. Thomas Esten is recorded as "Astin Thomas the Welchman" in a land boundary grant in Providence, April 27, 1668. December 23, 1668 he sold two acres of land for twenty shillings, then calling himself "husbandman," and signing "Estance Thomas." "Ann Thomas" signed with him. In a deed he signed himself Eustance Thomas and his son Thomas Eustance in 1674. He and his two sons were taxed six shillings three pence, on July 1, 1679. February 12, 1686, and 1688 Thomas Esten is recorded as giving

land, etc., to his sons Henry, and Thomas is also mentioned. December 21, 1691, he deeded thirty acres to his son Henry. His son Thomas swore allegiance in 1682.

Thomas Esten married, April 23, 1643, Ann, who died in Providence, Rhode Island, in 1686.

Children, all born in England:

1. *Joanna,* of whom further.
2. Thomas, born February 17, 1647, died November 5, 1708; married Priscilla Harding.
3. Henry, born January 11, 1651, died March 23, 1711; married (first) Elizabeth Manton; he married (second) Sarah Harding, who died August 20, 1761.

(H. J. Martin: "Notes of the Martin Family," p. 208. J. O. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," pp. 294-96. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 126. "Representative Men and Old Families of Rhode Island," Vol. III, p. 2226. Vital Records of Providence, Rhode Island—Births, Deaths, Vol. II, p. 265.)

II

JOANNA ESTEN, daughter of Thomas and Ann Esten, was born in Herefordshire, England, June 1, 1645, and died March 23, 1733, in Providence, Rhode Island. She married John Martin. (Martin II.) (*Ibid.*)

BROWNELL ARMS

Arms—Ermine, on a chevron cotised sable, three escallops argent.
Crest—Out of a ducal coronet a triple plume of feathers, five, four and three.
(Crozier: "General Armory.")

Brownell

ESPECIALLY noticeable personal characteristics, either of looks or manners, often in the more intimate life of days past, gave use to nicknames, later adapted as surnames. Such a cognomen was Brownell derived from the Anglo-Saxon "brûn," meaning brown. Brownell was a diminutive form as was the French Brunel. Other forms of the name beside Brownell are Brunel, Brunnell, or Brunell.

(Ferguson: "Teutonic Name-System.")

What connection this American line has with the English Brownells is not definitely found. It is said that Thomas Brownell was from Derbyshire, although the form Burnell was most often found in that shire. A family of Brownell were merchants at Sheffield, Yorks, and in London the name applied to certain cutlery merchants and cloth workers.

(J. Tilley: "The Old Halls, Manors and Families of Derbyshire," Vol. III, pp. 47, 68, 69. "The Genealogist," Vol. III, p. 259. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLVI, pp. 154-56.)

In the will of Thomas Wilson, of Yorkshire, dated 1657, he refers to "my cousin George Brownell of London," and to "my cousin, Thomas Brownell, of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in New England." No further connection seems to be found, but a clue is that Thomas Wilson was one time a citizen of London, and a cloth worker, resident in his later days in Ryecroft, parish of Rawmarch, Yorkshire. The American records show that the Brownells were scholarly men, of sound faith, noted in the fields of science and literary life, as well as the military and civic of colonial days.

(Brownell: "Descendants of John Brownell," p. 5. "National Cyclopedia of American Biography," Index, p. 413.)

BROWNELL

I

THOMAS BROWNELL was born probably in England in 1619, and died in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, about 1665. It is thought that he came to New England about 1639, but the earliest record of him is at Aquidneck (Portsmouth), Rhode Island, 1647, when he witnessed the will of John Walker (one of a group of settlers at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, who had been driven, for religious views, to seek freedom from the rulings of the Boston, Massachusetts, church, in 1638.) Thomas Brownell cast his lot with them, at Portsmouth, and was evidently a Quaker. In 1655 he was a freeman; in 1651-52-53, a member of Court of Commissioners; and Deputy in 1664. He appears to have held surplus land, having sold in 1658, thirty-five acres. He was appointed to serve as "water bailey," in May, 1647.

Thomas Brownell married, in 1638, Ann.

Children:

1. Mary, born in 1639; married Robert Hazard.
2. Sarah, died in 1676; married, June 1, 1658, Gideon Freeborn.
3. Martha, born in May, 1643; married (first) Jeremiah Wait; (second) Charles Dyer.
4. *George,* of whom further.
5. William, born in 1648, died in 1715; married Sarah Smiton.
6. Thomas, born in 1650, died May 18, 1732; married, in 1678, Mary Pearce.
7. Robert, born in 1652, died July 22, 1728; married Mary.
8. Anna, born in 1654, died April 2, 1747; married Joseph Wilbur.

(G. Brownell: "Our Family (Brownell)," No. 1. "Representative Men and Old Families of Rhode Island," Vol. II, p. 732.)

II

GEORGE BROWNELL, son of Thomas and Ann Brownell, was born probably in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1646, and died in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, April 20, 1718; will April 17, 1717, proved May 12, 1718. He served as deputy, 1699-1702, and assistant, 1706-10. In April, 1708, he was on a com-

mittee regarding vacant Narragansett lands. Inventory showed an estate valued at £961 5s. 10d., a goodly sum at that time.

George Brownell married, at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, December 4, 1673, Susannah Pearce. (Pearce III.)

Children, born at Portsmouth, Rhode Island:

1. Susanna, born January 25, 1675; married John Read, Jr.
2. *Sarah,* of whom further.
3. Mary, born December 8, 1683; married, February 25, 1702, William Hall.
4. Martha, born February 18, 1685-86; married, November 27, 1712, Samuel Furman (or Forman).
5. Thomas, born June 1, 1688.
6. Joseph, born December 5, 1690; married, January 5, 1716-17, Ruth Cornell.
7. Wait, born October 3, 1693; married Joshua Sanford.
8. Stephen, born December 3, 1695; married, December 12, 1726, Martha Earle.

(G. Brownell: "Our Family (Brownell)," Nos. 1 and 4. Rhode Island Vital Records, Vol. IV, pp. 9, 59.)

III

SARAH BROWNELL, daughter of George and Susannah (Pearce) Brownell, was born June 14, 1681. She married (first) Joseph Borden. (Borden—American Line—III.) She married (second), October 31, 1719, John Read. She married (third), September 15, 1739, Peleg Thurston.

(G. Brownell: "Our Family (Brownell)," Nos. 1 and 4. Rhode Island Vital Records, Vol. IV, p. 9. Weld: "Borden Family," p. 69.)

PEARCE ARMS

Arms—Gules on a bend between two cotises or, an annulet sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

PEARCE.

Arms— Gules on a bend between two corises or, an annulet sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

EARL (EARLE).

Arms—Gules on a chevron argent three trefoils sable between as many escallops in chief and a dolphin in base, all within a double tressure engrailed of the second, the outer bordure or.

Crest—A nag's head erased sable maned or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

WALKER.

Arms—Argent, on a chevron ringed at the point between three crescents sable, two plates. (Burke: "General Armory.")

FULLER.

Arms—Argent, three bars gules, on a canton of the second a castle or.

Crest—A dexter arm embowed, vested argent, cuffed sable, holding in the hand proper a sword of the first, hilt and pommel or.

Motto—*Semper paratus.*

(J. F. Fuller: "A Brief Sketch of Thomas Fuller," p. 10.)

PEPPER.

Arms—Gules on a chevron argent between three demi-lions rampant or, as many sickles sable.

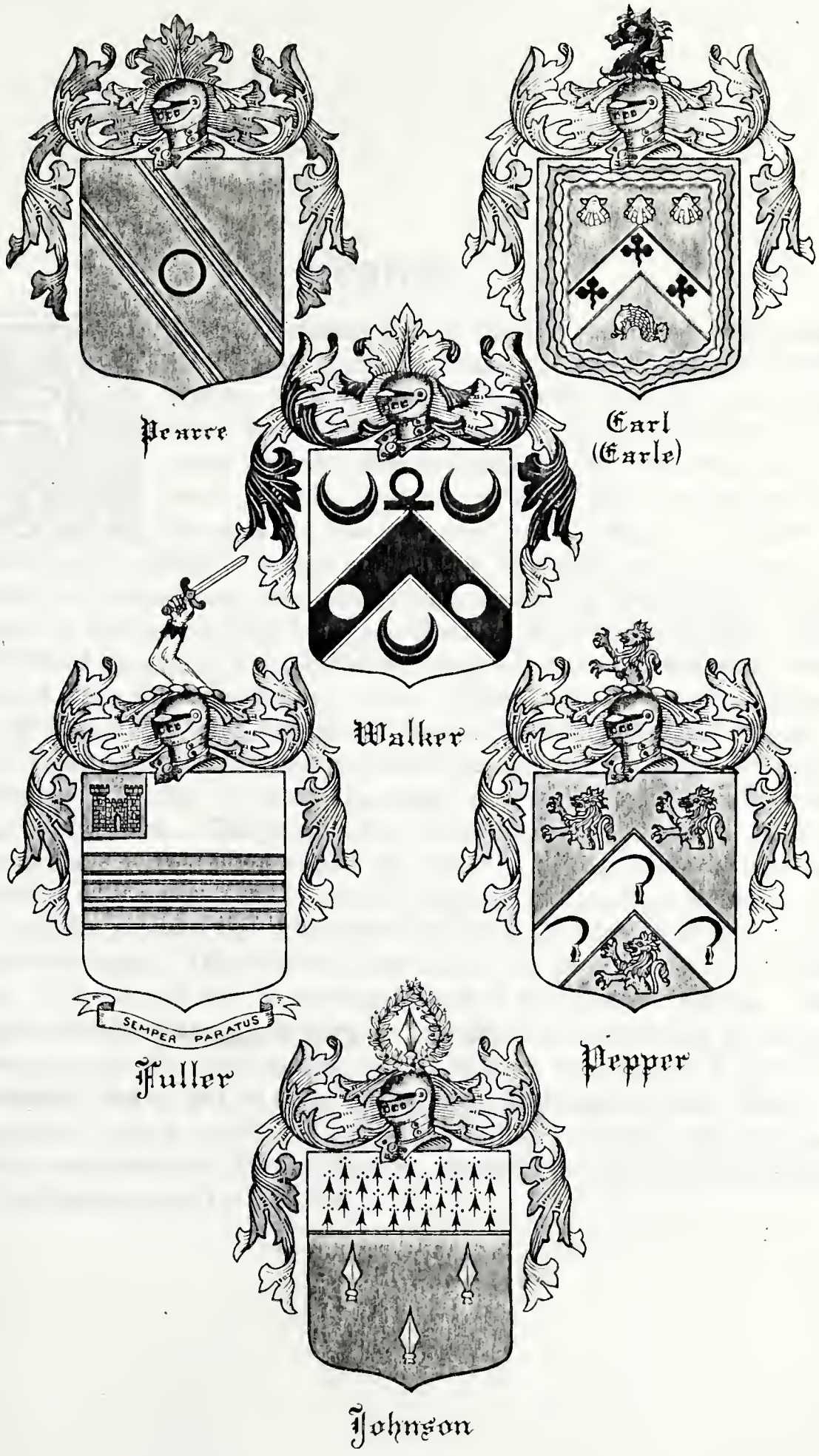
Crest—A demi-lion rampant or. (Burke: "General Armory.")

JOHNSON.

Arms—Gules, three spear heads argent; a chief ermine.

Crest—A spear's head argent, between two branches of laurel vert crossing each other over the spear's head.

(Matthews: "American Armoury." Burke: "General Armory.")


Pearce
Earl
(Earle)
Walker
SEMPER PARATUS
Fuller
Pepper
Johnson

Pearce

FAMILIES named Pearce (and its variants) were settled in Counties Essex, Gloucester, Kent, Devon, Norfolk, Suffolk, Bedford, Somerset, York, Warwick, etc., England. Probably the line under search is of the same stock as the Nicholas Pearse family of Devon in 1620, for the name Richard appears in more than one generation, although the line is carried by Nicholas. The claim by family historians to a definite lineage (not proven, however) with the illustrious Percy family in England is at once interesting and alluring, but this claim is not clear enough to incorporate such background with a degree of certainty. They say that Richard Pearce, of Bristol, Devon, England, American ancestor, was a descendant of Peter Perse, born 1447 (son of Ralph), said Peter being standard bearer to Richard III in 1485 at battle of Bosworth Field, thus back through a Yorkshire branch to the Percys (Earls of Northumberland) ancestry. The facts give us simply a family, of Devon probably, and resident at Bristol before embarking for America. The grandfather of the American immigrant Richard is reputed to have been a Richard and the father, a second Richard, who had beside Richard (3), a son William, who is supposed to have been William "the mariner," who commanded the "Mayflower" in 1629, the "Lyon" in 1630, 1631, 1632; also other ships. This William, who died in the West in 1641, was killed by Indians. It is claimed that he published the first Almanac in America. This account, given in the Pierce Genealogy, in one place is contradicted in another family genealogy by the same author, where William the mariner is given no brother Richard; but in this he notes a John from Middlesex County, England, also "a mariner," who is established as brother of Robert Pearce, who does not appear to be connected with Richard Pearce. Actually no relationship with any other line has been proven for this one.

PEARCE

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. VI, p. 276. Visitation of Devon, 1620, p. 209. F. C. Pierce: "Pearce Genealogy," pp. 7, 36, 39. "American Ancestry," Vol. IV, p. 97.)

I

RICHARD PEARCE was born probably in Bristol, England, in 1590. He was a resident of Bristol, and, it is thought, came to America in the ship "Lyon"; commanded, it is said by some, by his brother, but little confirming evidence can be found for this statement. Richard Pearce married, in England, Martha.

(F. C. Pierce: "Pearce Genealogy," p. 36. "American Ancestry," Vol. IV, p. 97.)

Children:

1. *Richard,* of whom further.
2. John, died September 17, 1661; married (first), in England, Mary, who died in Boston, Massachusetts, July 12, 1647; married (second), August 10, 1654, Mrs. Rebecca Wheeler, and lived in Dorchester, Massachusetts.
3. Samuel.
4. Hannah.
5. Martha.
6. Sarah.
7. William.
8. Mary.

(Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 930.)

II

RICHARD PEARCE, JR., son of Richard and Martha Pearce, was born in England (probably in Bristol), in 1615, and died in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1678. His will was drawn April 23, 1677, and proved October 28, 1678. As early as 1674 Richard Pearce was at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, where he witnessed a deed concerning Henry Piercy. January 14, 1657, he again witnessed a deed, and June 8, 1657 he was surveyor of cattle going from the town. May 18,

1658 he was admitted a freeman, and figures in land transactions, 1666 and 1669.

Richard Pearce married, at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1642, Susanna Wright. (Wright II.)

Children:

1. Richard, born at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, October 3, 1643, died July 19, 1720; married Experience, and resided in Portsmouth and Bristol, Rhode Island.
2. Martha, born September 13, 1645, died February 24, 1744; married Mahershallalhashboz Dyer.
3. Ensign John, born September 8, 1647, died at Tiverton, Rhode Island, December 5, 1707; married Mary Tallman, who died in June, 1720.
4. Hon. Giles, born July 22, 1651, died at East Greenwich, Rhode Island, November 19, 1698; married, in April, 1676, Elizabeth Hall, who died in 1698.
5. *Susannah,* of whom further.
6. Mary, born May 6, 1654, died at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, May 4, 1736; married, in 1678, Thomas Brownell, Jr., born in 1650, son of Thomas and Ann Brownell.
7. Jeremiah, born November 17, 1656; lived in South Kingston or Narragansett, Rhode Island.
8. Isaac, born in December, 1658; lived in South Kingston, Rhode Island.
9. George, born July 10, 1662, died at Little Compton, Rhode Island, August 30, 1752; married (first), April 7, 1687, Alice Hart, who died March 11, 1718; married (second), March 22, 1721, Temperance Kirby, who died February 25, 1761.
10. Samuel, born December 22, 1664.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 39, 40, 42, 43, 46.)

III

SUSANNAH PEARCE, daughter of Richard and Susanna (Wright) Pearce, was born November 22, 1652, and died December 24, 1743. She married George Brownell. (Brownell II.)

EARL (EARLE) ARMS

Arms—Gules on a chevron argent three trefoils sable between as many escallops in chief and a dolphin in base, all within a double tressure engrailed of the second, the outer bordure or.

Crest—A nag's head erased sable maned or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Earle

IT is supposed by the Earl genealogist with no definite proof, however, that Ralph Earle, immigrant ancestor, came from Exeter in Devonshire, England. The name Earl or Earle in England goes back to a Saxon ancestor. In Somerset County in 1554, an Earle family lived at Beckington, when John de Erlegh paid five marks for the scutage of his lands. In the thirteenth century Henry de Erle was Lord of Newton in Somersetshire. The family had other holdings in that county as well. One branch went into Devon in the time of Edward the Third. Of that family was John Erle of Ashburton (but twenty miles from Exeter). This line carried on until 1690, when the last of the family, an only daughter, carried the estate to her husband, Henry Drax, of Yorkshire. A large Earl family was established in east counties of England. From the Devonshire Erles were descended the Erles in these other counties, namely: Hants, Lincoln, Berks, Essex, and London. Sir Walter Erle was one of the first patriots of the English Revolution of 1649. His imprisonment, for refusing funds for the King, led to the recognition of that safeguard against illegal imprisonment,—the right to the "writ of habeas corpus." Sir Walter was released in 1628. Ralph Earle, immigrant ancestor, who left England ten years later, was doubtless of this old Devon family.

(P. Earle: "Earle Family," Introduction, pp. iii-xxi.)

I

RALPH EARLE was born probably in or near Exeter, Devonshire, England, and died in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1678. He first appears on records at Newport, Rhode Island, on October 1, 1638, as an inhabitant of Aquidneck

(now Portsmouth), Rhode Island. He, among twenty-nine men, signed a declaration there, April 30, 1639, a civil body politic, loyal subjects of King Charles. This settlement at Aquidneck was chiefly formed by followers of Anne Hutchinson's teachings,—who left the Boston, Massachusetts, church. They were doubtless of the Quaker faith. Robert Earle's name appears often in town records; boundaries; land conveyances, etc., in 1651 and successive years. In 1654 he was one of a committee to "oversee the work of the Prison"; May 5, 1655, juryman. He was appointed by the Court of Commissioners to keep a house of entertainment with a conspicuous sign to give notice to strangers. August 10, 1667, we find that Ralph Earle joined a troop of horse, of which later he was captain. June 7, 1672, he was named with others by the General Court to sit at a special court for trial of two Indians, imprisoned upon criminal charge. He seems to have owned considerable land, for his name appears in a lawsuit regarding possession of certain Dutch holdings (now Hartford, Connecticut).

Ralph Earle married, in England, Joan. ("Representative Men and Old Families of Southeastern Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 1083, says her name was Joan Savage. No other reference gives this.)

Children:

1. Ralph, died probably in 1716; married, October 26, 1659, Dorcas Sprague, of Duxbury, Massachusetts.
2. *William,* of whom further.
3. Mary, died in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, March 22, 1718; married (first) William Cory, who died in 1682; she married (second) Joseph Timberlake.
4. Martha, married William Wood.
5. Sarah, died in 1690; married (first) Thomas Cornell, who died in 1673; married (second) David Lake.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 17-21, 25-26.)

II

WILLIAM EARLE, son of Ralph and Joan Earle, died at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, January 15, 1715. Among the first records noted of William Earle was April 2, 1654, the sale of fourteen acres by himself and wife, said land having come to his wife Mary from her mother, the "widow Walker." May 11,

1658, William Earle was received a freeman, and was made juryman the same year. May 1, 1665, the town ordered that William Earle and William Cory should have about one and one-quarter acres of land on Bridges Hill or some other convenient place, for erection of a windmill, provided they should maintain the windmill for the town's use. In 1668 the mill had been erected. In 1684 the site was known as Windmill Hill. About 1670 William Earle removed to Dartmouth, Massachusetts, where he remained several years. He was a large landowner, holding 2,000 acres in Dartmouth. Many land conveyances were recorded in his name. May 6, 1691, the General Assembly of Rhode Island convened at his house in Portsmouth (because "of distemper" it was not convenient for them to meet in Newport). William Earle served as deputy October 25, 1704, at Providence, and at Newport, May 1, 1706 and July 3, 1706.

William Earle married (first) Mary Walker. (Walker II.) He married (second) Prudence, who died January 18, 1718.

Children of first marriage:

1. *Mary,* of whom further.
2. William, died in Springfield, New Jersey, about 1732-33; married Elizabeth, and lived in Dartmouth, Massachusetts, and New Jersey.
3. Ralph, born 1660, died at Leicester, Massachusetts, 1757; married Mrs. Mary (Carr) Hicks.
4. Thomas, died in Warwick, Rhode Island; married, before November, 1693, Mary Taber, of Dartmouth, Massachusetts.
5. Caleb; married Mary, who married (second) Joseph Hicks.

Children of second marriage:

6. John, died August 12, 1759; married, February 27, 1700, Mary Wait, of Tiverton, Rhode Island.
7. Prudence, born in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1681, died in Westport, Massachusetts, March 12, 1733; married, before 1701, Benjamin Durfee. (*Ibid.,* pp. 23-25, 30, 31, 33-35.)

III

MARY EARLE, daughter of William and Mary (Walker) Earle, was born in 1655, and died at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1734. She married John orden. (Borden II.)

WALKER ARMS

Arms—Argent, on a chevron ringed at the point between three crescents sable, two plates. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Walker

IN these days of industrial machinery and commercial enterprise, an interesting study not only in the history of surnames, but likewise in industrial custom, may be found in the study of names, like Walker, derived by one-time occupations now no longer in use. Walker was the term applied to a fuller of cloth from his stamping or pressing it.

> Cloth that cometh fro the wevying
> Is nought comely to wear
> Til it be fulled under foot.
> —*Piers Plowman.*

An Elizabeth Statute speaks of "cloth fuller, otherwise called Tucker or Walker." (Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

We have no record of John Walker's English background. Whether he was related to Robert Walker, linen weaver from Manchester, Lancashire, a contemporary in Boston, Massachusetts, in 1634 (aged seventy-two in 1679), or a connection of the Peter of Taunton, Massachusetts, who intermarried with the Hutchinson family before 1689, we have no clue. It is possible that John Walker was a Yorkshireman, where the name was found as early as the fourteenth century. The Hutchinson family were from Alford in Lincolnshire, and no doubt many of their followers were from that or nearby counties. In 1475 the death is recorded of John Walker, archdeacon, East Riding, Yorkshire. A Dalison family of Lincolnshire intermarried with the Walker family of County Somerset, England. John is the name carrying that family line (John Walker of Stoway in Somersetshire Visitation, 1623). A Robert Walker was a legatee in a will dated 1591, Lincolnshire. The numerous Walkers appear in various early rec-

ords of New England and the South. Men of that name have made notable records in almost every profession and office in our American public life.

(Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 396. Musgrave: "Obituaries," Vol. VI, p. 185. "Miscellanea Heraldica et Genealogica," Series II, Part II, p. 241. Lincolnshire Wills (1500-1600), p. 117.)

I

JOHN WALKER was born in England, and died in 1647. His will was dated March 18, 1647. His wife, Katherine, died in 1654. Both their wills were recorded December 16, 1671. John Walker probably came to Boston about 1633-1634. He is listed as one of the first settlers of Rhode Island, and a follower of Mr. Wheelwright and Anne Hutchinson evidently, as November 20, 1637, he, with others, were warned to give up their firearms, since the "dangerous error" of the followers of the above dissenters might lead them into trouble. May 14, 1634, John Walker was made freeman of Boston, and March 7, 1638, he signed with eighteen others the compact at Portsmouth, Rhode Island. He names his wife Katherine and daughters, Sarah and Mary, in his will, 1647. The daughters are named also in widow Katherine's will. John Walker seems to have acquired several acres which he left to his daughters.

Children of John and Katherine Walker:

1. Sarah, died in 1709; married James Sands.
2. *Mary,* of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. I, p. 291. J. O. Austin: "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island," p. 214. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 394.)

II

MARY WALKER, daughter of John and Katherine Walker, married, as his first wife, William Earle. (Earle II.) William and Mary (Walker) Earle deeded all rights in fourteen acres "from widow Walker" to their brother-in-law, James Sands. (*Ibid.*)

FULLER ARMS

Arms—Argent, three bars gules, on a canton of the second a castle or.
Crest—A dexter arm embowed, vested argent, cuffed sable, holding in the hand proper a sword of the first, hilt and pommel or.
Motto—*Semper paratus.*

(J. F. Fuller: "A Brief Sketch of Thomas Fuller," p. 10.)

Fuller

THE surname of this family has the following variations, La Fuller, Fuler, Ffooler, Fulwer, Fulwar. The name is occupational and means one employed in woolen manufactures to mill or scour cloths to full them, that is, to render them more compact, thick and durable. In the fifteenth and following centuries the Fullers are chiefly found in the south-eastern counties of England. Perhaps the original home of this family was the county of Suffolk. This shire was the great seat of the woolen cloth manufacture, and the surname of Fuller would, in such a county, be of considerable importance.

(E. Abercrombie: "Fuller Genealogy," p. 5.)

I

ROBERT FULLER probably came to America during the second emigration, between 1635 and 1640. He was in Dorchester, Massachusetts, in 1640; later removed to Dedham, where he and his wife were received into the church, December 19 (11), 1648. He died December 14, 1688; will probated April 28, 1690. Robert Fuller married (first) Ann, who died probably in 1646. He married (second) Sarah, who died 2 (4), 1686.

Children, recorded in Dorchester and Dedham, of first wife:

1. *Jonathan,* of whom further.
2. Benoni, born June 16, 1646, died September 5, 1646.

Children of second wife:

3. Sarah, born September 21, 1647.
4. John, born November 26, 1649, probably died in Dedham, Massachusetts, November 8, 1678.

5. Patience, born February 22, 1651-52.
6. Mary, born March 1, 1655.

(W. H. Fuller: "Fuller Genealogy," Vol. III, p. 247. C. H. Pope: "Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 178.)

II

JONATHAN FULLER, son of Robert and Ann Fuller, was born in Dorchester, Massachusetts, June (or August) 15, 1643, and died in Dedham, Massachusetts, May 6, 1724 (date not certain). Dedham, Massachusetts, Town Records, Vol. III, pp. 129-30, contains the following statements: "Granted to Robert Fuller and to his heyers for ever foure Acres of Land to be layed out for his devident upon the planting Field next to Joshua Fisher senior."

Jonathan Fuller married Mary, who died in Dedham, March 20 or 29, 1701. Children, all born in Dedham, Massachusetts:

1. Rachel, born December 3, 1673; married, October 27, 1698, Joseph Bent, of Milton.
2. Sarah, born May 4, 1676.
3. Mary, born April 20, 1679, died young.
4. Samuel, born February 15, 1681; married (first) Sarah Fisher; (second) Elizabeth Crane.
5. John, born December 3, 1684; married Mary Guild.
6. *Mary,* of whom further.
7. Joshua, born November 23, 1690, died young.
8. Joshua, born December 15, 1691; probably the Joshua Fuller, who died February 25, 1765.
9. Jonathan, born August 19, 1694.

(W. H. Fuller: "Fuller Genealogy," Vol. III, pp. 247-48. Dedham, Massachusetts, Town Records, Vol. I, pp. 13, 14, 18, 19, 22, 24, 26.)

III

MARY FULLER, daughter of Jonathan and Mary Fuller, was born February (or December) 21, 1687 ("Fuller Genealogy" says February, Dedham Records says December). She married Richard Everett. (Everett III.)

(W. H. Fuller: "Fuller Genealogy," Vol. IV, p. 212.)

PEPPER ARMS

Arms—Gules on a chevron argent between three demi-lions rampant or, as many sickles sable.

Crest—A demi-lion rampant or. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Pepper

AUTHORITIES differ as to the origin of the name Pepper. According to some it is a shortened form of Pepperer, a dealer in pepper, while others derive it from piper. An Anglo-Saxon family by the name of Piperinger is mentioned in an eighth century charter. Prior to the period of migration to New England, the name is found in both Leicestershire and Lincolnshire, England, and in both families the names Richard and Robert occur. The Lincolnshire family resided at Thoresby and came originally from Tenterden in County Kent. A visitation of Leicestershire in 1619 records a Robert Pepper aged thirteen, Thomas aged eleven, and Richard aged eight. This Robert may be the Robert Pepper who located in Roxbury, Massachusetts. The three brothers, named above, were children of Robert Pepper.

(Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom," Vol. II, p. 70. "The Genealogist," Vol. IV.)

I

ROBERT PEPPER was an early inhabitant of Roxbury, Massachusetts, where he took the freeman's oath, May 10, 1643. Richard Pepper, who came to New England on the ship "Francis," in 1634, and also located at Roxbury, may have been his brother. Francis Pepper, a third member of the family to settle in the New World, was in Springfield, Massachusetts, as early as 1645, and died in 1685, but there is no record of his descendants. The family in eastern Massachusetts descend from Robert of Roxbury. Soon after his arrival in Massachusetts he joined those of the colonists who journeyed west and in 1645 appears in Springfield, Massachusetts. As he had several children baptized at Roxbury, not long after this, he could not have remained at Springfield for more than a short

time. His home at Roxbury was west of Stony River, the homestead there consisting of four acres. Some of his property was in the nearby town of Dedham. He was among the signers of the petition to the General Court praying it "to be firm in its resolution to adhere to the Patent and the privalages thereof," requesting the deputies "to stand fast in our present liberty's" and assuring them they would "pray the Lord to assist them to stere right in these shaking times." The petition was due to the changes in colonial policy after the restoration of Charles II to the throne. In 1653 he was given permission to open an inn, at which he could sell "penny beare and cakes, and white bread."

Robert Pepper died at Roxbury, July 7, 1684, three days after making his will. He married, March 14, 1642, Elizabeth Johnson. (Johnson II.)

Children:

1. Elizabeth, baptized March 3, 1643-44, died in April, 1644.
2. *Elizabeth,* of whom further.
3. John, born April 8, 1647, died in 1670; married Bethiah Fisher, of Dedham.
4. Joseph, baptized in 1648, died in infancy.
5. Joseph, born March 8, 1649-50; he was slain by the Indians April 21, 1675, at Sudbury, while fighting under Captain Wadsworth. Joseph married Mary.
6. Mary, baptized in 1651; married, in 1669, Samuel Evered, of Dedham.
7. Benjamin, baptized May 15, 1653, died in 1658.
8. Robert, born April 21, 1655; he was taken prisoner by the Indians at Northfield, Massachusetts, in September, 1675, and brought to Shoshanim, Sagamore of Nashaway; probably died in captivity.
9. Sarah, born April 28, 1657; married a Mason, of Boston.
10. Isaac, born April 26, 1659; married, October 7, 1685, Apphia Freeman; they resided at Eastham, Massachusetts.
11. Jacob, born July 25, 1661; married, in 1685, Elizabeth Paine; they resided at Framingham, Massachusetts.

(W. Barry: "Framingham, Massachusetts," p. 357. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, pp. 391-92. Ellis: "History of Roxbury," p. 127. Drake: "Roxbury, Massachusetts," pp. 14 and 164.)

II

ELIZABETH PEPPER, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Johnson) Pepper, was born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, May 25, 1645, and died at Dedham, Massachusetts, April 1, 1714. She married Captain John Everett. (Everett II.) (*Ibid.*)

JOHNSON ARMS

Arms—Gules, three spear heads argent; a chief ermine.

Crest—A spear's head argent between two branches of laurel vert crossing each other over the spear's head.

(Matthews: "American Armoury." Burke: "General Armory.")

Johnson

THE name Johnson is found in several European countries including Norway, Sweden, Denmark, the Netherlands, Germany, England, Ireland, and Scotland. Like many surnames it is derived from a Christian name to which son, sen, or s, is added to signify son. The name thus means son of John. The John from whom the family in England descends, if there was any one John who can be so described, is not known.

(Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom," Vol. I, p. 238.)

I

JOHN JOHNSON probably came to New England in the fleet of Governor Winthrop in 1630 and located at Roxbury, Massachusetts. In October, 1630, he became constable of that community and in July, 1632, he was one of the founders of the church there, the Rev. John Eliot being the first pastor. John Johnson was deputy at the first General Court which met in 1634 and was reëlected a member for the next fifteen years. In 1638 he became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts, and for two years served that body as clerk. He was appointed surveyor general of arms and ammunition in 1644. The following winter his home in which these supplies were stored was destroyed by fire. The event is described by Winthrop thus: "John Johnson the Surveyor General of Ammunition, a very industrious and faithful man in his place, having built a fair house in the midst of the town with divers barns and outhouses, it fell on fire in the daytime, no man knowing by what occasion, and there being in it seventeen barrels of the country's powder, and many arms, all was suddenly burnt and blown up to the value of four or five hundred pounds, wherein a special providence of God appeared, for he, being from home, the people came together to help and many were in the house, no man thinking of

the powder till one of the company put them in mind of it, whereupon they all withdrew, and soon after the powder took fire and blew up all about it, and shook the houses in Boston and Cambridge so as men thought it had been an earthquake, and carried great pieces of timber a good way off and some rags and such light things beyond the Boston meeting house. There being then a stiff gale south it drove the fire from the other homes in the town (for this was the most northerly) otherwise it had endangered the greatest part of the town." His estate consisted of ten acres upon the westerly side of the street including the house, barn and orchard, "with liberty to inclose the swamps and brook before the same, not annoying any highway." John Johnson operated one of the earliest taverns in the town. When the colony was disturbed by the controversy over the teachings of Anne Hutchinson, he was designated by the General Court as the one to whom the arms of her adherents in Roxbury were to be delivered. He died September 30, 1659.

John Johnson married (first), in England, Margery, who accompanied him to Roxbury, and died June 9, 1655. He married (second) Grace Fawer, widow of Barnabus Fawer.

Children:

1. Isaac, born in England; resided at Roxbury and was captain of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in 1667. He was killed at the head of his troops in the Narragansett fight, December 19, 1675. He married, January 20, 1637, Elizabeth Porter.
2. Humphrey, born in England; resided at Roxbury and Scituate; married, March 20, 1643, Ellen Cheney.
3. *Elizabeth,* of whom further.

4 and 5. Two daughters, names not given.

(O. A. Roberts: "Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Boston," Vol. I, pp. 66-67. C. Ellis: "Roxbury, Massachusetts," p. 122. F. Drake: "Roxbury, Massachusetts," pp. 49, 50, 88, 97, 290. Savage: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 551, 553, 554.)

II

ELIZABETH JOHNSON, daughter of John and Margery Johnson, was born in England and accompanied her parents to the New World. She resided at Roxbury, Massachusetts, and was a neighbor of Robert Pepper, whom she married. (Pepper I.)

JENNINGES (JENNINGS) ARMS

Arms—Azure, a chevron or, between three bezants, on a chief ermine three cinquefoils gules.

Crest—A jay proper. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Jennings

ANGLO-NORMAN influence is shown in this familiar surname Jennings which is derived from the form Jenin, which in turn comes from the like Christian name, a diminutive of Jean, earlier French Jehan, other variants being seen in the old English Jhon, later John, Jan and Janin. The early lists which provide much of our present day information show that a Janyn le Breton is in the Lay Subsidy of Lancashire, A. D. 1332; Janyn de Gynes and Jenyn de France are to be located in the Poll Tax of Yorkshire in 1379. We likewise find John Genens or Jenens, citizen of Oxford in the Register of the University of Oxford in 1573.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

RICHARD JENNINGS came from England and apprenticed himself in 1635 to Robert Bartlett, of Plymouth, for nine years; then settled in Sandwich, and in 1666 was in Bridgewater, Massachusetts, and had children; apparently one was John, who was in the list of freemen in Sandwich in 1675 and 1702, perhaps Richard, of Bridgewater, 1703. (Freeman: "History of Cape Cod," Vol. II, pp. 85, 87-88.)

("Representative Men and Old Families of Southeastern Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 365.)

II

JOHN JENNINGS, son of Richard Jennings, died after February, 1692. He married (first) Susanna, (second) Ruhannah. He took inventory of estate of Lydia Gaunt, of Sandwich, February 17, 1691-92.

JENNINGES (JENNINGS)

Arms—Azure a chevron or, between three bezants, on a chief ermine three inguetoils gules.

Crest—A jay proper. (Burke: "General Armory.")

HOLAWAY.

Arms—Gules, a fesse between three crescents argent.

Crest—Out of a ducal coronet or, a greyhound's head sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

AXTELL.

Arms—Azure, three axes argent, handles or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

SHERMAN.

Arms—Or a lion rampant sable, between three oak leaves vert.

Crest—A sea lion sejant sable charged on the shoulder with three bezants two and one. (Crozier: "General Armory.")

BROCK.

Arms—Azure a fleur-de-lis or, on a chief argent a lion passant guardant gules.

Crest—An escallop or. (Burke: "General Armory.")

WRIGHT.

Arms—Sable a chevron argent between three fleurs-de-lis or, on a chief of the second three spearheads azure.

Crest—A dragon's head coped ermine. (Burke: "General Armory.")



Jenninges
(Jennings)



Holway



Axtell



Sherman



Brock



Wright



Children of first marriage, born in Sandwich, Massachusetts:

1. Remembrance, born September 17, 1668.
2. Anne, born October 17, 1670.
3. John, born May 12, 1673.

Children of second marriage:

4. *Isaac,* of whom further.
5. Elizabeth, born April 14, 1680, died September 13, 1682.
6. Samuel, born February 28, 1684, died in 1742; schoolmaster in 1710.

(*Ibid.* Freeman: "History of Cape Cod." Vol. III, p. 88.)

III

ISAAC JENNINGS, son of John and Ruhannah Jennings, was born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, July 3, 1677, and died there. He married (first), July 10, 1700, Rose Goodspeed. He married (second) Hannah.

Children of first marriage:

1. Elizabeth, born April 12, 1701; married Isaac Howland.
2. Experience, born March 10, 1703.
3. *John,* of whom further.
4. Rose, born in 1710; married, February 4, 1731, John Ellis.
5. Isaac, born April 24, 1714.
6. Mary, born September 1, 1717.
7. Benjamin, born December 12, 1720.

Children of second marriage:

8. Hannah, born April 21, 1725.
9. Lois, born February 7, 1727.
10. Eunice, born May 25, 1729.

(Mayflower Descendant, Vol. XIV, pp. 173-74. "Representative Men and Old Families of Southeastern Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 365.)

JENNINGS

IV

JOHN (2) JENNINGS, son of Isaac and Rose (Goodspeed) Jennings, was born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, July 31, 1706, and died in Tiverton, Rhode Island. He married, October 3, 1727, Anne Holway. (Holway IV.)

Children, except the first, born in Tiverton, Rhode Island:

1. Avis, born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, April 11, 1730.
2. Rose, born March 24, 1732.
3. Anne, born May 21, 1734.
4. *Ruhannah,* of whom further.
5. John, born March 8, 1738; married, November 1, 1762, Deborah Stafford.
6. Mary, born February 3, 1740.
7. Isaac, born March 9, 1742; married, December 30, 1767, Ruth Estes.
8. Elizabeth, born May 30, 1744.
9. Susannah, born April 21, 1747.

("Representative Men and Old Families of Southeastern Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 365.)

V

RUHANNAH JENNINGS, daughter of John and Anne (Holway) Jennings, was born in Tiverton, Rhode Island, May 6, 1736. She married William Borden, Jr. (Borden—American Line—V.)

HOLWAY ARMS

Arms—Gules, a fesse between three crescents argent.
Crest—Out of a ducal coronet or, a greyhound's head sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Holway

THE English surname Holway, Hollway and Holloway are variants of old English Holeweye. Holway usually in the southwest of England and Holloway in Oxfordshire; meaning the hollow way. Johannes de Holeweye is in the Hundred Rolls of Wiltshire, A. D. 1273, William de Holeweye in those of Warwickshire and William Holeweye in Kirby's Quest, Somersetshire, 1327.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

THE FAMILY IN AMERICA

I

JOSEPH HOLWAY (HOLLEY, HOLIWAY), of Lynn, Massachusetts, 1636, was of Sandwich, Plymouth Colony, 1637, and bought there the home lot of Jerimy Gould, October 1, 1639. He died about December, 1647, his inventory being taken December 4, 1647. He left a wife Rose, son Joseph, Jr., and a daughter Rose, who married, May 18, 1648, William Nawland.

(New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. XLVI, p. 186; Vol. IV, p. 282.)

II

JOSEPH HOLWAY, JR., son of Joseph and Rose Holway, was born in England, probably about 1628, and died in Sandwich, Massachusetts, summer of 1692. He is one of the committee for dividing meadow lands, January 7, 1650, and among the owners thereof. He is in the list of freemen in 1675 and 1678. An agreement as to the division of his estate was made by his children, September 5, 1692, and a receipt of the shares of the daughters was signed January 31,

1693. The name of his wife, who died first, does not appear. The three youngest children were minors.

Children, born at Sandwich, Plymouth Colony:

1. *Joseph,* of whom further.
2. Sarah, born April 25, 1664; married Joseph Allin.
3. Mary, born February 16, 1665-66; married Nathaniel Fitzrandal.
4. John.
5. Hannah.
6. Rose.
7. Samuel.
8. Benjamin, married Penelope; lived in Westerly and South Kingstown, Rhode Island.
9. Elizabeth.
10. Experience, married John Goodspeed.
11. Hopestill, died before her father; married Samuel Worden.

(Freeman: "History of Cape Cod," Vol. II, pp. 59, 68, 73, 161. "Mayflower Descendants," Vol. XIV, p. 167; Vol. XVI, pp. 60-61; Vol. XVIII, p. 137. Plymouth Colony records, Vol. IV, p. 88.)

III

JOSEPH (3) HOLWAY, son of Joseph Holway, Jr., was born in Sandwich, Plymouth Colony, about 1662. He was admitted freeman in 1700. He married, about 1693, Anne.

Children, born in Sandwich, Massachusetts:

1. Joseph, born November 6, 1695.
2. Reliance, born February 16, 1696-97.
3. Mary, born June 18, 1699.
4. *Anne,* of whom further.
5. Gideon, born October 5, 1704; married, May 26, 1732, Experience Wing.

(Freeman: "History of Cape Cod," Vol. II, p. 83. Genealogical Advertiser, Vol. IV, p. 100.)

IV

ANNE HOLWAY, daughter of Joseph and Anne Holway, was born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, June 1, 1702, and died in Tiverton, Rhode Island. She married John Jennings. (Jennings IV.)

AXTELL ARMS

Arms—Azure, three axes argent, handles or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

Axtell

AXTELL, as surname, is probably a variant of Axcill, Excell, Exall, originating to designate a resident of Exhall Parish, Warwickshire. Ralph Axcill is in Kirby's Quest, Somersetshire, A. D. 1327. Joseph Collyer and Elizabeth Axtell are in the Marriage Allegations at Canterbury in 1683, and John Axstell and Mary Drew in 1686. Richard Exall and Elizabeth Bushbey married, at St. James, Clerkenwell, London, in 1701. John Axstyl signs a deed 1535 from the monks of the Augustinian order in Gatesden, Hertfordshire, and at St. Peter's Church, Berkhampstead, Hertfordshire, is a record of the baptism of John, son of John Axtell, in 1539, and William, son of John in 1541. There are two William Axtells having children baptized in this church, 1614 to 1628, as appears from a Thomas, baptized October 31, 1624, and Samuel, baptized December 15, 1624, the rule of the Church of England requiring baptism a few days after birth.

The baptisms of sons of William Axtell recorded are:

1. John, baptized August 14, 1614.
2. William, baptized December 1, 1616.
3. *Thomas,* of whom further.
4. Daniel, born May 26, 1622; may be the regicide Colonel.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. LIII, p. 227.)

THE FAMILY IN AMERICA

I

THOMAS AXTELL, apparently son of William Axtell, was baptized January 26, 1619, and died in Sudbury, Massachusetts, March 8, 1646. His

widow, Mary, married, September 19, 1656, John Goodenow. He probably had sisters: Mary, married, June 16, 1646, John Maynard; and Hannah, married, June 18, 1659, Edward Wright.

Children:

1. Mary, baptized, in Berkhampstead, Hertfordshire, September 25, 1639.
2. *Henry,* of whom further.
3. Mary (twin), born in Sudbury, Massachusetts, June 1, 1644.
4. Lydia (twin), born in Sudbury, June 1, 1644.

("New England Register," Vol. LIII, p. 227. Sudbury, Massachusetts, Vital Records.)

II

HENRY AXTELL, son of Thomas and Mary Axtell, was born in England, probably in Berkhampstead, in 1641, and was killed by Indians in Marlborough, Massachusetts, March 21, 1675-76. He obtained land in Marlborough in 1660; removed thither, and married there June 14, 1665, Hannah Merriam, daughter of George Merriam, of Concord, and lived in the eastern part of Marlborough. His widow married, July 16, 1677, William Taylor.

Children:

1. Samuel, born March 27, 1666, probably died young.
2. Hannah, born November 18, 1667.
3. Mary, born August 8, 1670; married, May 24, 1698, Zachariah Newton.
4. *Thomas,* of whom further.
5. Daniel, born November 4, 1673, died in January, 1735; married, May 12, 1702, Thankful Pratt, daughter of Elder William Pratt, who led a colony from Dorchester, Massachusetts, and lived in South Carolina until 1707, when he settled in Berkley, Massachusetts.
6. Sarah, born September 18, 1675.

("New England Register," Vol. LIII, p. 228.)

III

THOMAS AXTELL, son of Henry and Hannah (Merriam) Axtell, was born in Marlborough, Massachusetts, April 16, 1672, and died at Grafton, Mas-

sachusetts, December 18, 1750. He settled, about 1735, in the tract Hassanamisco, named Grafton, in 1739, having married, November 2, 1697, Sarah Barker, of Concord, Massachusetts.

Children, born in Marlborough, Massachusetts:

1. Thomas, born August 19, died December 22, 1698.
2. Sarah, born February 16, 1702-03; married, February 7, 1721, Josiah Hayden.
3. Joseph, born August 1, 1705; married, February 4, 1730, Abigail Hayden, of Sudbury, Massachusetts, and settled in Grafton, in 1746.
4. Hannah, married, July 20, 1738, Zedekiah Drury, of Sutton.
5. *Thomas,* of whom further.
6. John, born April 15, 1715, died April 20, 1742.
7. Abigail, born October 10, 1717; married, December 21, 1736, Benjamin Pratt.

("New England Register," Vol. LIII, pp. 228-29. Marlborough, Massachusetts, Vital Records.)

IV

THOMAS AXTELL, JR., son of Thomas and Sarah (Barker) Axtell, was born in Marlborough, Massachusetts, May 11, 1712, and died in Grafton, Massachusetts, May 28, 1798. He married (first), May 13, 1736, Elizabeth Sherman. (Sherman IV.) He married (second), October 6, 1760, Mary Sanger, but her children died young.

Children, born in Grafton, Massachusetts, all by first marriage:

1. *Sarah,* of whom further.
2. Elizabeth, born April 26, 1739; married, November 27, 1760, Ephraim Lyon.
3. Hannah, born October 6, 1741; married Jason Waite.
4. John, born June 3, 1744, died in Grafton, about 1782; married, in 1776, a Daniels.
5. Thomas, born December 16, 1746, died in 1819; married, June 10, 1777, Deborah Jones, of Franklin; in the army in 1780.

6. Mary (Polly), born March 12, 1748.
7. Phebe (twin), born March 12, 1748; married Thomas Kidder.

("New England Register," Vol. LIII, pp. 228-29. Sutton, Massachusetts, Vital Records.)

V

SARAH AXTELL, oldest daughter of Thomas, Jr., and Elizabeth (Sherman) Axtell, was born in Grafton, Massachusetts, April 25, 1737, and died in Sutton, Massachusetts, September 2, 1805. She married James McClellan, Jr. (McClellan II.) (*Ibid.*)





SHERMAN ARMS

Arms—Or a lion rampant sable, between three oak leaves vert.

Crest—A sea lion sejant sable charged on the shoulder with three bezants, two and one. (Crozier: "General Armory.")

Sherman



TRONG, indeed, was the influence of everyday pursuits in the life of the people of early England, for many a surname derives its origin from the work of an early resident. Sherman can be numbered among these. It is derived from the occupation of shearer of the nap from cloth. Robert le Sherman is recorded in the Writs of Parliament, A. D. 1300; William le Sherman in Placito de Quo Warranto, time of Edward I through Edward III and Oliver Sherman and Johannes Wykir, shereman, are to be found in the Poll Tax of Yorkshire, in 1379.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

THOMAS SHERMAN, of Diss, Norfolk, and Yaxley, Suffolk, will proved April 4, 1493; married Agnes. They had *John,* of whom further; and Agnes, who married John Clerke.

(Sherman, T. T.: "Sherman Genealogy," pp. 18-19.)

II

JOHN SHERMAN, son of Thomas and Agnes Sherman, was born at Diss, County Norfolk, and died at Yaxley, Suffolk, will proved December 12, 1504. He married Agnes Fuller, daughter of Thomas Fuller. She married (second) Thomas Hendry. John and Agnes (Fuller) Sherman had *Thomas,* of whom further; and Margery, who married Robert Lockwood. (*Ibid.,* p. 20.)

III

THOMAS SHERMAN, son of John and Agnes (Fuller) Sherman, was born in Yaxley, Suffolk, about 1490, will proved at London, November 16, 1551.

He married, about 1512, Jane Waller, daughter of John Waller, of Wortham, Suffolk. She married (second) John(?) Gardiner, of Stoke Ash, Suffolk, and died a widow in 1573.

Children, born at Yaxley, County Suffolk:

1. Thomas, born about 1514, buried at Yaxley, September 17, 1585; married (first) Elizabeth Yaxley, daughter of Anthony and Elizabeth (Garneys) Yaxley. She died after 1573. He married (second), about 1579, Barbara Wheatcroft, daughter of William and Alice Wheatcroft, of Eye, Suffolk. She died January 18, 1621-22.
2. Richard, buried at Diss, March 28, 1587; married Margaret (Lane?).
3. John, of Bramford, Suffolk, and Ipswich.
4. *Henry,* of whom further.
5. William, of St. Olave, Southwark, and Ipswich.
6. Anthony, of Roydon, Norfolk.
7. Francis, of Blownorton, Norfolk; married Sybil Grey.
8. Bartholomew, married Elizabeth.
9. James, of Yaxley, Suffolk.

(Sherman: "Sherman Genealogy," pp. 23, 26, 29, 30, 31.)

IV

HENRY SHERMAN, son of Thomas and Jane (Waller) Sherman, was born at Yaxley, Suffolk, about 1520, will proved July 25, 1590, Colchester, County Essex. He was serving his apprenticeship as shearman or cloth maker, as stated in his father's will, 1551, apparently in Dedham, Essex, where he continued to live until after 1575. He married (first) Agnes, probably Butter, whose uncle, Thomas Butter, appointed Henry Sherman his executor in 1555. She was buried at Dedham, October 14, 1580. He married (second), June 5, 1581, Mrs. Marion (Smyth) Willson, widow of Edmund Willson. No issue by her. He married (third) Margery. No issue.

Children, born at Dedham, County Essex, of first marriage:

1. Alice, born about 1542; married, before 1562, Nicholas Fynce.
2. Judith, born about 1545; married, October 27, 1566, William Petfield.
3. *Henry,* of whom further.
4. Edmund, of Dedham, clothier.

5. John, buried in Dedham, October 16, 1576. Probably no issue.
6. Thomas, of Diss.
7. Robert, M. D., of Dedham, Colchester, and London.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 52-53, 59, 60.)

V

HENRY SHERMAN, JR., son of Henry and Agnes (probably Butter) Sherman, was born in Dedham, Essex, about 1547, buried there, August 28, 1610. He married, at Moze, Essex, June 14, 1568, Susan Lawrence. She was buried at Dedham, September 13, 1610.

Children, born at Dedham, County Essex:

1. Phebe, baptized May 1, 1570; married Simon Fenn, of Dedham.
2. Henry, baptized August 7, 1571.
3. Samuel, baptized January 11, 1573.
4. Anne, baptized August 7, 1575.
5. Daniel, of Dedham.
6. Nathaniel, baptized June 19, buried June 21, 1580.
7. Nathaniel, baptized July 11, 1582.
8. *John,* of whom further.
9. Ezekiel, clothier, of Dedham.
10. Edmund, of Colchester, Essex.
11. Mary, baptized July 27, 1592.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 79, 80, 81.)

VI

JOHN SHERMAN, son of Henry, Jr., and Susan (Lawrence) Sherman, was baptized at Dedham, Essex, August 17, 1585, buried at Great Horkesley, Essex, January 24, 1616. He married, before May 14, 1610, Grace Makin, daughter of Tobias and Katherine Makin, of Fingringhoe, Essex. She married (second) Thomas Rogers; (third) Roger Porter, and died at Watertown, Massachusetts, June 3, 1662, a widow.

Children, born at Great Horkesley, Essex, England:

1. *"Captain" John,* of whom further.
2. Richard, baptized August 7, 1614, living in England in 1662.

SHERMAN

THE FAMILY IN AMERICA

I

"CAPTAIN" JOHN SHERMAN, JR., son of John and Grace (Makin) Sherman, was baptized at Great Horkesley, Essex, September 3, 1612, and died at Watertown, Massachusetts, January 25, 1690-91. He came with his mother, stepfather, and half-sister, Elizabeth Rogers, to Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1634. He was made freeman, May 17, 1637, selectman, 1637, 1641-43, 1648-50, 1652-54, 1657, 1658, 1667-69, 1676-77, 1680, 1682. Clerk of writs, 1645, town clerk, 1664-66; sergeant of train band; ensign; lieutenant. Appointed captain by the General Court, June 11, 1680. Steward of Harvard College, 1660. He married, about 1637, Martha Palmer, daughter of William Palmer, of Watertown, Massachusetts, probably from Great Ormsby, Norfolk, England, about 1636. She died February 7, 1700-01.

Children, born in Watertown, Massachusetts:

1. John, born November 2, 1638, wounded in the Narragansett Swamp Fight, December 19, 1675, probably died from his wounds.
2. Martha, born February 21, 1639-40; married, September 26, 1661, Francis Bowman, son of Nathaniel and Anne Bowman.
3. Mary, born March 25, 1643, died November 6, 1667; married, January 16, 1666-67, Timothy Hawkins, Jr., son of Timothy and Hannah Hawkins.
4. Elishabah, died March 15, 1649-50.
5. Sarah, born January 17, 1647, died June 17, 1667, unmarried.
6. *Joseph,* of whom further.
7. Grace, born December 20, 1653, died February 21, 1654-55.

(Sherman: "Sherman Genealogy," pp. 118-19, 122, 123, 124.)

II

JOSEPH SHERMAN, son of Captain John and Martha (Palmer) Sherman, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts, May 14, 1650, and died there January 20, 1730-31. He was corporal, surveyor and constable, 1682, 1684; asses-

sor, 1695; selectman, 1701-05, 1709-12; deputy to the General Court, 1702-05; soldier in King Philip's War, 1675-76, receiving pay September 23, 1676, as a soldier in Captain Jonathan Poole's company, and in Captain Thomas Brattle's company. He married, November 18, 1673, Elizabeth Winship, born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, April 15, 1652, died before 1731, daughter of Lieutenant Edward and Elizabeth (Parke) Winship.

Children:

1. *John,* of whom further.
2. Edward, born September 2, 1677, died at Sudbury, December 4, 1766; married Sarah Parkhurst, born November 26, 1676, died October 4, 1756, daughter of John and Abigail (Garfield) Parkhurst.
3. Joseph, born February 8, 1679-80, surveyor of Watertown.
4. Samuel, born November 28, 1682; married Abiah Paine.
5. Jonathan, born February 24, 1684; married Elizabeth Centler, born in Charlestown, daughter of Timothy and Elizabeth (Hilton) Centler.
6. Ephraim, born March 16, 1685, died September 20, 1686.
7. Elizabeth, born July 15, 1687; married a Mr. Stephens.
8. Martha, baptized September 1, 1689; married Rev. Benjamin Shattuck.
9. William, born June 28, 1692.
10. Sarah, born June 2, 1694.
11. Colonel Nathaniel, born September 19, 1696; served in French war; married, March 31, 1726, Mary Livermore, born in December, 1702, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Coolidge) Livermore. They settled in Hassamimisco (afterward Grafton), Massachusetts.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 127, 129, 132-33.)

III

JOHN (3) SHERMAN, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Winship) Sherman, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts, January 11, 1675, and died at Marlborough, Massachusetts, November 11, 1756. He settled in Marlborough, Massachusetts, about 1700. He married Mary Bullen, daughter of Ephraim and Mary (Morse) Bullen. She died May 5, 1761.

Children, except the first, born in Marlborough:

1. Mary, born in Watertown, August 16, 1699; married a Mr. Lebarty.
2. Joseph, born March 25, 1703, died in Shrewsbury, October 10, 1778; married, December 25, 1728, Sarah Perham, born in 1703, died March 2, 1772.
3. John, born December 31, 1705, died April 15, 1711.
4. Grace, born September 13, 1707; married, at Sudbury, Massachusetts, November 2, 1741, Thomas Carr.
5. Ephraim, born March 31, 1710, died in Grafton, Massachusetts, July 9, 1775; married, May 16, 1733, Thankful Temple, born September 20, 1713, died February 27, 1805, daughter of Isaac and Martha (Joslyn) Temple.
6. John, born February 17, 1713, died in Grafton, April 9, 1785; married, December 12, 1739, Eunice Howe, born August 3, 1712, died July 3, 1772.
7. *Elizabeth,* of whom further.
8. Samuel, born May 12, 1718, died April 24, 1784; married (first) Lydia, who died August 1, 1756. He married (second) Hepzibah.

(*Ibid.,* pp. 129, 130, 131.)

IV

ELIZABETH SHERMAN, daughter of John and Mary (Bullen) Sherman, was born in Marlborough, Massachusetts, October 15, 1715. She received as her marriage portion a tract of land in Grafton, where she died. She married Thomas Axtell, Jr. (Axtell IV.)

BROCK ARMS

Arms—Azure, a fleur-de-lis or, on a chief argent a lion passant guardant gules.
Crest—An escallop or. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Brock

LOCALITY appears to have a marked bearing on the origin of the surname Brock. In the southeast section of England, the name appears to have originated to designate a resident at the side of a brook (old English Broc), which was of apparent significance to the dwellers of the countryside. The early records show the name well established for William del Brok is in the Hundred Rolls of County Essex, A. D. 1273, and Geoffrey de la Brok in those of County Kent. In the West of England, on the other hand, Brock as cognomen is often taken from the nickname bestowed on one who has, in the local imagination, the characteristics of the animal brock or bodger. Here in the Western territory we find Henry le Brok in the Hundred Rolls of County Devon and in the list for Gloucestershire is to be found the name of Walter le Broc.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

I

HENRY BROCK was in Dedham, Massachusetts, in 1642, and died there in 1652, leaving a wife, Elizabeth, who died before October 19, 1652.

Children, born in England:

1. Mary, probably daughter; married, March 5, 1639, Henry Phillips.
2. John, born at Stradbrook, County Suffolk, in 1620, says Mather.
3. Elizabeth, married, October 8, 1644, Robert Gowing.
4. *Ann,* of whom further.

(Dedham, Massachusetts, records of births, marriages and deaths, pp. 126-128.)

BROCK

II

ANN BROCK, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Brock, was born in England, and died in Dedham, Massachusetts, December 22, 1712. She married James Vales (Fales). (Fales I.)



WRIGHT ARMS

Arms—Sable a chevron argent between three fleurs-de-lis or, on a chief of the second three spearheads azure.

Crest—A dragon's head couped ermine. (Burke: "General Armory.")

Wright

FREQUENTLY used in conjunction with the name of some craft, the original noun wright often Latinized in mediæval rolls into "faber," meant a fabricant or skilled maker.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

The name is found in all parts of England, and in America it is found in various early settlements in New England, whether of related families, is not known. A famous line is that descended from Thomas Wright, *temp.* Henry VI (1422-61) represented by the Wrights of Oyster Bay, Long Island, from the American progenitors, the brothers Nicholas and Peter Wright. They were of an early line settled in the fifteenth century in Counties Suffolk and Norfolk, England. If George Wright of the line, herewith, was of the same family, no proof exists. Since John Winthrop was of County Suffolk, it is not unlikely that George Wright, who came into the Winthrop colony in America, was of this same section in England.

(H. D. Perrine: "The Wright Family of Oyster Bay, Long Island, with the ancestry of Peter Wright and Nicholas Wright.")

I

GEORGE WRIGHT, of Braintree, is the American immigrant of this line. A George Wright was of Salem, Massachusetts, as early as 1636. His wife Elizabeth was a member of the Salem Church in 1636. All further record of this George seems to be lacking, but the author of the Pearce genealogy, herein quoted, believes him to be the same as the George Wright, who, with Richard Wright, were both granted land by the town of Boston in the section now known

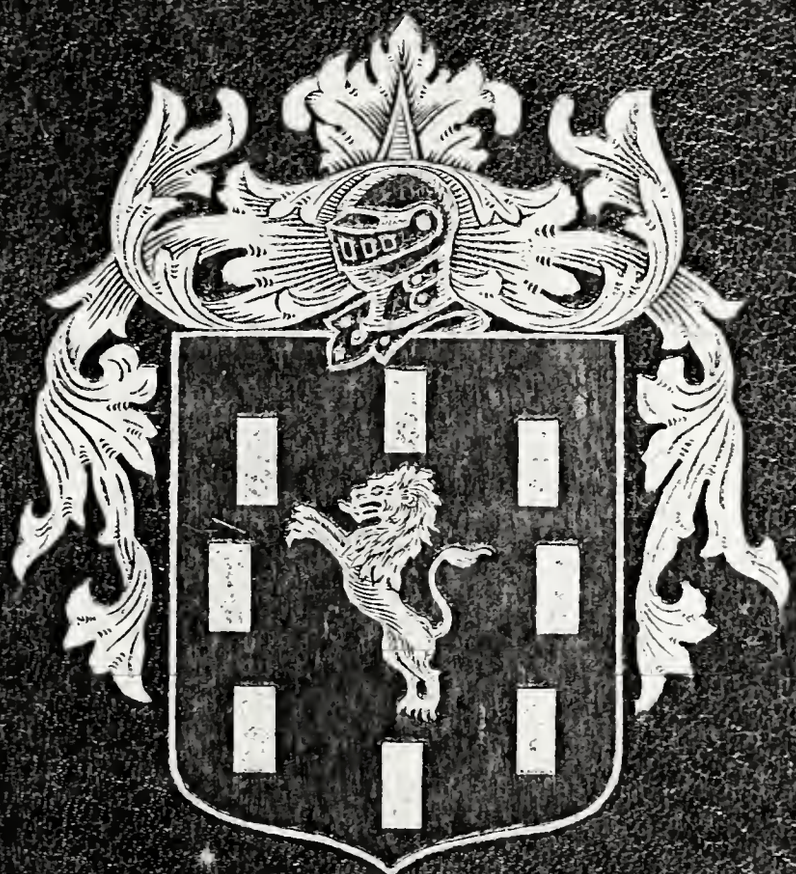
as Braintree, Massachusetts; the latter (Richard) was given water mill rights, February 18, 1639, and twelve acres of land for "3 heads." The same amount of land was granted George for "3 heads," January 27, 1640. Apparently neither remained many years in Massachusetts, although George Wright is freeman of Massachusetts, May 18, 1642. It is probable this George Wright went early to Rhode Island, as many of the name there were contemporaries, and his daughter's marriage there makes this removal likely.

(Pierce, F. C.: "Pearce Genealogy, being the record of the posterity of Richard Pearce an early inhabitant of Portsmouth in Rhode Island," p. 39. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. III, p. 189. Braintree, Massachusetts, town records, 1640-1793, pp. 1 and 16. Pattee, W. S.: "A history of Old Braintree and Quincy, with a sketch of Randolph and Holbrook," p. 11. Savage, J.: "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 656.)

II

SUSANNA WRIGHT, daughter of George Wright, was born probably in England about 1620. She married Richard Pearce. (Pearce II.)





Bulmer
(Boomer)